



**NSAI**  
Standards

Irish Standard  
I.S. EN 15199-1:2020

Petroleum products - Determination of boiling range distribution by gas chromatography method - Part 1: Middle distillates and lubricating base oils

**I.S. EN 15199-1:2020**

*Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:*

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I.S. xxx: Irish Standard — national specification based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

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SWiFT xxx: A rapidly developed recommendatory document based on the consensus of the participants of an NSAI workshop.

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## National Foreword

I.S. EN 15199-1:2020 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN 15199-1:2020, Petroleum products - Determination of boiling range distribution by gas chromatography method - Part 1: Middle distillates and lubricating base oils

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 15199-1

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

December 2020

ICS 75.080

Supersedes EN 15199-1:2006

English Version

**Petroleum products - Determination of boiling range  
distribution by gas chromatography method - Part 1:  
Middle distillates and lubricating base oils**

Produits pétroliers - Détermination de la répartition  
dans l'intervalle de distillation par méthode de  
chromatographie en phase gazeuse - Partie 1 : Distillats  
moyens et huiles lubrifiantes

Mineralölerzeugnisse - Gaschromatographische  
Bestimmung des Siedeverlaufes - Teil 1:  
Mitteldestillate und Grundöle

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 23 November 2020.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION  
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EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels**

## EN 15199-1:2020 (E)

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## European foreword

This document (EN 15199-1:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 19 “Gaseous and liquid fuels, lubricants and related products of petroleum, synthetic and biological origin”, the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2021.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 15199-1:2006.

The main changes in this edition are:

- the precision is extended for the recovery points between 10 % and 50 %;
- the text has been updated editorially in order to give better guidance to operators executing the test.

EN 15199 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Petroleum products — Determination of boiling range distribution by gas chromatography method*:

- *Part 1: Middle distillates and lubricating base oils;*
- *Part 2: Heavy distillates and residual fuels;*
- *Part 3: Crude oil;*
- *Part 4: Light fractions of crude oil.*

This document specifies the determination of boiling range distribution of materials with initial boiling points (IBP) above 100 °C and final boiling points (FBP) below 750 °C. For testing materials with initial boiling points (IBP) above 100 °C and final boiling point (FBP) above 750 °C, Part 2 of the standard can be used. For testing materials with initial boiling points (IBP) below 100 °C and final boiling points (FBP) above 750 °C, such as crude oils, Part 3 can be used. Part 4 describes the determination of boiling range distribution of hydrocarbons up to *n*-nonane in crude oil.

This document is based on IP Test Method IP 480 [4] and ASTM Test Method ASTM D6352 [3].

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

## EN 15199-1:2020 (E)

### 1 Scope

This document specifies a method for the determination of the boiling range distribution of petroleum products by capillary gas chromatography using flame ionization detection. The standard is applicable to materials having a vapour pressure low enough to permit sampling at ambient temperature and a boiling range of at least 100 °C. The standard is applicable to distillates with initial boiling points (IBP) above 100 °C and final boiling points (FBP) below 750 °C, for example, middle distillates and lubricating base stocks.

The test method is not applicable for the analysis of petroleum or petroleum products containing low molecular weight components (for example naphtha's, reformates, gasolines) or middle distillates like Diesel and Jet fuel.

Petroleum or petroleum products containing blending components which contain heteroatoms (for example alcohols, ethers, acids, or esters) or residue are not to be analysed by this test method.

NOTE For the purposes of this document, the terms “% (m/m)” and “% (V/V)” are used to represent respectively the mass fraction and the volume fraction.

WARNING — The use of this document can involve hazardous materials, operations and equipment. This document does not purport to address all of the safety problems associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN ISO 3170, *Petroleum liquids — Manual sampling (ISO 3170)*

EN ISO 3171, *Petroleum liquids — Automatic pipeline sampling (ISO 3171)*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

#### 3.1 initial boiling point

##### IBP

temperature corresponding to the retention time at which a net area counts equal to 0,5 % of the total sample area (3.6) under the chromatogram is obtained (see Figure 1)

#### 3.2 final boiling point

##### FBP

temperature corresponding to the retention time at which a net area (3.7) counts equal to 99,5 % of the total sample area (3.6) under the chromatogram is obtained (see Figure 1)



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