

Irish Standard I.S. EN IEC 61158-4-25:2019

Industrial communication networks -Fieldbus specifications - Part 4-25: Datalink layer protocol specification - Type 25 elements

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I.S. EN IEC 61158-4-25:2019

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National Foreword

I.S. EN IEC 61158-4-25:2019 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN IEC 61158-4-25:2019, Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 4-25: Data-link layer protocol specification - Type 25 elements

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EN IEC 61158-4-25

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

June 2019

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English Version

Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 4-25: Data-link layer protocol specification - Type 25 elements (IEC 61158-4-25:2019)

Réseaux de communication industriels - Spécifications des bus de terrain - Partie 4-25: Spécification du protocole de la couche liaison de données - Éléments de type 25 (IEC 61158-4-25:2019) Industrielle Kommunikationsnetze - Feldbusse - Teil 4-25: Protokollspezifikation des Data Link Layer (Sicherungsschicht) - Typ 25-Elemente (IEC 61158-4-25:2019)

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EN IEC 61158-4-25:2019 (E)

European foreword

The text of document 65C/946/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61158-4-25, prepared by SC 65C "Industrial networks" of IEC/TC 65 "Industrial-process measurement, control and automation" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 61158-4-25:2019.

The following dates are fixed:

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IEC 61158-1:2019 NOTE Harmonized as EN IEC 61158-1:2019 (not modified)

Annex ZA

(normative)

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The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu.

Publication ISO/IEC 7498-1	<u>Year</u> -	<u>Title</u> Information technology - Open System Interconnection - Basic reference mode The basic model		<u>Year</u> -
ISO/IEC 7498-3	-	Information technology - Open System Interconnection - Basic reference mode Naming and addressing		-
ISO/IEC 10731	-	Information technology - Open System Interconnection - Basic Reference Model Conventions for the definition of Osservices	-	-
ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802	2-2017	Standard for Ethernet	-	-
IEEE Std 802.1D	-	IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolita Area Networks - Media access Contr (MAC) Bridges		-
IEEE Std 802.1Q	-	IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolita Area Networks - Bridges and Bridge Networks		-

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Edition 1.0 2019-04

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 4-25: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 25 elements





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IEC 61158-4-25

Edition 1.0 2019-04

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 4-25: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 25 elements

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INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 4-25: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 25 elements

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The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
65C/946/FDIS	65C/955/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

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A list of all parts in the IEC 61158 series, published under the general title *Industrial* communication networks – Fieldbus specifications, can be found on the IEC website.

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- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

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INTRODUCTION

This document is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the "three-layer" fieldbus reference model described in IEC 61158-1.

The data-link protocol provides the data-link service by making use of the services available from the physical layer. The primary aim of this document is to provide a set of rules for communication expressed in terms of the procedures to be carried out by peer data-link entities (DLEs) at the time of communication. These rules for communication are intended to provide a sound basis for development in order to serve a variety of purposes:

- a) as a guide for implementers and designers;
- b) for use in the testing and procurement of equipment;
- c) as part of an agreement for the admittance of systems into the open systems environment;
- d) as a refinement to the understanding of time-critical communications within OSI.

This document is concerned, in particular, with the communication and interworking of sensors, effectors and other automation devices. By using this document together with other standards positioned within the OSI or fieldbus reference models, otherwise incompatible systems may work together in any combination.

NOTE Use of some of the associated protocol types is restricted by their intellectual-property-right holders. In all cases, the commitment to limited release of intellectual-property-rights made by the holders of those rights permits a particular data-link layer protocol type to be used with physical layer and application layer protocols in Type combinations as specified explicitly in the profile parts. Use of the various protocol types in other combinations may require permission from their respective intellectual-property-right holders.

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JP4074631 [HI]	Transmission line system, frame transmitter therein, and transmission line switching method
JP4653800 [HI]	Transmission line system, frame transmission apparatus, method and program for switching transmission line in transmission line system
JP4944986 [HI]	Transmission line system and transmission line construction method
CN1964307 [HI]	Transfer path system and frame transfer device in same system, transfer path handover method and system
CN101515887 [HI]	Transmission line system, frame transmitter therein, transmission line switching method and program

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INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 4-25: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 25 elements

1 Scope

1.1 General

The data-link layer provides basic time-critical messaging communications between devices in an automation environment.

This protocol provides communication opportunities to all participating data-link entities

- a) in a synchronously-starting cyclic manner, according to a pre-established schedule, and
- b) in a cyclic or acyclic asynchronous manner, as requested each cycle by each of those data-link entities.

Thus this protocol can be characterized as one which provides cyclic and acyclic access asynchronously but with a synchronous restart of each cycle.

1.2 Specifications

This document specifies

- a) procedures for the timely transfer of data and control information from one data-link user entity to a peer user entity, and among the data-link entities forming the distributed datalink service provider;
- b) procedures for giving communications opportunities to all participating DL-entities, sequentially and in a cyclic manner for deterministic and synchronized transfer at cyclic intervals up to one millisecond;
- c) procedures for giving communication opportunities available for time-critical data transmission together with non-time-critical data transmission without prejudice to the time-critical data transmission;
- d) procedures for giving cyclic and acyclic communication opportunities for time-critical data transmission with prioritized access;
- e) procedures for giving communication opportunities based on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 medium access control, with provisions for nodes to be added or removed during normal operation;
- f) the structure of the fieldbus DLPDUs used for the transfer of data and control information by the protocol of this document, and their representation as physical interface data units.

1.3 Procedures

The procedures are defined in terms of

- a) the interactions between peer DL-entities (DLEs) through the exchange of fieldbus DLPDUs;
- b) the interactions between a DL-service (DLS) provider and a DLS-user in the same system through the exchange of DLS primitives;
- c) the interactions between a DLS-provider and a Ph-service provider in the same system through the exchange of Ph-service primitives.



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