

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 14692-2:2017

Petroleum and natural gas industries - Glassreinforced plastics (GRP) piping - Part 2: Qualification and manufacture (ISO 14692-2:2017)

© CEN 2017 No copying without NSAI permission except as permitted by copyright law.

I.S. EN ISO 14692-2:2017

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

The National Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI) produces the following categories of formal documents:

I.S. xxx: Irish Standard — national specification based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

S.R.~xxx: Standard~Recommendation-recommendation~based~on~the~consensus~of~an~expert~panel~and~subject~to~public~consultation.

SWiFT xxx: A rapidly developed recommendatory document based on the consensus of the participants of an NSAI workshop.

This document replaces/revises/consolidates the NSAI adoption of the document(s) indicated on the CEN/CENELEC cover/Foreword and the following National document(s):

NOTE: The date of any NSAI previous adoption may not match the date of its original CEN/CENELEC document.

This document is based on: Published:

EN ISO 14692-2:2017 2017-09-13

This document was published ICS number:

under the authority of the NSAI and comes into effect on: 75.200

83.140.30 2017-10-01

NOTE: If blank see CEN/CENELEC cover page

NSAI T +353 1 807 3800 Sales:

 1 Swift Square,
 F +353 1 807 3838
 T +353 1 857 6730

 Northwood, Santry
 E standards@nsai.ie
 F +353 1 857 6729

 Dublin 9
 W NSAI.ie
 W standards.ie

Údarás um Chaighdeáin Náisiúnta na hÉireann

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 14692-2:2017 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 14692-2:2017, Petroleum and natural gas industries - Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping - Part 2: Qualification and manufacture (ISO 14692-2:2017)

This document does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

For relationships with other publications refer to the NSAI web store.

Compliance with this document does not of itself confer immunity from legal obligations.

In line with international standards practice the decimal point is shown as a comma (,) throughout this document.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

This page is intentionally left blank

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 14692-2

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

September 2017

ICS 75.200; 83.140.30

Supersedes EN ISO 14692-2:2002

English Version

Petroleum and natural gas industries - Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping - Part 2: Qualification and manufacture (ISO 14692-2:2017)

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel - Canalisations en plastique renforcé de verre (PRV) - Partie 2: Conformité aux exigences de performance et fabrication (ISO 14692-2:2017) Erdöl- und Erdgasindustrie - Glasfaserverstärkte Kunststoffrohrleitungen (GFK) - Teil 2: Zulassung und Herstellung (ISO 14692-2:2017)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 22 June 2017.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Contents	Page
European foreword	3

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 14692-2:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 12 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2018 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 14692-2:2002.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 14692-2:2017 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 14692-2:2017 without any modification.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

This page is intentionally left blank

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. I.S. EN ISO 14692-2:2017

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 14692-2

Second edition 2017-08

Petroleum and natural gas industries — Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping —

Part 2: **Qualification and manufacture**

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel — Canalisations en plastique renforcé de verre (PRV) —

Partie 2: Qualification et fabrication





COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2017, Published in Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland Tel. +41 22 749 01 11 Fax +41 22 749 09 47 copyright@iso.org www.iso.org

Contents				
Fore	word		v	
Intro	oductio	on	vi	
1		oe		
2	-	native references		
_				
3		ns, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms		
4		ufacturer's declarations		
	4.1	Procedure		
	4.2	Long term regression testing.		
	4.3 4.4	Gradient, G _{xx}		
	4.4 4.5	Partial factors		
	7.5	4.5.1 Partial factor for design lifetime, A_0		
		4.5.2 Partial factor for chemical degradation, A_2	5	
		4.5.3 Partial factor for cyclic loading, A ₃	6	
	4.6	Long term envelope data points		
	4.7	Dimensions	6	
	4.8	Baseline values		
	4.9	Flexibility factors and SIFs		
	4.10	Production processes and jointing instructions		
5	Qual	lification programme	7	
	5.1	General		
	5.2	Scaling rules		
	5.3	Product qualification		
		5.3.1 Validation of long term envelopes		
		5.3.2 Density		
		5.3.3 Thermal expansion coefficient5.3.4 Qualification procedure for external pressure		
	5.4	Elastic properties		
	5.1	5.4.1 General		
		5.4.2 Axial tensile modulus, E_a		
		5.4.3 Hoop tensile modulus, E_h , and minor Poisson's ratio, v_{ah}		
		5.4.4 Major Poisson's ratio, v _{ha}	12	
		5.4.5 Circumferential bending modulus, $E_{ m hb}$		
	5.5	Optional qualification requirements		
		5.5.1 Electrical conductivity		
		5.5.2 Potable water certification		
		5.5.3 Impact resistance		
		5.5.4 Qualification procedure for fire performance		
		5.5.5 Low temperature performance		
6	Requ	ualification	14	
7	Qual	lity programme for manufacture	15	
	7.1	General requirements		
	7.2	Quality control tests	16	
		7.2.1 General		
		7.2.2 Mill hydrostatic test for pipes		
		7.2.3 Mill hydrostatic test for spoolpieces		
		7.2.4 Degree of cure		
		7.2.5 Barcol hardness		
		7.2.6 Glass content		
		7.2.7 Visual inspection		
		7.2.9 Retest		
			1	

