AS/NZS 60269.3.1:2002

IEC 60269-3-1:1994

IEC 60269-3-1:1994/Amd 1:1995 IEC 60269-3-1:1994/Amd 2:2001

Australian/New Zealand Standard™

Low-voltage fuses

Part 3.1: Supplementary requirements for fuses for use by unskilled persons (fuses mainly for household and similar applications)
Sections I-IV: Examples of types of standardized fuses





AS/NZS 60269.3.1:2002

This Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard was prepared by Joint Technical Committee EL-007, Power Switchgear. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 12 November 2001 and on behalf of the Council of Standards New Zealand on 19 February 2002. It was published on 26 February 2002.

The following interests are represented on Committee EL-007:

Australasian Railway Association
Australian British Chamber of Commerce
Australian Electrical and Electronic Manufacturers Association
Electricity Supply Association of Australia
Institution of Engineers Australia
Testing Interests (Australia)
TransPower New Zealand Limited
WorkCover New South Wales

Keeping Standards up-to-date

Standards are living documents which reflect progress in science, technology and systems. To maintain their currency, all Standards are periodically reviewed, and new editions are published. Between editions, amendments may be issued. Standards may also be withdrawn. It is important that readers assure themselves they are using a current Standard, which should include any amendments which may have been published since the Standard was purchased.

Detailed information about joint Australian/New Zealand Standards can be found by visiting the Standards Australia web site at www.standards.com.au or Standards New Zealand web site at www.standards.co.nz and looking up the relevant Standard in the on-line catalogue.

Alternatively, both organizations publish an annual printed Catalogue with full details of all current Standards. For more frequent listings or notification of revisions, amendments and withdrawals, Standards Australia and Standards New Zealand offer a number of update options. For information about these services, users should contact their respective national Standards organization.

We also welcome suggestions for improvement in our Standards, and especially encourage readers to notify us immediately of any apparent inaccuracies or ambiguities. Please address your comments to the Chief Executive of either Standards Australia International or Standards New Zealand at the address shown on the back cover.

Australian/New Zealand Standard™

Low-voltage fuses

Part 3.1: Supplementary requirements for fuses for use by unskilled persons (fuses mainly for household and similar applications)
Sections I-IV: Examples of types of standardized fuses

Originated as part of AS 2005.3—1978.
Previous edition AS 2005.30—1991.
Jointly revised and redesignated as AS/NZS 60269.3.1:2002.

COPYRIGHT

© Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand

All rights are reserved. No part of this work may be reproduced or copied in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without the written permission of the publisher.

Jointly published by Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 5420, Sydney, NSW 2001 and Standards New Zealand, Private Bag 2439, Wellington 6020

PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee EL-007, Power Switchgear to supersede AS 2005.30—1991, when used in conjunction with AS/NZS 60269.3.0.

AS/NZS 60269.3.0:2000 provides generic supplementary requirements to those stated in AS/NZS 60269.1:2000 for fuses for use by unskilled persons.

The objective of this Standard is to provide specific examples of the application of these supplementary requirements stated in AS/NZS 60269.3.0:2000.

This Standard is Part 3.1 of a series which, when complete, will consist of the following:

AS/NZS			
60269	Low-voltage fuses		
60269.1	Part 1:	General requirements	
60269.2.0	Part 2.0:	Supplementary requirements for fuses for use by authorized persons (mainly for industrial application)	
60269.2.1	Part 2.1:	Supplementary requirements for fuses for use by authorized persons (mainly for industrial application)— Sections I to V: Examples of types of standardized fuses	
60269.3.0	Part 3.0:	Supplementary requirements for fuses for use by unskilled persons (fuses mainly for household and similar applications)	
60269.3.1	Part 3.1	Supplementary requirements for fuses for use by unskilled persons (fuses mainly for household and similar applications)—Sections I to IV: Examples of types of standardized fuses (This Standard)	
60269.4.0	Part 4.0:	Supplementary requirements for fuse-links for the protection of semi-conductor devices	
60269.4.1	Part 4.1:	Supplementary requirements for fuse-links for the protection of semi-conductor devices—Section 1: Examples of types of standardized fuse-links	

The requirements of this Standard do not apply to fuses manufactured to AS 3135–1997.

This Standard is identical with and has been reproduced from IEC 60269-3-1:1994, Low-voltage fuses-Part 3-1: Supplementary requirements for fuses for use by unskilled persons (fuses mainly for household and similar applications)-Sections I to IV incorporating its Amendment 1:1995 and Amendment 2:2001.

This Standard includes requirements for 240 V and 415 V cylindrical fuses type B previously contained in AS 2005.30—1991 as 240 V type I and 415 V type II fuses. Requirements for other fuse types specified in this Standard were not previously specified in the AS 2005 series.

A reference to an International Standard identified in the normative references clause by strikethrough (example) is replaced by a reference to the Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standard(s) listed immediately thereafter and identified by shading (example). Where the struck-through referenced document and the referenced Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standard are identical, this is indicated in parenthesis after the title of the latter.

In view of the fact that this standard should be read together with AS/NZS 60269.1, *Low-voltage Fuses*, Part 1: *General Requirements*, the numbering of its clauses and sub-clauses is made to correspond to the latter. Regarding the tables, their numbering also corresponds to that of AS/NZS 60269.1, however, when additional tables appear, they are referred to by capital letters, for example, Table A, Table B, etc.

The term 'informative' has been used in this Standard to define the application of the annex to which it applies. An 'informative' annex is only for information and guidance.

As this Standard is reproduced from an International Standard, the following applies:

- (a) Its number does not appear on each page of text and its identity is shown only on the cover and title page.
- (b) In the source text 'this standard' should read 'this Australian/New Zealand Standard'.
- (c) A full point should be substituted for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.



	This is a free preview.	Purchase the e	entire publication	at the link below:
--	-------------------------	----------------	--------------------	--------------------

Product Page

- Dooking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore
- Dearn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation