

Irish Standard I.S. EN 1300:2018

Secure storage units - Classification for high security locks according to their resistance to unauthorized opening

© CEN 2019 No copying without NSAI permission except as permitted by copyright law.

I.S. EN 1300:2018

2019-01-15

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

The National Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI) produces the following categories of formal documents:

I.S. xxx: Irish Standard — national specification based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

S.R.~xxx: Standard~Recommendation-recommendation~based~on~the~consensus~of~an~expert~panel~and~subject~to~public~consultation.

SWiFT xxx: A rapidly developed recommendatory document based on the consensus of the participants of an NSAI workshop.

This document replaces/revises/consolidates the NSAI adoption of the document(s) indicated on the CEN/CENELEC cover/Foreword and the following National document(s):

NOTE: The date of any NSAI previous adoption may not match the date of its original CEN/CENELEC document.

This document is based on: Published:

EN 1300:2018 2018-12-19

This document was published ICS number:

under the authority of the NSAI and comes into effect on: 13.310

NOTE: If blank see CEN/CENELEC cover page

NSAI T +353 1 807 3800 Sales:

 1 Swift Square,
 F +353 1 807 3838
 T +353 1 857 6730

 Northwood, Santry
 E standards@nsai.ie
 F +353 1 857 6729

 Dublin 9
 W NSAI.ie
 W standards.ie

Údarás um Chaighdeáin Náisiúnta na hÉireann

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

National Foreword

I.S. EN 1300:2018 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN 1300:2018, Secure storage units - Classification for high security locks according to their resistance to unauthorized opening

This document does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

For relationships with other publications refer to the NSAI web store.

Compliance with this document does not of itself confer immunity from legal obligations.

In line with international standards practice the decimal point is shown as a comma (,) throughout this document.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

This page is intentionally left blank

EN 1300 EUROPEAN STANDARD

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

December 2018

ICS 13.310

English Version

Secure storage units - Classification for high security locks according to their resistance to unauthorized opening

Unités de stockage en lieu sûr - Classification des serrures haute sécurité en fonction de leur résistance à l'effraction

Wertbehältnisse - Klassifizierung von Hochsicherheitsschlössern nach ihrem Widerstandswert gegen unbefugtes Öffnen

Supersedes EN 1300:2013

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 3 September 2018.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

Contents Page

Europ	pean foreword	4
Intro	duction	6
1	Scope	7
2	Normative references	
3	Terms and definitions	
4	Classification	
-		
5	Requirements	14
5.1	General requirements	
5.1.1	General	
5.1.2	Requirements for all classes	
5.1.3	Class D HSL	
5.1.4	Mechanical key operated HSL	15
5.1.5	Lift heights for mechanical key locks	15
5.1.6	Electronic HSL	15
5.1.7	Electronic tokens	16
5.1.8	Requirements for cryptography in distributed security systems	17
5.1.9	Firmware updates	
5.2	Security requirements	
5.2.1	Usable codes	
5.2.2	HSL having over ride feature	
5.2.3	Manipulation resistance	
5.2.4	Destructive burglary resistance	
5.2.5	Spying resistance	
5.2.6	Electrical and electromagnetic resistance	
5.2.7	Physical environmental resistance	
5.2.7 5.2.8	Temperature resistance	
5.2.8 5.3	Reliability requirements	
3.3	· ·	
6	Technical documentation	24
7	Test specimens	25
8	Test methods	
8.1	General	
8.1.1	General	
8.1.2	Evaluation by inspection	26
8.1.3	Test procedure	26
8.2	Security tests	27
8.2.1	Usable codes	27
8.2.2	Manipulation resistance	
8.2.3	Destructive burglary resistance	
8.2.4	Spying resistance	
8.2.5	Electrical and electromagnetic resistance	
8.2.6	Physical environmental resistance	
J.=.U	,	

8.3 Reliability testing	
8.3.1 Cycling8.3.2 Code changes	
8.3.2 Code changes	
9 Test report	
10 Marking	
Annex A (normative) Parameters for installation and operating instructions	
A.1 Installation instructions	
A.2 Operating instructions	39
Annex B (normative) Determination of manipulation resistance due to the design requirement	40
B.1 General	40
B.2 Key locks	40
B.2.1 General	40
B.2.2 Gate clearance	40
B.2.3 Bolt stump	4 3
B.2.4 False notches	43
B.2.5 Additional design requirements	44
B.3 Mechanical combination locks	44
B.3.1 General	44
B.3.2 Fence	45
B.3.3 Wear test	46
Annex C (normative) Manufacturer's declaration	47
Annex D (informative) Typical locking device dimensions	49
Annex E (normative) Determination of burglary resistance due to design requirement	s50
E.1 General	50
E.2 Electronic HSL with separate processing unit not included in the locking device	50
E.2.1 Scope of design requirement	50
E.2.2 Design requirement	50
Annex F (normative) Firmware declaration	51
Annex G (informative) A-deviations	52
Bibliography	55

European foreword

This document (EN 1300:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 263 "Secure storage of cash, valuables and data media", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2019.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 1300:2013.

In comparison with EN 1300:2013, the following changes have been made:

General changes:

- references have been updated in Clause 2;
- definitions in Clause 3 have been added (locking element, unsecured condition, firmware, application software and trusted device). Other definitions have been defined more precisely;
- Clarifications in 5.1.2.4, 5.1.5.1, 5.1.5.3, 5.1.6.7, 5.1.8.2.3, 5.2.6.3, Clause 6, 8.2.5.8, 8.2.6.1, Clause 10 and Figure 1, Annex D.

Technical changes for any type of lock:

- the requirements for HSL with more than one mode of authentication have been added in 5.2.1
- the shock test has changed (see 8.2.6.2);
- the immersion test is changed and now done with salt water. In addition, it is now done with the input unit sunk in water and in a second new test with the input unit outside of the water (see 8.2.6.3);
- Cycling test has been updated (see 8.3.1.1);
- The manipulation test has been renewed. A third basic value has been added (see 8.2.2.5) and the power supply test is now required for electronic locks (5.1.6.8 and 8.2.5);
- The test report shall initiate the name and version of this standard (9.2);
- The manufacturers declaration in Annex C has been updated.

Technical changes for mechanical key operated locks:

— The requirements for the production of mechanical key operated HSL have been raised (see 5.1.4.1).

Technical changes for electronic locks:

- New requirements for electronic HSL have been added for instance in 5.1.6.1, 5.1.6.2, 5.1.6.3, 5.1.6.8, 5.2.5.4, 5.2.6.1, 5.2.6.3, Table 2. 8.2.5.5, 8.2.5.6, 8.2.6.4, and Annex A. This includes a new EMC test with higher frequency.
- Requirements for one-time-code locks have been added in 5.1.6.9 and Annex A
- The requirements of class A locks of the type "electronic token" and "distributed system" have been raised to the requirements of class B (see 5.1.7.4, 5.1.8.1.6, 5.1.8.1.8, 5.1.8.1.9.1 and 5.1.8.2.2)
- Requirements for the viewing protection of distributed systems with remote input units have been added.
- Requirements for firmware and firmware updates have been added in 5.1.9, Table 1 and in Annex F
 ("firmware declaration").
- Design requirements for a certain type of electronic lock have been added in new Annex E.

This document reflects the market demand to include requirements for distributed systems and electronic locks and responds to the state of the art requirements when it was written down.

This document has been prepared by the Working Group 3 of CEN/TC 263 as one of a series of standards for secure storage of cash valuable and data media. Other standards in the series are, among others:

- EN 1047-1, Secure storage units Classification and methods of test for resistance to fire Part 1:
 Data cabinets and diskette inserts
- EN 1047-2, Secure storage units Classification and methods of test for resistance to fire Part 2:
 Data rooms and data container
- EN 1143-1, Secure storage units Requirements, classification and methods of test for resistance to burglary Part 1: Safes, ATM safes, strongroom doors and strongrooms
- EN 1143-2, Secure storage units Requirements, classification and methods of test for resistance to burglary Part 2: Deposit systems
- EN 14450, Secure storage units Requirements, classification and methods of test for resistance to burglary — Secure safe cabinets

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

This document also specifies requirements for high security electronic locks (HSL) which are controlled remotely. Regarding distributed systems, this standard responds to the state of the art requirements when it was written down. It is mandatory that the standard has to be revised with a frequency of 3 years as the research in the area of cryptography and relevant attacks evolve with high speed as well as the referenced standards.

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for high security locks (HSL) for reliability, resistance to burglary and unauthorized opening with methods of testing. It also provides a scheme for classifying HSL in accordance with their assessed resistance to burglary and unauthorized opening.

It applies to mechanical and electronic HSL. The following features can be included as optional subjects but they are not mandatory:

- a) recognized code for preventing code altering and/or enabling/disabling parallel codes;
- b) recognized code for disabling time set up;
- c) integration of alarm components or functions;
- d) remote control duties;
- e) resistance to attacks with acids;
- f) resistance to X-rays;
- g) resistance to explosives;
- h) time functions.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1143-1, Secure storage units - Requirements, classification and methods of test for resistance to burglary - Part 1: Safes, ATM safes, strongroom doors and strongrooms

EN 1143-2, Secure storage units - Requirements, classification and methods of tests for resistance to burglary - Part 2: Deposit systems

EN 60068-2-1, Environmental testing - Part 2-1: Tests - Test A: Cold (IEC 60068-2-1)

EN 60068-2-2, Environmental testing - Part 2-2: Tests - Test B: Dry heat (IEC 60068-2-2)

EN 60068-2-6, Environmental testing - Part 2-6: Tests - Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal) (IEC 60068-2-6)

EN 61000-4-2, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrostatic discharge immunity test (IEC 61000-4-2)

EN 61000-4-3, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques - Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test (IEC 61000-4-3)

EN 61000-4-5, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques - Surge immunity test (IEC 61000-4-5)



This is a free preview	 Purchase the entire 	e publication at the link below:
------------------------	---	----------------------------------

Product Page

- Dooking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore
- Dearn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation