



NSAI
Standards

Irish Standard
I.S. EN ISO 3183:2012&A1:2018

Petroleum and natural gas industries - Steel pipe for pipeline transportation systems (ISO 3183:2012)

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I.S. EN ISO 3183:2012&A1:2018

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EN ISO 3183:2012/A1:2018

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National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 3183:2012&A1:2018 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 3183:2012, Petroleum and natural gas industries - Steel pipe for pipeline transportation systems (ISO 3183:2012)

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 3183:2012/A1

March 2018

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English Version

**Petroleum and natural gas industries - Steel pipe for
pipeline transportation systems - Amendment 1 (ISO
3183:2012/Amd 1:2017)**

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel - Tubes en acier
pour les systèmes de transport par conduites -
Amendement 1 (ISO 3183:2012/Amd 1:2017)

Erdöl- und Erdgasindustrie - Stahlrohre für
Rohrleitungstransportsysteme (ISO 3183:2012/Amd
1:2017)

This amendment A1 modifies the European Standard EN ISO 3183:2012; it was approved by CEN on 28 November 2017.

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EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

EN ISO 3183:2012/A1:2018 (E)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 3183:2012/A1:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67 “Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries” in collaboration with Technical Committee ECISS/TC 110 “Steel tubes, and iron and steel fittings” the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This Amendment to the European Standard EN ISO 3183:2012 shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2018, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2018.

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The text of ISO 3183:2012/Amd 1:2017 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 3183:2012/A1:2018 without any modification.

EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 3183

November 2012

ICS 75.200; 77.140.75

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English Version

**Petroleum and natural gas industries - Steel pipe for pipeline
transportation systems (ISO 3183:2012)**

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel - Tubes en acier
pour les systèmes de transport par conduites (ISO
3183:2012)

Erdöl- und Erdgasindustrie - Stahlrohre für
Rohrleitungstransportsysteme (ISO 3183:2012)

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EN ISO 3183:2012 (E)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 3183:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" in collaboration with Technical Committee ECISS/TC 110 "Steel tubes, and iron and steel fittings" the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO
3183**

Third edition
2012-11-01

Petroleum and natural gas industries — Steel pipe for pipeline transportation systems

*Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel — Tubes en acier pour les
systèmes de transport par conduites*



Reference number
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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 3183 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67, *Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Pipeline transportation systems*.

Working Group 16 of ISO/TC 67/SC 2 meets jointly with the Line Pipe Working Group (currently WG 4210) of the American Petroleum Institute (API) to ensure the harmonization of ISO 3183 with API Specification 5L.

This third edition of ISO 3183 cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 3183:2007), on which it is based but with revisions to incorporate updating, clarification and additional technical requirements.

The second edition of ISO 3183 was harmonized to a great extent with the 44th edition of API 5L, published on 1 October 2007, and the revisions produced by the joint ISO and API Working Groups are intended to extend or complete harmonization with the new 45th edition of API 5L.

It is the intent of ISO/TC 67 that the second and third editions of ISO 3183 shall both be applicable, at the option of the purchaser (as defined in 4.49), for a period of six months from the first day of the calendar quarter immediately following the date of publication of this third edition, after which period, the second edition (ISO 3183:2007) will no longer be applicable.

ISO 3183:2012(E)

Introduction

This International Standard is the result of harmonizing the requirements of the following standards:

- API Spec 5L; 44th edition published 1 October 2007;
- ISO 3183:2007; second edition published 15 March 2007.

In the preparation of this third edition of ISO 3183, the technical committee has maintained the concept of two basic levels of standard technical requirements for line pipe expressed as two product specification levels (PSL 1 and PSL 2). Level PSL 1 provides a standard quality level for line pipe. Level PSL 2 has additional mandatory requirements for chemical composition, notch toughness and strength properties and additional non-destructive testing (NDT). Requirements that apply only to PSL 1 or only to PSL 2 are so designated. Requirements that are not designated to a specific PSL designation apply to both PSL 1 and PSL 2 pipe.

The technical committee also recognized that the petroleum and natural gas industry often specifies additional requirements for particular applications. In order to accommodate such needs, optional additional requirements for special applications are available, as follows:

- PSL 2 pipe ordered with a qualified manufacturing procedure (Annex B), the requirements of which have been enhanced to include verification detail of critical processes in the production of feedstock material, line pipe manufacture and product testing and inspection;
- PSL 2 pipe ordered with resistance to ductile fracture propagation in gas pipelines (Annex G);
- PSL 2 pipe ordered for sour service (Annex H);
- pipe ordered as “Through the Flowline” (TFL) pipe (Annex I);
- PSL 2 pipe ordered for offshore service (Annex J);

The following two new annexes are added to the third edition of this International Standard.

- PSL 2 pipe ordered for European onshore natural gas transmission pipelines (Annex M).
- Equations for threaded and coupled pipe and background equations for guided bend and CVN test (Annex P).

The requirements of the annex(es) apply only when specified on the purchase order.

When pipe is ordered for dual or multiple applications, the requirements of more than one annex for special applications can be invoked. In such instances, if a technical conflict arises due to applying the requirements of more than one annex for special applications, the most stringent requirement applicable to the intended service applies.

This International Standard does not provide guidance on when it is necessary to specify the above supplementary requirements. Instead, it is the responsibility of the purchaser to specify, based upon the intended use and design requirements, which, if any, of the supplementary requirements apply for a particular purchase order.

This third edition of ISO 3183 is the result of a continuing process of harmonizing documents of different heritage. It has been necessary to give consideration to traditional symbols (denoting mechanical or physical properties or their values, dimensions or test parameters) and the format of equations that have been widely used and which (in their traditional format) maintain strong links with other widely used standards and specifications, and with the original scientific work that led to their derivation. Accordingly, although in some instances changes to established symbols and equations have been made to optimize alignment with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, in other instances, some symbols and equations, most specifically those in 9.2, Table F.1 and Annex P, have been retained in their traditional form to avoid causing confusion in this post-harmonization stage. Where changes have been made, care has been taken to ensure that the new symbol replacing the traditional one has been fully and clearly defined.

Petroleum and natural gas industries — Steel pipe for pipeline transportation systems

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements for the manufacture of two product specification levels (PSL 1 and PSL 2) of seamless and welded steel pipes for use in pipeline transportation systems in the petroleum and natural gas industries.

This International Standard is not applicable to cast pipe.

2 Conformance

2.1 Units of measurement

In this International Standard, data are expressed in both International System (SI) units and United States Customary (USC) units. For a specific order item, only one system of units shall be used, without combining data expressed in the other system. Data values expressed in SI and USC units shall not be combined on the same inspection document or in the same required pipe marking sequence.

Where product is tested and verified against requirements using one measurement system (USC or SI), and an inspection document is issued, with data reported in the alternate measurement system units, a statement shall appear on the inspection document indicating that the data presented was converted from the measurement system used for the original inspection.

The purchaser shall specify whether data, drawings, and maintenance dimensions of pipes shall be in the International System (SI) or US Customary (USC) system of measurements. Use of an SI data sheet indicates that the SI measurements shall be used. Use of a USC data sheet indicates that the USC system of measurements shall be used.

For data expressed in SI units, a comma is used as the decimal separator and a space is used as the thousands separator. For data expressed in USC units, a dot (on the line) is used as the decimal separator and a space is used as the thousands separator.

2.2 Rounding

Unless otherwise stated in this International Standard, to determine conformance with the specified requirements, observed or calculated values shall be rounded to the nearest unit in the last right-hand place of figures used in expressing the limiting value, in accordance with ISO 80000-1:2009, Annex B, Rule A.

NOTE For the purposes of this provision, the rounding method of ASTM E29-08^[1] is equivalent to ISO 80000-1:2009, Annex B, Rule A.

2.3 Compliance to this International Standard

A documented quality system shall be applied to assist compliance with the requirements of this International Standard.

NOTE Documentation of a quality system does not require certification by a third party certification body. Only the creation or adoption of a written quality system is necessary to meet the requirement of this International Standard. ISO defers to the expertise of responsible quality management personnel to create or adopt the system which best reflects the need of each company. There are many existing quality management systems to which personnel can refer for guidance in the development of an appropriate quality system, including ISO/TS 29001^[2] and API Spec Q1^[3], which contain provisions specific to the oil and gas industry, or ISO 9001^[4], which contains general requirements for quality management systems that are auditable. This list is not exhaustive and is provided for information only.

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A contract may specify that the manufacturer shall be responsible for complying with all of the applicable requirements of this International Standard. It shall be permissible for the purchaser to make any investigation necessary in order to be assured of compliance by the manufacturer and to reject any material that does not comply.

3 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 148-1, *Metallic materials — Charpy pendulum impact test — Part 1: Test method*

ISO 404, *Steel and steel products — General technical delivery requirements*

ISO 2566-1, *Steel — Conversion of elongation values — Part 1: Carbon and low alloy steels*

ISO 4885, *Ferrous products — Heat treatments — Vocabulary*

ISO 5173, *Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials — Bend tests*

ISO 6506 (all parts), *Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test*

ISO 6507 (all parts), *Metallic materials — Vickers hardness test*

ISO 6508 (all parts), *Metallic materials — Rockwell hardness test*

ISO 6892-1, *Metallic materials — Tensile testing — Part 1: Method of test at room temperature*

ISO 6929, *Steel products — Vocabulary*

ISO 7438, *Metallic materials — Bend test*

ISO 7539-2, *Corrosion of metals and alloys — Stress corrosion testing — Part 2: Preparation and use of bent-beam specimens*

ISO 8491, *Metallic materials — Tube (in full section) — Bend test*

ISO 8492, *Metallic materials — Tube — Flattening test*

ISO 8501-1:2007, *Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Visual assessment of surface cleanliness — Part 1: Rust grades and preparation grades of uncoated steel substrates and of steel substrates after overall removal of previous coatings*

ISO 9712, *Non-destructive testing — Qualification and certification of NDT personnel*

ISO/TR 9769, *Steel and iron — Review of available methods of analysis*

ISO 10474:1991, *Steel and steel products — Inspection documents*

ISO 10893-2:2011, *Non-destructive testing of steel tubes — Part 2: Automated eddy current testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the detection of imperfections*

ISO 10893-3:2011, *Non-destructive testing of steel tubes — Part 3: Automated full peripheral flux leakage testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) ferromagnetic steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections*

ISO 10893-4, *Non-destructive testing of steel tubes — Part 4: Liquid penetrant inspection of seamless and welded steel tubes for the detection of surface imperfections*

ISO 10893-5, *Non-destructive testing of steel tubes — Part 5: Magnetic particle inspection of seamless and welded ferromagnetic steel tubes for the detection of surface imperfections*

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