

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 1833-16:2019

Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 16: Mixtures of polypropylene fibres with certain other fibres (method using xylene) (ISO 1833-16:2019)

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I.S. EN ISO 1833-16:2019

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This document is based on:

Published:

EN ISO 1833-16:2019

2019-07-17

This document was published under the authority of the NSAI

ICS number:

and comes into effect on:

59.060.01

2019-08-04

NOTE: If blank see CEN/CENELEC cover page

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National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 1833-16:2019 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 1833-16:2019, Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 16: Mixtures of polypropylene fibres with certain other fibres (method using xylene) (ISO 1833-16:2019)

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 1833-16

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

July 2019

ICS 59.060.01

Supersedes EN ISO 1833-16:2010

English Version

Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 16: Mixtures of polypropylene fibres with certain other fibres (method using xylene) (ISO 1833-16:2019)

Textiles - Analyse chimique quantitative - Partie 16: Mélanges de fibres de polypropylène avec certaines autres fibres (méthode au xylène) (ISO 1833-16:2019) Textilien - Quantitative chemische Analysen - Teil 16: Mischungen aus Polypropylenfasern mit bestimmten anderen Fasern (Xylol-Verfahren) (ISO 1833-16:2019)

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EN ISO 1833-16:2019 (E)

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 1833-16:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38 "Textiles" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textiles and textile products" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 1833-16

Second edition 2019-04

Textiles — Quantitative chemical analysis —

Part 16:

Mixtures of polypropylene fibres with certain other fibres (method using xylene)

Textiles — Analyse chimique quantitative —

Partie 16: Mélanges de fibres de polypropylène avec certaines autres fibres (méthode au xylène)



ISO 1833-16:2019(E)



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Published in Switzerland

ISO 1833-16:2019(E)

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ISO 1833-16:2019(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www .iso .org/ directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, Textiles.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 1833-16:2006), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous editions are as follows:

- the title has been changed from "Mixtures of polypropylene fibres **and** certain other fibres..." to "Mixtures of polypropylene fibres **with** certain other fibres...";
- in <u>Clause 1</u>, some remaining fibres have been added;
- <u>Clause 3</u>, Terms and definitions, has been added and the subsequent clauses have been renumered;
- in Clause 6 (former Clause 5), a heating mantle device has been added:
- in <u>Clause 7</u> (former <u>Clause 6</u>), some precise details have been added in the test procedure;
- in <u>Clause 8</u> (former <u>Clause 7</u>), a specific *d* factor for melamine and polyacrylate has been added;
- in <u>Clause 9</u> (former <u>Clause 8</u>), "percentage point" has been added to avoid confusion.

A list of all parts in the ISO 1833 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Textiles — Quantitative chemical analysis —

Part 16:

Mixtures of polypropylene fibres with certain other fibres (method using xylene)

1 Scope

This document specifies a method, using xylene, to determine the mass percentage of polypropylene, after removal of non-fibrous matter, in textiles made of mixtures of

polypropylene fibres

with

— wool, animal hair, silk, cotton, viscose, cupro, modal, lyocell, acetate, triacetate, polyamide, polyester, acrylic, glass fibres, elastomultiester, melamine and polyacrylate.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1833-1, Textiles — Quantitative chemical analysis — Part 1: General principles of testing

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

4 Principle

The polypropylene fibre is dissolved from a known dry mass of the mixture with boiling xylene. The residue is collected, washed, dried and weighed. Its mass, corrected if necessary, is expressed as a percentage of the dry mass of the mixture. The percentage of polypropylene is found by the difference.

5 Reagents

Use the reagent described in ISO 1833-1 as light petroleum together with that given in <u>5.1</u>.

5.1 Xylene, boiling range from 136 °C to 145 °C.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS — The harmful effects of this reagent shall be borne in mind, and full precautions shall be taken during use.



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