

Irish Standard Recommendation S.R. HD 60364-4-442:2012

Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-442: Protection for safety - Protection of lowvoltage installations against temporary overvoltages due to earth faults in the highvoltage system and due to faults in the low voltage system

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb O}$ CENELEC 2017 $\hfill No copying without NSAI permission except as permitted by copyright law.$

S.R. HD 60364-4-442:2012

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

The National Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI) produces the following categories of formal documents:

I.S. xxx: Irish Standard – national specification based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

S.R. xxx: Standard Recommendation — recommendation based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

SWIFT xxx: A rapidly developed recommendatory document based on the consensus of the participants of an NSAI workshop.

This document replaces/revises/consolidates the NSAI adoption of the document(s) indicated on the CEN/CENELEC cover/Foreword and the following National document(s):

NOTE: The date of any NSAI previous adoption may not match the date of its original CEN/CENELEC document.

This document is based on: HD 60364-4-442:2012 *Published:* 2012-01-13

This document was published under the authority of the NSAI and comes into effect on:

2017-04-03

ICS number:

NOTE: If blank see CEN/CENELEC cover page

NSAI	T +353 1 807 3800	Sales:
1 Swift Square,	F +353 1 807 3838	T +353 1 857 6730
Northwood, Santry	E standards@nsai.ie	F +353 1 857 6729
Dublin 9	W NSAI.ie	W standards.ie

Údarás um Chaighdeáin Náisiúnta na hÉireann

National Foreword

S.R. HD 60364-4-442:2012 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document HD 60364-4-442:2012, Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-442: Protection for safety - Protection of low-voltage installations against temporary overvoltages due to earth faults in the high-voltage system and due to faults in the low voltage system

This document does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

For relationships with other publications refer to the NSAI web store.

Compliance with this document does not of itself confer immunity from legal obligations.

In line with international standards practice the decimal point is shown as a comma (,) throughout this document.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

This page is intentionally left blank

HARMONIZATION DOCUMENT DOCUMENT D'HARMONISATION HARMONISIERUNGSDOKUMENT

HD 60364-4-442

January 2012

ICS 91.140.50

English version

Low-voltage electrical installations -Part 4-442: Protection for safety -Protection of low-voltage installations against temporary overvoltages due to earth faults in the high-voltage system and due to faults in the low voltage system

(IEC 60364-4-44:2007 (CLAUSE 442), modified)

Installations électriques à basse tension -Partie 4-442: Protection pour assurer la sécurité -

Protection des installations électriques à basse tension contre les surtensions temporaires dues à des défauts à la terre dans le réseau haute tension et dues à des défauts dans le réseau basse tension (CEI 60364-4-44:2007 (CLAUSE 442), modifiée) Errichten von Niederspannungsanlagen -Teil 4-442: Schutzmaßnahmen -Schutz von Niederspannungsanlagen bei vorübergehenden Überspannungen infolge von Erdschlüssen im Hochspannungssystem und infolge von Fehlern im Niederspannungssystem (IEC 60364-4-44:2007 (CLAUSE 442), modifiziert)

This Harmonization Document was approved by CENELEC on 2011-12-07. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for implementation of this Harmonization Document at national level.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national implementations may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This Harmonization Document exists in three official versions (English, French, German).

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

© 2012 CENELEC - All rights of exploitation in any form and by any means reserved worldwide for CENELEC members.

Foreword

This document (HD 60364-4-442:2012) consists of the text of IEC 60364-4-44:2007 prepared by IEC/TC 64, "Electrical installations and protection against electric shock", together with the common modifications prepared by CLC/TC 64 "Electrical installations and protection against electric shock".

The following dates are fixed:

_	latest date by which the HD has to be implemented at national level by publication of a harmonized national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2012-12-07
-	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the HD have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2014-12-07

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC [and/or CEN] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60364-4-44:2007 was approved by CENELEC as a Harmonization document with common modifications.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60364-5-51:2005	NOTE	Harmonized as HD 60364-5-51:2009 (modified).
IEC 61000-2 series	NOTE	Harmonized in EN 61000-2 series (not modified).
IEC 61000-5 series	NOTE	Harmonized in EN 61000-5 series (not modified).
IEC 61386 series	NOTE	Harmonized in EN 61386 series (not modified).
IEC 61663-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61663-1.
IEC 62020:1998	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 62020:1998 (not modified).

COMMON MODIFICATIONS

Title:

Replace the title of HD 60364-4-442 as follows:

Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-442: Protection for safety - Protection of low-voltage installations against temporary overvoltages due to earth faults in the high-voltage system and due to faults in the low voltage system

Table 44.A1 - Power-frequency stress voltages and power-frequency fault voltage in low-voltage system

In the footnote**) delete "second paragraph".

442.2.1 Magnitude and duration of power-frequency fault voltage







FINAL VERSION

VERSION FINALE



Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 4-44: Protection for safety – Protection against voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances

Installations électriques à basse tension – Partie 4-44: Protection pour assurer la sécurité – Protection contre les perturbations de tension et les perturbations électromagnétiques



- 2 - IEC 60364-4-44:2007+AMD1:2015 CSV © IEC 2015

CONTENTS

FOREWORD			5	
INT	RODL	JCTION		7
	440.1	Scope		8
	440.2	Normativ	ve references	8
441	(Va	cant)		9
442	Pro	tection of lo	ow-voltage installations against temporary overvoltages due to earth	
			gh-voltage system and due to faults in the low-voltage system	9
	442.1	Field of	application	9
		442.1.1	General requirements	10
		442.1.2	Symbols	10
	442.2	Overvolt	ages in LV-systems during a high-voltage earth fault	11
		442.2.1	Magnitude and duration of power-frequency fault voltage	12
		442.2.2	Magnitude and duration of power-frequency stress voltages	13
		442.2.3	Requirements for calculation of limits	14
	442.3		requency stress voltage in case of loss of the neutral conductor in a TT system	14
	442.4		equency stress voltage in the event of an earth fault in an IT with distributed neutral	14
	442.5		requency stress voltage in the event of a short-circuit between a line or and the neutral conductor	15
443	Pro	tection aga	inst transient overvoltages of atmospheric origin or due to switching	15
	443.1	General		15
	443.2			
	443.3	Terms a	nd definitions	16
	443.4	Overvolt	age control	16
	443.5	Risk ass	essment method	17
	443.6	Classific	ation of rated impulse voltages (overvoltage categories)	18
		443.6.1	Purpose of classification of rated impulse voltages (overvoltage	10
		440.0.0	categories)	
	Maa	443.6.2	Rated impulse voltages of equipment and overvoltage categories	
444			inst electromagnetic influences	
	444.1			
	444.2	()		
	444.3		ns	
	444.4	444.4.1	n of electromagnetic interference (EMI) Sources of EMI	
		444.4.1	Measures to reduce EMI	
		444.4.2	TN-system	
		444.4.4	TT system	
		444.4.5	IT system	
		444.4.6	Multiple-source supply	
		444.4.7	Transfer of supply	
		444.4.8	Services entering a building	
		444.4.9	Separate buildings	
		444.4.10	Inside buildings	
		444.4.11	Protective devices	
		444.4.12	Signal cables	38

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. $S.R.\,HD\,\,60364\text{-}4\text{-}442\text{:}2012$

IEC 60364-4-44:2007+AMD1:2015 CSV - 3 - © IEC 2015

4	44.5	Earthing	and equipotential bonding	38
		444.5.1	Interconnection of earth electrodes	
		444.5.2	Interconnection of incoming networks and earthing arrangements	39
		444.5.3	Different structures for the network of equipotential conductors and earthing conductors	39
		444.5.4	Equipotential bonding networks in buildings with several floors	41
		444.5.5	Functional earthing conductor	42
		444.5.6	Commercial or industrial buildings containing significant amounts of information technology equipment	43
		444.5.7	Earthing arrangements and equipotential bonding of information technology installations for functional purposes	43
4	44.6	Segrega	ition of circuits	44
		444.6.1	General	44
		444.6.2	Design guidelines	
		444.6.3	Installation guidelines	
4			anagement systems	
		444.7.1	General	
		444.7.2	Design guidelines	
		444.7.3	Installation guidelines	
445	Prot	ection aga	ainst undervoltage	49
			requirements	
Anne	хА(informative	e) Examples of calculated risk level CRL for the use of SPDs	50
			e) Guidance on overvoltage control by SPDs applied to overhead	52
Anne	x C (informativ	e) List of notes concerning certain countries	53
Biblio	arap	hv	-	55
	5 1	,		
Figur subst	e 44. ation	A1 – Repr and LV-ir	resentative schematic sketch for possible connections to earth in in installation and occurring overvoltages in case of faults	11
			rable fault voltage due to an earth-fault in the HV system	
-				10
Figur	0 770	R 1 _ Illust	ration of an installation showing the lengths to consider	
		R1 – By-p	ration of an installation showing the lengths to considerass conductor for screen reinforcement to provide a common	18
	oten	R1 – By-p tial bondin	ass conductor for screen reinforcement to provide a common g system	18
Figur	oten e 44.	R1 – By-p tial bondin R2 – Exar	ass conductor for screen reinforcement to provide a common	18 23
Figure TT-sy Figure using	oten e 44. /sten e 44. the	R1 – By-p tial bondin R2 – Exar n R3A – Avo TN-S systo	ass conductor for screen reinforcement to provide a common g system nple of a substitute or by-pass equipotential bonding conductor in a pidance of neutral conductor currents in a bonded structure by em from the origin of the public supply up to and including the final	18 23 24
Figure TT-sy Figure using	oten e 44. /sten e 44. the	R1 – By-p tial bondin R2 – Exar n R3A – Avo TN-S systo	ass conductor for screen reinforcement to provide a common g system nple of a substitute or by-pass equipotential bonding conductor in a pidance of neutral conductor currents in a bonded structure by	18 23 24
Figure TT-sy Figure using circui Figure	oten e 44. /sten e 44. I the t with e 44.	R1 – By-p tial bondin R2 – Exar N R3A – Avo TN-S systo nin a buildi R3B – Avo	ass conductor for screen reinforcement to provide a common g system nple of a substitute or by-pass equipotential bonding conductor in a pidance of neutral conductor currents in a bonded structure by em from the origin of the public supply up to and including the final	18 23 24 25
Figure TT-sy Figure using circui Figure a TN-	oten e 44. vsten e 44. the t with e 44. -S sy	R1 – By-p tial bondin R2 – Exar N R3A – Avo TN-S syste nin a buildi R3B – Avo stem dowr	ass conductor for screen reinforcement to provide a common g system nple of a substitute or by-pass equipotential bonding conductor in a pidance of neutral conductor currents in a bonded structure by em from the origin of the public supply up to and including the final ing	18 23 24 25 26
Figure TT-sy Figure using circui Figure a TN- Figure	oten e 44. vsten e 44. the t with e 44. -S sy e 44.	R1 – By-p tial bondin R2 – Exar N-S syste nin a buildi R3B – Ave stem dowr R4 – TN-C	ass conductor for screen reinforcement to provide a common g system mple of a substitute or by-pass equipotential bonding conductor in a bidance of neutral conductor currents in a bonded structure by em from the origin of the public supply up to and including the final ing bidance of neutral conductor currents in a bonded structure by using histream of a consumer's private supply transformer	18 23 24 25 26 27
Figure TT-sy Figure using circui Figure a TN- Figure Figure	oten e 44. ysten e 44. t with e 44. -S sy e 44. e 44.	R1 – By-p tial bondin R2 – Exar N.S syste nin a buildi R3B – Ave stem dowr R4 – TN-C R5 – TT s	ass conductor for screen reinforcement to provide a common g system	18 23 24 25 25 26 27 28
Figure TT-sy Figure circui Figure Figure Figure Figure	e 44. vstem e 44. the t with e 44. e 44. e 44. e 44. e 44.	R1 – By-p tial bondin R2 – Exar N-S syste nin a buildi R3B – Ave stem dowr R4 – TN-C R5 – TT s R6 – IT sy R7A – TN	ass conductor for screen reinforcement to provide a common g system	18 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
Figure TT-sy Figure circui Figure Figure Figure Figure Figure Figure Figure	ooten e 44. /sten e 44. i the t with e 44. e 44. e 44. e 44. ection e 44.	R1 – By-p tial bondin R2 – Exar N-S syste hin a buildi R3B – Ave stem dowr R4 – TN-C R5 – TT s R6 – IT sy R7A – TN n between R7B – TN	ass conductor for screen reinforcement to provide a common g system	18 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
Figure TT-sy Figure circui Figure a TN- Figure Figure Figure conne Figure earth	e 44. vstem e 44. the t with e 44. e 44. e 44. e 44. e 44. of th	R1 – By-p tial bondin R2 – Exar N R3A – Avo TN-S syste nin a buildi R3B – Avo stem down R4 – TN-C R5 – TT s R6 – IT sy R7A – TN n between R7B – TN e star poin	ass conductor for screen reinforcement to provide a common g system mple of a substitute or by-pass equipotential bonding conductor in a oidance of neutral conductor currents in a bonded structure by em from the origin of the public supply up to and including the final ing oidance of neutral conductor currents in a bonded structure by using nstream of a consumer's private supply transformer C-S system within an existing building installation ystem within a building installation within a building installation multiple-source power supply with a non-suitable multiple PEN and earth	18 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. S.R. HD 60364-4-442:2012

– 4 – IEC 60364-4-44:2007+AMD1:20 © IE	15 CSV EC 2015
Figure 44.R9A – Three-phase alternative power supply with a 4-pole switch	
Figure 44.R9B – Neutral current flow in a three-phase alternative power supply with an unsuitable 3-pole switch	
Figure 44.R9C – Single-phase alternative power supply with 2-pole switch	35
Figure 44.R10 – Armoured cables and metal pipes entering the buildings (examples)	
Figure 44.R11 – Illustration of measures in an existing building	
Figure 44.R12 – Interconnected earth electrodes	
Figure 44.R13 – Examples of protective conductors in star network	
Figure 44.R14 – Example of multiple meshed bonding star network	40
Figure 44.R15 – Example of a common meshed bonding star network	41
Figure 44.R16 – Example of equipotential bonding networks in structures without lightning protection systems	42
Figure 44.R17A – Separation between power and information technology cables for cable route lengths \leq 35 m	45
Figure 44.R17B – Separation between power and information technology cables for cable route lengths > 35 m	45
Figure 44.R18 – Separation of cables in wiring systems	46
Figure 44.R19 – Cable arrangements in metal cable-trays	47
Figure 44.R20 – Continuity of metallic system components	48
Figure 44.R21 – Location of cables inside metallic construction elements	48
Figure 44.R22 – Connection of metallic sections	49
Table 44.41 - Rower frequency stress voltages and newer frequency fault voltage in	

Table 44.A1 – Power-frequency stress voltages and power-frequency fault voltage in	
low-voltage system	12
Table 44.A2 – Permissible power-frequency stress voltage	14
Table 443.1 – Calculation of f _{env}	17
Table 443.2 – Required rated impulse voltage of equipment U_W	20

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. S.R. HD 60364-4-442:2012

IEC 60364-4-44:2007+AMD1:2015 CSV - 5 - © IEC 2015

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS -

Part 4-44: Protection for safety – Protection against voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

DISCLAIMER

This Consolidated version is not an official IEC Standard and has been prepared for user convenience. Only the current versions of the standard and its amendment(s) are to be considered the official documents.

