

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 21484:2019

Nuclear Energy - Fuel technology -Determination of the O/M ratio in MOX pellets by the gravimetric method (ISO 21484:2017)

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#### I.S. EN ISO 21484:2019

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### National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 21484:2019 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 21484:2019, Nuclear Energy - Fuel technology - Determination of the O/M ratio in MOX pellets by the gravimetric method (ISO 21484:2017)

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**EUROPEAN STANDARD** 

**EN ISO 21484** 

NORME EUROPÉENNE

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June 2019

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### **English Version**

# Nuclear Energy - Fuel technology - Determination of the O/M ratio in MOX pellets by the gravimetric method (ISO 21484:2017)

Énergie nucléaire - Technologie du combustible - Détermination du rapport O/M dans les pastilles MOX par la méthode gravimétrique (ISO 21484:2017)

Kernenergie - Brennstofftechnologie - Bestimmung des O/M-Verhältnisses in MOX-Pellets mit dem gravimetrischen Verfahren (ISO 21484:2017)

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EN ISO 21484:2019 (E)

# **European foreword**

The text of ISO 21484:2017 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 85 "Nuclear energy, nuclear technologies, and radiological protection" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 21484:2019 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 430 "Nuclear energy, nuclear technologies, and radiological protection" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 21484

Second edition 2017-01

# Nuclear Energy — Fuel technology — Determination of the O/M ratio in MOX pellets by the gravimetric method

Énergie nucléaire — Technologie du combustible — Détermination du rapport O/M dans les pastilles MOX par la méthode gravimétrique



Reference number ISO 21484:2017(E)

ISO 21484:2017(E)



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# Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 85, *Nuclear energy, nuclear technologies, and radiological protection,* Subcommittee SC 5, *Nuclear installations, processes and technologies.* 

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 21484:2008), which has been technically revised.

# Nuclear Energy — Fuel technology — Determination of the O/M ratio in MOX pellets by the gravimetric method

# 1 Scope

This document describes a method for determining the Oxygen-to-Metal (O/M) ratio in mixed uranium-plutonium oxide (U,Pu)O $_{2\pm X}$  pellets. The parameters given in the following paragraphs are relevant for pellets within a range of O/M ratio corresponding to 1,98 to 2,01. The method described in the document is adapted, with regard to the parameters, if the expected values of O/M ratio are outside the range.

#### 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

#### 3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="http://www.iso.org/obp">http://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="http://www.electropedia.org/">http://www.electropedia.org/</a>

# 4 Principle

The  $(U,Pu)O_{2\pm X}$  sample is submitted to controlled oxidation-reduction under thermodynamic conditions designed to change the O/M ratio to a value of 2,000. The initial stoichiometric deviation, X, is determined from the sample mass difference before and after heat treatment.

### 5 Reactions

The main reactions are as follows:

- a)  $(U,Pu)O_{2 \pm X} \pm x/2 O_{2} \rightarrow (U,Pu)O_{2,000};$
- b)  $(U,Pu)O_{2+x} + xH_2 \rightarrow (U,Pu)O_{2,000} + xH_2O$ .

# 6 Reagents and materials

During the analysis, unless otherwise stated, use only reagents of recognized analytical grade and distilled or demineralized water or water of equivalent purity.

- **6.1 Nitric acid solution**, 50 % per volume nitric acid aqueous solution.
- 6.2 Purge gas.
- **6.2.1 Air**, a volume fraction of 99,99 % purity grade is recommended.
- **6.2.2 Inert gas**, such as Argon or nitrogen can be used with a recommended volume fraction of 99,99 % purity grade  $[0_2 < 0,000 5 \% (5 \text{ ppm}), H_2O < 0,000 5 \% (5 \text{ ppm}), N_2 < 0,000 5 \% (5 \text{ ppm})].$



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