

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 18254-2:2019

Textiles - Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) - Part 2: Method using NPLC (ISO 18254-2:2018)

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This document is based on: EN ISO 18254-2:2019 *Published:* 2019-02-06

*This document was published* under the authority of the NSAI and comes into effect on:

2019-02-24

ICS number:

59.080.01

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# EN ISO 18254-2

# **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

February 2019

ICS 59.080.01

**English Version** 

## Textiles - Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) - Part 2: Method using NPLC (ISO 18254-2:2018)

Textiles - Méthode de détection et de détermination des alkylphénols éthoxylés (APEO) - Partie 2: Méthode utilisant la CLPN (ISO 18254-2:2018) Textilien - Verfahren zum Nachweis und zur Bestimmung von Alkylphenolethoxylaten (APEO) - Teil 2: Verfahren unter Verwendung von NPLC (ISO 18254-2:2018)

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EN ISO 18254-2:2019 (E)

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#### **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 18254-2:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38 "Textiles" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textiles and textile products" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2019.

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# ISO 18254-2

First edition 2018-12

# Textiles — Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) —

# Part 2: Method using NPLC

*Textiles — Méthode de détection et de détermination des alkylphénols éthoxylés (APEO) —* 

Partie 2: Méthode utilisant la CLPN



Reference number ISO 18254-2:2018(E) ISO 18254-2:2018(E)



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## Foreword

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, Textiles.

A list of all parts in the ISO 18254 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

## Introduction

This document specifies the normal phase liquid chromatography (NPLC) separation method for the quantitative and qualitative analysis of extractable alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) in textile and textile products. NPLC separation method enables alkylphenol ethoxylates to be analysed by high performance liquid chromatograph (HPLC) with Mass Spectrometer (MS), fluorescence detector (FD), charged aerosol detector (CAD) and evaporative light scattering detector (ELSD).

A study of the contribution percentage (mole fraction) of APEO congeners is presented in <u>Annex D</u>.

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# Textiles — Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) —

## Part 2: Method using NPLC

WARNING — This document calls for the use of substances/procedures that may be injurious to the health/environment if appropriate conditions are not observed. It refers only to technical suitability and does not absolve the user from legal obligations relating to health and safety/ environment at any stage.

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies the normal phase liquid chromatography (NPLC) separation method for the qualitative and quantitative analysis of extractable alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) in textiles and textile products.

This method provides several instrument options for the determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) such as normal phase liquid chromatograph with mass spectrometer (NPLC/MS), normal phase liquid chromatograph with fluorescence detector (NPLC/FLD), normal phase liquid chromatograph with charged aerosol detector (NPLC/CAD) and normal phase liquid chromatograph with evaporative light scattering detector (NPLC/ELSD).

#### 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

#### 3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <u>http://www.electropedia.org/</u>

#### **4** Principle

The test specimen is cut into small pieces, transferred to a sample vial and treated with methanol in ultrasonic water bath. The extract is filtered and collected. Subsequently, the collected extract is analysed by NPLC/MS, NPLC/FLD, NPLC/CAD or NPLC/ELSD.

#### **5** Reagents

Unless otherwise specified, analytical grade chemicals shall be used.



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