



NSAI
Standards

Irish Standard
I.S. EN ISO 11551:2019&LC:2020

Optics and photonics - Lasers and laser-related equipment - Test method for absorptance of optical laser components (ISO 11551:2019, Corrected version 2020-01)

I.S. EN ISO 11551:2019&LC:2020

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

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National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 11551:2019&LC:2020 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 11551:2019, Optics and photonics - Lasers and laser-related equipment - Test method for absorptance of optical laser components (ISO 11551:2019, Corrected version 2020-01)

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In line with international standards practice the decimal point is shown as a comma (,) throughout this document.

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Corrected Version

Reference: EN ISO 11551:2019

Title: Optics and photonics - Lasers and laser-related equipment - Test method for absorbance of optical laser components (ISO 11551:2019, Corrected version 2020-01)

Work Item: 00123095

Brussels, 2020-02-05

Please include the following minor editorial correction(s) in the document related to:

the following language version(s) :

- English
- French
- German

for the following procedure :

- PQ/UQ
- Enquiry
- 2nd Enquiry
- Parallel Enquiry
- 2nd Parallel Enquiry
- Formal Vote
- 2nd Formal Vote
- Parallel Formal Vote
- 2nd Parallel Formal Vote
- UAP
- TC Approval
- 2nd TC Approval
- Publication
- Parallel Publication

It has been brought to our attention that this document, issued on 2019-11-27, requires modification.

ISO has published (Corrected version 2020-01) of ISO 11551:2019.

Titles and Forewords have been updated accordingly.

Please find enclosed the updated English and French versions.

We apologise for any inconvenience this may cause.

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 11551

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

November 2019

ICS 31.260

Supersedes EN ISO 11551:2003

English Version

**Optics and photonics - Lasers and laser-related equipment
- Test method for absorptance of optical laser components
(ISO 11551:2019, Corrected version 2020-01)**

Optique et photonique - Lasers et équipements
associés aux lasers - Méthode d'essai du facteur
d'absorption des composants optiques pour lasers (ISO
11551:2019, Version corrigée 2020-01)

Optik und Photonik - Laser und Laseranlagen -
Prüfverfahren für den Absorptionsgrad von optischen
Laserkomponenten (ISO 11551:2019, korrigierte
Fassung 2020-01)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 21 October 2019.

This European Standard was corrected and reissued by the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre on 05 February 2020.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

EN ISO 11551:2019 (E)

Contents	Page
European foreword.....	3

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 11551:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 172 "Optics and photonics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 123 "Lasers and photonics" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 11551:2003.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 11551:2019, Corrected version 2020-01 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 11551:2019 without any modification.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 11551

Third edition
2019-10

Corrected version
2020-01

Optics and photonics — Lasers and laser-related equipment — Test method for absorptance of optical laser components

*Optique et photonique — Lasers et équipements associés aux lasers
— Méthode d'essai du facteur d'absorption des composants optiques
pour lasers*



Reference number
ISO 11551:2019(E)

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Contents

	Page
Foreword	iv
Introduction	vi
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 Symbols and units of measure	1
5 Preparation of test sample and measuring arrangement	2
6 Characteristic features of the laser radiation	3
7 Test procedure	4
7.1 General.....	4
7.2 Calibration.....	4
7.2.1 Calibration of the power signal.....	4
7.2.2 Calibration of the temperature signal.....	4
7.2.3 Calibration of the thermal response.....	4
7.2.4 Measurement of the background signal.....	5
7.3 Determining the absorbance.....	5
8 Evaluation	5
8.1 General.....	5
8.2 Elimination of drift.....	6
8.3 Exponential method.....	6
8.4 Pulse method.....	7
9 Test report	7
Annex A (informative) Effects changing absorbance	10
Annex B (informative) Influence of signal distortions	12
Annex C (informative) Algorithm for parameterizing the temperature data	15
Bibliography	16

ISO 11551:2019(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 172, *Optics and photonics*, Subcommittee 9, *Laser and electro-optical systems*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition ISO 11551:2003 which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- a) Introduction: The assumptions were revised in the second paragraph. Minor wording and example adjustment in third paragraph.
- b) [Clause 4](#): Table for symbols and units was corrected.
- c) [Clause 5](#): More detailed specification of environmental conditions for UV- and IR applications are provided in the second paragraph. ISO 7 specification was deleted.

In the fourth paragraph, [Annex A](#) is explicitly mentioned for the dependence of absorption on other test parameters.

In the fifth paragraph, [Annex B](#) is explicitly mentioned to account for the critical issue of finite heat conductivity.

- d) In [7.2.3](#): In the first paragraph, the calibration procedure is specified in more detail, including the consideration of the heating scheme for thick samples.

Note 1 is complemented by the restriction for thin samples.

Note 2 is complemented with the consideration of heating scheme for finite heat conduction.

- e) In [7.3](#): In the first paragraph the specifications for the ambient temperature drift were clarified.

The requirements to the total temperature rise during heating were generalized.

In the third paragraph the terminology “pre-irradiation” was replaced by “drift record”. The description of the duration of the cooling period was complemented.

- f) In [8.1](#): In the first paragraph “heat capacity” was replaced by “specific heat capacity”.
- g) In [A.1](#): “irradiation dose” added as influencing parameter.
- h) In [A.3](#): Generalization of nonlinear absorption dependencies.
- i) In [B.3](#): More detailed comments on the convergence of the temperature curves in [Figure B.1](#). Correction of [Formulae \(B.2\)](#) and [\(B.3\)](#). An additional paragraph with explanations for thick test samples, including two references.

This corrected version of ISO 11551:2019 incorporates the following corrections:

- In [7.2.3](#), [Formulae \(B.1\)](#), [\(B.2\)](#) and [\(B.3\)](#), the symbol " α " has been changed into " a ";
- Two signs have been corrected in [Formula \(C.4\)](#) to read " $-B_{exp}$ " and " $-t_k$ " instead of " B_{exp} " and " t_k ".

ISO 11551:2019(E)

Introduction

To characterize an optical component, it is important to know its absorptance. When radiation impinges upon a component, a part of that radiation is absorbed, increasing the temperature of the component. In this document only the part of the absorbed power/energy, that is converted into heat, is measured. If enough energy is absorbed, the optical properties of the component can change, and the component can even be destroyed. Absorptance is the ratio of the radiant flux absorbed to the radiant flux of the incident radiation.

In the procedures described in this document, the absorptance is determined calorimetrically as the ratio of power or energy absorbed by the component to the total power or energy, respectively, impinging upon the component. The assumption is made that the absorptance of the test sample is constant within the temperature fluctuations experienced by the component during the measurement.

For most optical bulk materials, the absorptance depends on the position of the irradiating beam on the sample surface. Several infrared materials exhibit a strong dependence of absorptance on temperature, especially at high temperatures.

Optics and photonics — Lasers and laser-related equipment — Test method for absorptance of optical laser components

1 Scope

This document specifies procedures and techniques for obtaining comparable values for the absorptance of optical laser components.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 11145, *Optics and photonics — Lasers and laser-related equipment — Vocabulary and symbols*

ISO 14644-1:2015, *Cleanrooms and associated controlled environments — Part 1: Classification of air cleanliness by particle concentration*

ISO 80000-7, *Quantities and units — Part 7: Light and radiation*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 11145 and ISO 80000-7 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

— IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1 absorptance

a

ratio of the radiant flux absorbed to the radiant flux of the incident radiation

Note 1 to entry: The definition of absorptance used for this document is limited to absorptance processes which convert the absorbed energy into heat. For certain types of optics and radiation, additional non-thermal processes can result in absorption losses which will not be detected by the test procedure described here (see [Annex A](#)).

4 Symbols and units of measure

Symbol	Term	Unit
C_{eff}	Thermal capacity of test sample, holder, etc.	J/K
c_p	Specific heat capacity of test sample	J/(kg·K)
$d_{\sigma_x}, d_{\sigma_y}$	Beam width on test sample	mm
m_i	Mass of test sample, holder, etc.	kg
P	cw power	W

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