

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 80601-2-85:2021

Medical electrical equipment - Part 2-85: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of cerebral tissue oximeter equipment (ISO 80601-2-85:2021)

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National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 80601-2-85:2021 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 80601-2-85:2021, Medical electrical equipment - Part 2-85: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of cerebral tissue oximeter equipment (ISO 80601-2-85:2021)

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EN ISO 80601-2-85

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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English Version

Medical electrical equipment - Part 2-85: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of cerebral tissue oximeter equipment (ISO 80601-2-85:2021)

Appareils électromédicaux - Partie 2-85: Exigences particulières pour la sécurité de base et les performances essentielles des oxymètres pour tissu cérébral (ISO 80601-2-85:2021)

Medizinische elektrische Geräte - Teil 2-85: Besondere Anforderungen für die Sicherheit einschließlich der wesentlichen Leistungsmerkmale von Geräten für die nicht-invasive zerebrale Oxymetrie (ISO 80601-2-85:2021)

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EN ISO 80601-2-85:2021 (E)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 80601-2-85:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 121 "Anaesthetic and respiratory equipment" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 215 "Respiratory and anaesthetic equipment" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2024.

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INTERNATIONAL ISO STANDARD 80601-2-85

First edition 2021-03

Medical electrical equipment —

Part 2-85:

Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of cerebral tissue oximeter equipment

Appareils électromédicaux —

Partie 2-85: Exigences particulières pour la sécurité de base et les performances essentielles des oxymètres pour tissu cérébral





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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This document was prepared jointly by Technical Committee ISO/TC 121, Anaesthetic and respiratory equipment, Subcommittee SC 3, Respiratory devices and related equipment used for patient care, and Technical Committee IEC/TC 62, Electrical equipment in medical practice, Subcommittee 62D, Electromedical equipment, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 215, Respiratory and anaesthetic equipment, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

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Introduction

The estimation of blood oxygen saturation in the brain tissue by *cerebral tissue oximetry equipment* is increasingly used in many areas of medicine. This document covers *basic safety* and *essential performance* requirements achievable within the limits of existing technology.

Annex AA contains a rationale for some of the requirements. It is included to provide additional insight into the reasoning of the committees that led to a requirement and into the *hazards* that the requirement addresses.

Annex BB is a literature review and provides recommendations relevant to determining the maximum safe temperature of the interface between a *cerebral tissue oximeter probe* and a *patient's* tissue.

Annex CC discusses both the formulae used to evaluate the StO_2 accuracy of cerebral tissue oximeter equipment measurements, and the names that are assigned to those formulae.

Annex DD presents guidance on using in-vitro methods (phantoms) for *verification* of StO_2 accuracy of cerebral tissue oximeter equipment.

Annex EE presents a guideline for an in-vivo (human subjects) controlled desaturation study for the verification of StO_2 accuracy of cerebral tissue oximeter equipment.

Annex FF is a description of *functional testers* for use with *cerebral tissue oximeter equipment*.

Annex GG describes concepts of *cerebral tissue oximeter equipment* response time.

Annex HH describes data interface requirements.

Annex II is a comparison between human desaturations (in-vivo) and *tissue haemoglobin phantom* desaturations (in-vitro) for assessing StO_2 accuracy.

In this document, the following print types are used:

- requirements and definitions: roman type;
- Instructions, test specifications and terms defined in Clause 3 of the general standard, in this document or as noted: italic type;
- informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller type; normative text of tables is also in a smaller type.

In referring to the structure of this document, the term

- "clause" means one of the numbered divisions within the table of contents, inclusive of all subdivisions (e.g. Clause 201.7 includes subclauses 201.7.1, 201.7.2) and
- "subclause" means a numbered subdivision of a clause (e.g. 201.7.1, 7.2 and 201.7.2.1 are all subclauses of Clause 201.7).

References to clauses within this document are preceded by the term "Clause" followed by the clause number. References to subclauses within this document are by number only.

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In this document, the conjunctive "or" is used as an "inclusive or" so a statement is true if any combination of the conditions is true.

For the purposes of this document, the auxiliary verb:

- "shall" means that conformance with a requirement or a test is mandatory for conformance with this document;
- "should" means that conformance with a requirement or a test is recommended but is not mandatory for conformance with this document; and
- "may" is used to describe permission (e.g. a permissible way to achieve conformance with a requirement or test);
- "can" is used to describe a possibility or capability; and
- "must" is used to express an external constraint.

Annex C contains a guide to the marking and labelling requirements in this document.

Annex D contains a summary of the symbols referenced in this document.

An asterisk (*) as the first character of a title or at the beginning of a paragraph or table title indicates that there is guidance or rationale related to that item in AA.

Medical electrical equipment —

Part 2-85:

Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of cerebral tissue oximeter equipment

201.1 Scope, object and related standards

Clause 1 of the general standard applies, except as follows.

NOTE The general standard is IEC 60601-1:2005+AMD1:2012+AMD2:2020.

201.1.1 * Scope

Replacement:

This document applies to *basic safety* and *essential performance* of *cerebral tissue oximeter equipment*, that employs light at multiple wavelengths to derive a quantitative measure of oxygen saturation of haemoglobin within the volume of tissue sampled under the *probe* attached to the head. The *cerebral tissue oximeter equipment* can be based on continuous light, frequency domain or time domain technologies. This document applies to *ME equipment* used in a hospital environment as well as when used outside the hospital environment, such as in ambulances and air transport. Additional standards may apply to *ME equipment* for those environments of use.

NOTE 1 *Cerebral tissue oximeters* are sometimes referred to as near infrared spectroscopy equipment in medical literature.

Not included within the scope of this document are:

- invasive tissue or vascular oximeters;
- oximeters that require a blood sample from the *patient*;
- equipment measuring dissolved oxygen;
- *ME equipment*, or part thereof, that measures path-length-dependent haemoglobin change. The requirements for functional near-infrared spectroscopy equipment are found in ISO 80601-2-71^[4];
- *ME equipment*, or part thereof, that measures arterial saturation based on pulsatile changes in tissue optical properties (SpO_2). The requirements for pulse oximeter equipment are found in ISO 80601-2-61^[3];
- *ME equipment*, or any part thereof, that claims to monitor tissue in parts of the body other than the head.

This document also applies to *cerebral tissue oximeter equipment*, including *cerebral tissue oximeter monitors*, *cerebral tissue oximeter probes* and *probe cable extenders*, that have been *remanufactured*.



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