This Consolidated version of IEC 60364-4-44 bears the edition number 2.1. It consists of the second edition (2007-08) [documents 64/1600/FDIS and 64/1609/RVD] and its amendment 1 (2015-09) [documents 64/2032/FDIS and 64/2073/RVD]. The technical content is identical to the base edition and its amendment.

This Final version does not show where the technical content is modified by amendment 1. A separate Redline version with all changes highlighted is available in this publication.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. S.R. HD 60364-4-442:2012

- 6 - IEC 60364-4-44:2007+AMD1:2015 CSV © IEC 2015

International Standard IEC 60364-4-44 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 64: Electrical installations and protection against electric shock.

The document 64/1600/FDIS, circulated to the National Committees as Amendment 3, led to the publication of the new edition.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all the parts in the IEC 60364 series, under the general title *Low-voltage electrical installations,* can be found on the IEC website.

Future standards in this series will carry the new general title as cited above. Titles of existing standards in this series will be updated at the time of the next edition.

The reader's attention is drawn to the fact that Annex C lists all of the "in-some-country" clauses on differing practices of a less permanent nature relating to the subject of this standard.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendment will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

The contents of the corrigenda of May 2010 and October 2011 have been included in this copy.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. S.R. HD 60364-4-442:2012

IEC 60364-4-44:2007+AMD1:2015 CSV - 7 - © IEC 2015

INTRODUCTION

Part 4-44 of IEC 60364 covers the protection of electrical installations and measures against voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances.

The requirements are arranged into four clauses as follows:

- Clause 442 Protection of low-voltage installations against temporary overvoltages due to earth faults in the high-voltage system and due to faults in the low-voltage system
- Clause 443 Protection against overvoltages of atmospheric origin or due to switching
- Clause 444 Measures against electromagnetic influences
- Clause 445 Protection against undervoltage

- 8 - IEC 60364-4-44:2007+AMD1:2015 CSV © IEC 2015

LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS –

Part 4-44: Protection for safety – Protection against voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances

440.1 Scope

The rules of this Part of IEC 60364 are intended to provide requirements for the safety of electrical installations in the event of voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances generated for different specified reasons.

The rules of this part are not intended to apply to systems for distribution of energy to the public, or power generation and transmission for such systems (see the scope of IEC 60364-1) although such disturbances may be conducted into or between electrical installations via these supply systems.

440.2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60038:2009, IEC standard voltages

IEC 60050-604:1987, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Chapter 604: Generation, transmission and distribution of electricity – Operation

IEC 60364-1, Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 1: Fundamental principles, assessment of general characteristics, definitions

IEC 60364-4-41:2005, *Electrical installations of buildings – Part 4-41: Protection for safety – Protection against electric shock*

IEC 60364-5-53:2001, *Electrical installations of buildings - Part 5-53: Selection and erection of electrical equipment - Isolation, switching and control* IEC 60364-5-53:2001/AMD1:2002 IEC 60364-5-53:2001/AMD2:2015

IEC 60364-5-54:2002, Electrical installations of buildings – Part 5-54: Selection and erection of electrical equipment – Earthing arrangements and protective bonding conductors ¹

IEC 60479-1:2005, Effects of current on human beings and livestock – Part 1: General aspects

IEC 60664-1:2007, Insulation co-ordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 1: *Principles, requirements and tests*

IEC 60950-1, Information technology equipment – Safety – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 61000-2-5:1995, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 2: Environment – Section 5: Classification of electromagnetic environments – Basic EMC publication*

IEC 61000-6-1, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-1: Generic standards – Immunity for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments*

¹ A third edition is currently in preparation.



This is a free preview. Purchase the entire publication at the link below:

Product Page

S Looking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore

> Learn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation