

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 22300:2021

Security and resilience - Vocabulary (ISO 22300:2021)

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I.S. EN ISO 22300:2021

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National Foreword

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 22300

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

March 2021

ICS 01.040.03; 03.100.01

Supersedes EN ISO 22300:2018

English Version

Security and resilience - Vocabulary (ISO 22300:2021)

Sécurité et résilience - Vocabulaire (ISO 22300:2021)

Sicherheit und Resilienz - Vokabular (ISO 22300:2021)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 23 February 2021.

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EN ISO 22300:2021 (E)

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 22300:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 292 "Security and resilience" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 391 "Societal and Citizen Security" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2021.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 22300

Third edition 2021-02

$Security\ and\ resilience -- Vocabulary$

Sécurité et résilience — Vocabulaire



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 292, *Security and resilience*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 391, *Societal and Citizen Security*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 22300:2018), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared with the previous edition are as follows:

- terms have been added from recent published documents and documents transferred to ISO/TC 292;
- the terminological entries have been separated into subclauses by subject matter.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document provides definitions of generic terms and subject-specific terms related to documents produced by ISO/TC 292. It covers the ISO 22300 family of standards as well as some documents in the ISO 28000 family of standards.

It aims to encourage a mutual and consistent understanding and use of uniform terms and definitions in processes and frameworks in the field of security and resilience.

This document can be applied as a reference by competent authorities, as well as by specialists involved in standardization systems, to better and more accurately understand relevant text, correspondences and communications.

The terms and definitions in 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 apply only to counterfeiting tax stamps standards, to supply chain standards or to CCTV standards, respectively, and do not apply generally.

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Security and resilience — Vocabulary

1 Scope

This document defines terms used in security and resilience standards.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1 Terms related to security and resilience

3.1.1

access

ability of the *rights holders* (3.1.214) to use or *benefit* (3.1.17) from a certain service or product

Note 1 to entry: Restrictions can be caused by distance to the source (e.g. water supply network does not reach a certain neighbourhood) or unaffordability (e.g. service is too costly for a certain household or group of people), among other reasons.

3.1.2

activity

set of one or more tasks with a defined output

3.1.3

adhesive

glue

chemical mixture that bonds two materials together

Note 1 to entry: It can be enabled by heat, pressure or chemistry.

3.1.4

affected area

location that has been impacted by a *disruptive event* (3.1.76) (incident, accident, disaster)

Note 1 to entry: The term is more relevant to immediate *evacuations* (3.1.92).

3.1.5

after-action report

final exercise report

document (3.1.77) that records, describes and analyses the actual disruption (3.1.75) or exercise (3.1.97), drawing on debriefs and reports from observers (3.1.163), and derives lessons from it

Note 1 to entry: The after-action report documents the results from the after-action review (3.1.211).



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