



NSAI
Standards

Irish Standard
I.S. EN ISO 52003-1:2017

Energy performance of buildings -
Indicators, requirements, ratings and
certificates - Part 1: General aspects and
application to the overall energy
performance (ISO 52003-1:2017)

I.S. EN ISO 52003-1:2017

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

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This document is based on:

EN ISO 52003-1:2017

Published:

2017-07-19

*This document was published
under the authority of the NSAI
and comes into effect on:*

2017-08-06

ICS number:

91.120.10

NOTE: If blank see CEN/CENELEC cover page

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National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 52003-1:2017 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 52003-1:2017, Energy performance of buildings - Indicators, requirements, ratings and certificates - Part 1: General aspects and application to the overall energy performance (ISO 52003-1:2017)

Annex I of the Energy Performance of Buildings Directive 2010/31/EU (EPBD) as amended by Directive 2018/844/EU (EPBD) outlines requirements for determining Energy Performance of Buildings and methodologies.

In Ireland:

- The national calculation methodology required by the EPBD is described following the annexes of the overarching standards namely I.S. EN ISO 52000-1, I.S. EN ISO 52003-1, I.S. EN ISO 52010-1, I.S. EN ISO 52016-1, and I.S. EN ISO 52018-1.

- The completed annexes are published in the National Calculation Methodologies, namely the Dwelling Energy Assessment Procedure (DEAP) and the Non-domestic Energy Assessment Procedure (NEAP), and are available from the Sustainable Energy Authority of Ireland (SEAI).

For the values specified in Annex A of this Irish Standard, users are therefore referred to the National Calculation Methodologies.

Note: For any standards mandated under the EPBD Directive, which permit the use of national annexes to specify national calculation methodologies, parameters, limits or values, where a national value is specified, the user is directed towards the National Calculation Methodologies, referred to above and relevant Technical Guidance Documents of the Building Regulations.

This document does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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In line with international standards practice the decimal point is shown as a comma (,) throughout this document.

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 52003-1

July 2017

ICS 91.120.10

Supersedes EN 15217:2007

English Version

**Energy performance of buildings - Indicators,
requirements, ratings and certificates - Part 1: General
aspects and application to the overall energy performance
(ISO 52003-1:2017)**

Performance énergétique des bâtiments - Indicateurs,
exigences, appréciations et certificats - Partie 1:
Aspects généraux et application à la performance
énergétique globale (ISO 52003-1:2017)

Energieeffizienz von Gebäuden - Indikatoren,
Anforderungen, Kennwerte und Ausweise - Teil 1:
Allgemeine Aspekte und Anwendung auf die
Gesamtenergieeffizienz (ISO 52003-1:2017)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 27 February 2017.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



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CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

EN ISO 52003-1:2017 (E)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 52003-1:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 163 "Thermal performance and energy use in the built environment" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 89 "Thermal performance of buildings and building components" the secretariat of which is held by SIS.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2018 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

This document is part of the set of standards on the energy performance of buildings (the set of EPB standards) and has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association (Mandate M/480, see reference [EF1] below), and supports essential requirements of EU Directive 2010/31/EC on the energy performance of buildings (EPBD, [EF2]).

In case this standard is used in the context of national or regional legal requirements, mandatory choices may be given at national or regional level for such specific applications, in particular for the application within the context of EU Directives transposed into national legal requirements.

Further target groups are users of the voluntary common European Union certification scheme for the energy performance of non-residential buildings (EPBD art.11.9) and any other regional (e.g. Pan European) parties wanting to motivate their assumptions by classifying the building energy performance for a dedicated building stock.

This document supersedes EN 15217:2007 [EF3] that was developed during the first EPBD mandate (M/343

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

References:

[EF1] Mandate M/480, Mandate to CEN, CENELEC and ETSI for the elaboration and adoption of standards for a methodology calculating the integrated energy performance of buildings and promoting the energy efficiency of buildings, in accordance with the terms set in the recast of the Directive on the energy performance of buildings (2010/31/EU) of 14th December 2010

[EF2] EPBD, Recast of the Directive on the energy performance of buildings (2010/31/EU) of 14th December 2010

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[EF3] EN 15217:2007, Energy performance of buildings – Methods for expressing energy performance and for energy certification of buildings

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 52003-1:2017 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 52003-1:2017 without any modification.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO
52003-1**

First edition
2017-06

Energy performance of buildings — Indicators, requirements, ratings and certificates —

Part 1: General aspects and application to the overall energy performance

*Performance énergétique des bâtiments — Indicateurs, exigences,
appréciations et certificats —*

*Partie 1: Aspects généraux et application à la performance
énergétique globale*



Reference number
ISO 52003-1:2017(E)

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ISO 52003-1:2017(E)



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

ISO 52003-1 was prepared by ISO Technical Committee TC 163, *Thermal performance and energy use in the built environment*, in collaboration with Technical Committee TC 205, *Building environment design*, and with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 89, *Thermal performance of buildings and building components*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This first edition of ISO 52003-1 cancels and replaces ISO 16343:2013, which has been technically revised.

The necessary editorial revisions were made to comply with the requirements for each EPB standard. The content of ISO 16343 has been reworked significantly, but it has been attempted not to lose any substantial original information, even though the original text has sometimes been strongly restructured and rephrased, and new content has been added throughout. The original text has been split into 2 parts: a normative standard and an informative technical report.

A list of all parts in the ISO 52003 series can be found on the ISO website.

ISO 52003-1:2017(E)

Introduction

This document is part of a series aimed at the international harmonization of the methodology for assessing the energy performance of buildings. Throughout, this series is referred to as a “set of EPB standards”.

All EPB standards follow specific rules to ensure overall consistency, unambiguity and transparency.

All EPB standards provide a certain flexibility with regard to the methods, the required input data and references to other EPB standards, by the introduction of a normative template in [Annex A](#) and [Annex B](#) with informative default choices.

For the correct use of this document, a normative template is given in [Annex A](#) to specify these choices. Informative default choices are provided in [Annex B](#).

The main target groups for this document are architects, engineers and regulators.

Use by or for regulators: In case the document is used in the context of national or regional legal requirements, mandatory choices may be given at national or regional level for such specific applications. These choices (either the informative default choices from [Annex B](#) or choices adapted to national/regional needs, but in any case following the template of [Annex A](#)) can be made available as national annex or as separate (e.g. legal) document (national data sheet).

NOTE 1 So in this case:

- the regulators will specify the choices;
- the individual user will apply the document to assess the energy performance of a building, and thereby use the choices made by the regulators.

Topics addressed in this document can be subject to public regulation. Public regulation on the same topics can override the default values in [Annex B](#). Public regulation on the same topics can even, for certain applications, override the use of this document. Legal requirements and choices are in general not published in standards but in legal documents. In order to avoid double publications and difficult updating of double documents, a national annex may refer to the legal texts where national choices have been made by public authorities. Different national annexes or national data sheets are possible, for different applications.

It is expected, if the default values, choices and references to other EPB standards in [Annex B](#) are not followed due to national regulations, policy or traditions, that:

- national or regional authorities prepare data sheets containing the choices and national or regional values, according to the model in [Annex A](#). In this case a national annex (e.g. NA) is recommended, containing a reference to these data sheets;
- or, by default, the national standards body will consider the possibility to add or include a national annex in agreement with the template of [Annex A](#), in accordance to the legal documents that give national or regional values and choices.

Further target groups are parties wanting to motivate their assumptions by classifying the building energy performance for a dedicated building stock.

More information is provided in the Technical Report accompanying this document (ISO/TR 52003-2).

The overall and partial EPB indicators, i.e. the quantitative output of EPB assessments, can be used for different purposes:

- 1) Requirements: to set public or private requirements regarding the energy performance of buildings.
- 2) Decisions: to facilitate decisions or actions in the private or public domain.

- 3) Information and communication: for building designers, owners, operators, users, policy makers and citizens (as sellers or renters, as prospective buyers or tenants).

This document and ISO/TR 52003-2 deal with several of these uses, which can generically be described as the post-processing of the outputs of the EPB assessment methods (see [5.1](#)).

The main focus of the actual (normative) standard, i.e. this document, is on basic concepts and relations and on the actions that need to be taken. The accompanying (informative) technical report, i.e. ISO/TR 52003-2, provides extensive further information to support actors in a judicious implementation. For optimal understanding, both documents are therefore best read side-by-side, clause-by-clause.

This document and ISO/TR 52003-2 are complemented by

- ISO 52018-1 and ISO/TR 52018-2 that deal with partial EPB requirements related to thermal energy balance and fabric features, and
- CEN EPB standards that deal with the same topics for specific technical building systems, servicing specific types of energy use (such as heating, cooling, ventilation, domestic hot water and lighting).

Much of the content of these texts may be commonplace to those experienced in the domain. However, it has been decided to document basic considerations with a view to fully informing any interested party, including novices in the field. The texts thus partly serve as “institutional memory”. The aim is to contribute to well-informed choices and also to any future revision of a regulation (choice of the mix of EPB features and indicators, variable or constant value requirements and/or rating references, actual requirement strictness).

[Table 1](#) shows the relative position of this document within the set of EPB standards in the context of the modular structure as set out in ISO 52000-1.

NOTE 2 In ISO/TR 52000-2, the same table can be found with, for each module, the numbers of the relevant EPB standards and accompanying technical reports that are published or in preparation.

The modules represent EPB standards, although one EPB standard may cover more than one module and one module may be covered by more than one EPB standard, for instance, a simplified and a detailed method respectively. See also [Clause 2](#) and [Tables A.1](#) and [B.1](#).

ISO 52003-1:2017(E)

Table 1 — Position of this document (in casu M1–4) within the modular structure of the set of EPB standards

	Overarching		Building (as such)		Technical Building Systems									
Sub-module	Descriptions		De-scrip-tions		Descrip-tions	Heat-ing	Cool-ing	Ven-tila-tion	Hu-mid-ifi-cation	De-hu-mid-ification	Do-mes-tic hot water	Light-ing	Build-ing auto-ma-tion and control	PV, wind, ..
sub1		M1		M2		M3	M4	M5	M6	M7	M8	M9	M10	M11
1	General		General		General									
2	Common terms and definitions; symbols, units and subscripts		Building energy needs		Needs								a	
3	Applications		(Free) Indoor conditions without systems		Maxi-mum load and power									
4	Ways to express energy performance	ISO 52003-1	Ways to express energy performance		Ways to express energy performance									
5	Building categories and building boundaries		Heat transfer by transmission		Emis-sion and control									
6	Building occupancy and operating conditions		Heat transfer by infiltration and ventilation		Distribu-tion and control									
7	Aggregation of energy services and energy carriers		Internal heat gains		Storage and control									
8	Building zoning		Solar heat gains		Genera-tion and control									

Table 1 (continued)

Overarching		Building (as such)		Technical Building Systems										
Sub-module	Descriptions		De-scriptions		Descrip-tions	Heat-ing	Cool-ing	Ven-tila-tion	Hu-mid-ifi-cati-on	De-hu-mid-ifica-tion	Do-mes-tic hot water	Light-ing	Build-ing auto-ma-tion and control	PV, wind, ..
sub1		M1		M2		M3	M4	M5	M6	M7	M8	M9	M10	M11
9	Calculated energy performance		Building dynamics (thermal mass)		Load dispatching and operating conditions									
10	Measured energy performance		Measured energy performance		Measured energy performance									
11	Inspection		Inspection		Inspection									
12	Ways to express indoor comfort				BMS									
13	External environment conditions													
14	Economic calculation													
^a The shaded modules are not applicable														

Energy performance of buildings — Indicators, requirements, ratings and certificates —

Part 1: General aspects and application to the overall energy performance

1 Scope

The set of EPB assessment standards produces a great number of overall and partial EPB indicators as outputs. This document provides general insight to both private parties and public regulators (and all stakeholders involved in the regulatory process) on how to make good use of these outputs for different purposes (post-processing).

This document describes the relation between the EPB indicators and the EPB requirements and EPB ratings, and it discusses the importance of project-specific, tailored values as requirement or reference for certain EPB indicators. This document also includes a couple of possible EPB labels and it lists the different steps to be taken when establishing an EPB certification scheme.

This document provides standardized tables for reporting in a structured and transparent manner the choices that are to be made with respect to overall EPB requirements. The tables are non-restrictive, thus allowing for full regulatory flexibility. This document does not provide such tables for partial EPB requirements (related to the fabric or technical buildings systems), as this is dealt with in other documents.

NOTE [Table 1](#) in the Introduction shows the relative position of this document within the set of EPB standards in the context of the modular structure as set out in ISO 52000-1.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 7345:1987, *Thermal insulation — Physical quantities and definitions*

ISO 52000-1:2017, *Energy performance of buildings — Overarching EPB assessment — Part 1: General framework and procedures*

NOTE Default references to EPB standards other than ISO 52000-1 are identified by the EPB module code number and given in [Annex A](#) (normative template in Table A.1) and [Annex B](#) (informative default choice in Table B.1).

EXAMPLE EPB module code number: M5-5, or M5-5.1 (if module M5-5 is subdivided), or M5-5/1 (if reference to a specific clause of the standard covering M5-5).

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 7345 and ISO 52000-1 and the following apply

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