



NSAI
Standards

Irish Standard
I.S. EN ISO 148-1:2016

Metallic materials - Charpy pendulum impact test - Part 1: Test method (ISO 148-1:2016)

I.S. EN ISO 148-1:2016

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

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National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 148-1:2016 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 148-1:2016, Metallic materials - Charpy pendulum impact test - Part 1: Test method (ISO 148-1:2016)

This document does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 148-1

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

November 2016

ICS 77.040.10

Supersedes EN ISO 148-1:2010

English Version

Metallic materials - Charpy pendulum impact test - Part 1: Test method (ISO 148-1:2016)

Matériaux métalliques - Essai de flexion par choc sur
éprouvette Charpy - Partie 1: Méthode d'essai (ISO
148-1:2016)

Metallische Werkstoffe - Kerbschlagbiegeversuch nach
Charpy - Teil 1: Prüfverfahren (ISO 148-1:2016)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 20 August 2016.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
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CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 148-1:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164 “Mechanical testing of metals” in collaboration with Technical Committee ECISS/TC 101 “Test methods for steel (other than chemical analysis)” the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2017, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2017.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 148-1:2010.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 148-1:2016 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 148-1:2016 without any modification.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO
148-1**

Third edition
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Metallic materials — Charpy pendulum impact test —

Part 1: Test method

*Matériaux métalliques — Essai de flexion par choc sur éprouvette
Charpy —*

Partie 1: Méthode d'essai



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ISO 148-1:2016(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 164, *Mechanical testing of metals*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Toughness testing — Fracture (F), Pendulum (P), Tear (T)*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 148-1:2009), which has been technically revised.

ISO 148 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Metallic materials — Charpy pendulum impact test*:

- *Part 1: Test method*
- *Part 2: Verification of testing machines*
- *Part 3: Preparation and characterization of Charpy V-notch test pieces for indirect verification of pendulum impact machines*

Metallic materials — Charpy pendulum impact test —

Part 1: Test method

1 Scope

This part of ISO 148 specifies the Charpy (V-notch and U-notch) pendulum impact test method for determining the energy absorbed in an impact test of metallic materials. This part of ISO 148 does not cover instrumented impact testing, which is specified in ISO 14556.

[Annexes B](#) and [C](#) are based on ASTM E23 and are used with the permission of ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, USA.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 148-2, *Metallic materials — Charpy pendulum impact test — Part 2: Verification of testing machines*

ISO 286-1, *Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — ISO code system for tolerances on linear sizes — Part 1: Basis of tolerances, deviations and fits*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1 Definitions pertaining to energy

3.1.1

initial potential energy

potential energy

K_p

potential energy of the pendulum hammer prior to its release for the impact test, as determined by direct verification

3.1.2

absorbed energy

K

energy required to break a test piece with a pendulum impact testing machine, after correction for friction

Note 1 to entry: The letter V or U is used to indicate the notch geometry, that is: KV or KU . The number 2 or 8 is used as a subscript to indicate the radius of the striker, for example KV_2 .

3.1.3

nominal initial potential energy

nominal energy

K_N

energy assigned by the manufacturer of the pendulum impact testing machine

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