





Australian/New Zealand Standard™

PVC-U pipes and fittings for stormwater and surface water applications



AS/NZS 1254:2010

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The following are represented on Committee PL-021: Association of Accredited Certification Bodies Australian Chamber of Commerce and Industry Engineers Australia Local Government New Zealand Master Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers New Zealand National Plumbing Regulators Forum New Zealand Water and Waste Association Plastics and Chemicals Industries Association Plastics Industry Pipe Association of Australia Plastics New Zealand Water Services Association of Australia

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Preface

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee PL-021, PVC, ABS and Polyamide Pipe Systems, to supersede AS/NZS 1254:2002, *PVC pipes and fittings for stormwater and surface water applications.*

(A) This Standard incorporates Amendment No. 1 (April 2011), Amendment No. 2 (December 2013), Amendment No. 3 (November 2018) and Amendment No. 4 (June 2024). The start and end of changes introduced by the Amendment are indicated in the text by tags including the Amendment number.

The objective of this Standard is to outline minimum requirements for the manufacture and performance of PVC-U pipes and fittings for stormwater applications for use by manufacturers, specifiers and purchasers of such products.

For pipe of nominal diameter DN 75 there is one classification based on minimum wall thickness. This is class SN2. For pipe of nominal diameter DN 90 and DN 100 there are three classifications based on minimum pipe stiffness. These are pipe stiffness classes SN2, SN4 and SN8. For pipes greater than DN 100 there are 4 stiffness classes, SN1.5, SN2, SN4 and SN8.

Sufficient dimensional information is provided to ensure compatible joints, minimum bore and resistance to abrasion.

Stiffness class SN8 has been included for applications where heavy loads, for example deeper burial, traffic loads or poor installation practice for which higher pipe stiffness may be required to minimize deflection of the installed pipes.

Stiffness class SN1.5 in sizes greater than DN 100 has been included to accommodate pipes currently manufactured and shown to perform satisfactorily.

Pipe stiffness is a measure of resistance of a pipe to ring deflection and is determined by testing or calculation, in newtons per metre diametral deflection per metre length.

Users wishing to compare the stiffness of pipes made to the previously superseded classification scheme (AS 1254-1981 and NZS 7649-1988), with current requirements may use the equation of <u>Clause 1.3.11</u>.

The E_b value for sandwich construction pipe may be less than that for plain wall pipe of the same wall thickness. To achieve the same pipe stiffness, a sandwich construction pipe might require a greater wall thickness than for an equivalent plain wall pipe.

Caution is advised, however, because it is necessary to assume a value of the initial three-minute ring bending modulus E_b of PVC in the equation. The committee has assumed a value of 3200 MPa for PVC (as recommended in AS/NZS 2566.1) for the three-minute ring bending modulus (E_b). This value is not a 'material constant'; it depends on the resin used, and the influence of the additives and fillers used in the manufacture of PVC stormwater pipes. While calculations are useful for estimating pipe stiffness and wall thickness, these values should only be used as guidelines.

The test criteria of this Standard apply to pipes and fittings at the time of manufacture and should not be used to assess the results from tests on pipes or fittings that have been in service.

It should be noted that, by convention, plastics pipe systems are often designed on the basis of 50 years extrapolated test data. This is established international practice but is not intended to imply the service life of drainage pipes is limited to 50 years. For correctly manufactured and installed systems, the actual life cannot be predicted, but can logically be expected to be well in excess of 100 years before major rehabilitation is required.

Changes to this edition include the exclusion of additives containing compounds based on lead, cadmium or mercury and changing the reporting requirements for ring flexibility to reflect the changes in the test method.

AS 5395 (A) AS 5395 (A) sets out the provisions for best environmental practice PVC for stormwater and surface water applications. These provisions are in accordance with the credit criteria established by the Green Building Council of Australia in their Green Star rating program. (A)

A [Text deleted.] A

Statements expressed in mandatory terms in notes to tables are deemed to be requirements of this Standard.

The term 'informative' has been used in this Standard to define the application of the appendix to which it applies. An 'informative' appendix is only for information and guidance.



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