		7.2.9 7.2.9 Retest	
	7.3	Optional quality control tests	
		7.3.1 Electrical conductivity per length	
		7.3.2 Fire performance	
		7.3.3 Residual styrene monomer content	
		7.3.4 Additional quality control tests	21
8	Comp	oonent marking	22
9	Hand	lling, storage and transportation	22
10	Docu	mentation	22
	10.1	General	
	10.2	Enquiry and purchase order documentation	
	10.3	Qualification documentation	
		10.3.1 General	
		10.3.2 Qualification reports	
	10.4	10.3.3 Potable water approval certificates	
	10.4	Production quality control documentation	
		10.4.2 Manufacturing procedure	
		10.4.3 Raw material certificates	
		10.4.4 Production quality control reports	
	10.5	Installation documentation	
Annex	A (no	rmative) Gradients and temperature limits	24
Annex	B (no	rmative) Long term envelope data points	29
Annex	C (noi	rmative) Survival tests	34
Annex	D (no	ormative) Scaling rules	39
Annex	E (noi	rmative) Representative products	50
Annex	F (noi	rmative) Flange qualification	53
Annex	G (no	rmative) Major Poisson's ratio	56
Annex	H (no	ormative) Fire endurance testing	59
Annex	k I (nor	mative) Alternate material qualification	68
Annex	J (nor	mative) Visual inspection	74
Annex	K (inf	formative) Example of qualification summary form	78
Biblio	graph	V	80

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67, *Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Processing equipment and systems*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 14692-2:2002), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO 14692-2:2002/Cor 1:2005.

A list of all the parts of ISO 14692 can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

The objective of this document is to enable the purchase of GRP components with known and consistent properties from any source. Main users of this document will be the principal and the manufacturer, certifying authorities and government agencies.

The qualification programme and the quality programme are the most significant clauses in this document.

Petroleum and natural gas industries — Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping —

Part 2:

Qualification and manufacture

1 Scope

This document gives requirements for the qualification and manufacture of GRP piping and fittings in order to enable the purchase of GRP components with known and consistent properties from any source.

It is applicable to qualification procedures, preferred dimensions, quality programmes, component marking and documentation.

This document is intended to be read in conjunction with ISO 14692-1.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 834-1, Fire-resistance tests — Elements of building construction — Part 1: General requirements

ISO 1172, Textile-glass-reinforced plastics — Prepregs, moulding compounds and laminates — Determination of the textile-glass and mineral-filler content — Calcination methods

ISO 4901, Reinforced plastics based on unsaturated-polyester resins — Determination of the residual styrene monomer content, as well as the content of other volatile aromatic hydrocarbons, by gas chromatography

ISO 11357-2, Plastics — Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) — Part 2: Determination of glass transition temperature and glass transition step height

ISO 11359-2, Plastics — Thermomechanical analysis (TMA) — Part 2: Determination of coefficient of linear thermal expansion and glass transition temperature

ISO 14130, Fibre-reinforced plastic composites — Determination of apparent interlaminar shear strength by short-beam method

ISO 14692-1:2017, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping — Part 1: Vocabulary, symbols, applications and materials

ISO 14692-3:2017, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping — Part 3: System design

ISO 14692-4:2017, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping — Part 4: Fabrication, installation, inspection and maintenance

API 15HR, Specification for high pressure fiberglass line pipe, Fourth Edition

ASME RTP-1-2007, Reinforced thermoset plastic corrosion-resistant equipment

ASTM D638, Standard test method for tensile properties of plastics



Product Page

- Dooking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore
- Dearn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation