AS 3755—1990 ISO 7779:1988

Australian Standard®

Acoustics—Measurement of airborne noise emitted by computer and business equipment This Australian Standard was prepared by Committee AV/7, Acoustics, Noise from Office and Household Equipment. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 28 November 1989 and published on 14 May 1990.

The following interests are represented on Committee AV/7:

Association of Consulting Engineers Australia Australian Acoustical Society Australian Consumer Association Australian Electrical and Electronic Manufacturers Association Australian Environment Council CSIRO, Division of Applied Physics

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Acoustics—Measurement of airborne noise emitted by computer and business equipment

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PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee on Acoustics—Noise from Office and Household Equipment.

It is identical with and has been reproduced from ISO 7779 (1988), Acoustics—Measurement of airborne noise emitted by computer and business equipment.

For the purpose of this Australian Standard the ISO text should be modified as follows:

- (a) Subclause 5.3.2: In line 4, delete '300 m³' and substitute '350 m³'.
- (b) *References.* The references to other publications should be replaced by references to Australian Standard.

Reference to International Standard

Australian Standard AS

- ISO
- 266 Acoustics—Preferred frequencies for measurements
- 3740 Acoustics—Determination of sound power levels of noise sources—Guidelines for the use of basic standards and for the preparation of noise test codes
- 3741 Acoustics—Determination of sound power levels of noise sources—Precision methods for broad-band sources in reverberation rooms
- 3742 Acoustics—Determination of sound power levels of noise sources—Precision methods for discrete-frequency and narrow-band sources in reverberation room
- 3743 Acoustics—Determination of sound power levels of noise sources—Engineering methods for special reverberation test rooms
- 3744 Acoustics—Determination of sound power levels of noise sources—Engineering methods for free-field conditions over a reflecting plane
- 3745 Acoustics—Determination of sound power levels of noise sources—Precision methods for anechoic and semi-anechoic rooms
- 9295 Acoustics—Measurement of highfrequency noise emitted by computer and business equipment
- 9296 Acoustics—Declared noise emission values of computer and business equipment
- IEC
- 225 Octave, half-octave and third-octave band filters intended for the analysis of sounds and vibrations
- 651 Sound level meters

- 2533 Acoustics—Preferred frequencies for measurements
- 1217.1 Acoustics—Determination of sound power levels of noise sources, Part 1: Guidelines for the use of basic standards for the preparation of noise test codes
- 1217.2 Acoustics—Determination of sound power levels of noise sources, Part 2: Precision methods for broad-band sources in reverberation rooms
- 1217.3 Acoustics—Determination of sound power levels of noise sources, Part 3: Precision methods for discrete-frequency and narrow-band sources in reverberation room
- 1217.4 Acoustics—Determination of sound power levels of noise sources, Part 4: Engineering methods for special reverberation test rooms
- 1217.5 Acoustics—Determination of sound power levels of noise sources, Part 5: Engineering methods for free-field conditions over a reflecting plane
- 1217.6 Acoustics—Determination of sound power levels of noise sources, Part 6: Precision methods for anechoic and semi-anechoic rooms
- 3756 Acoustics—Measurement of high frequency noise emitted by computer and business equipment
- 3757 Acoustics—Declared noise emission values of computer and business equipment
- AS
- Z41 Octave, half-octave and one-third octave band pass filters intended for analysis of sound and vibrations
- 1259 Sound level meters

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