AS 1929—1981

Australian Standard®

# NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING GLOSSARY OF TERMS

The following scientific, industrial and governmental organizations and departments were officially represented on the committee entrusted with the preparation of this standard:

Australian Atomic Energy Commission

Australian Gas Association

Australian Institute for Non-destructive Testing

Australian Welding Institute

Bureau of Steel Manufacturers of Australia

Confederation of Australian Industry

Department of Defence

Department of Industrial Relations, N.S.W.

Department of Labour and Industry, Victoria

Department of Productivity

Electricity Supply Association of Australia

Institute of Australian Foundrymen (N.S.W. Division)

National Association of Testing Authorities

Railways of Australia Committee

Society of Automotive Engineers-Australasia

This standard, prepared by Committee MT/7, Non-destructive Testing of Metals and Materials, was approved on behalf of the Council of the Standards Association of Australia on 19 February 1981, and was published on 1 June 1981.

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## NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING GLOSSARY OF TERMS

First published (as AS B259 Pts 1-5) 1968 AS 1929 first published 1977 Second edition 1981 **AS 1929—1981** 2

#### **PREFACE**

This edition of this standard was prepared by the Association's Committee on Non-destructive Testing to replace the 1977 edition which was a revision of AS B259, Parts 1 to 5—1968.

Some terms have been deleted because their meaning is not restricted to non-destructive testing. Known errors have been corrected and additional terms added. Of significance are those related to radioactivity; in particular the rad, rem and roentgen have been replaced by the SI units gray (Gy), sievert (Sv) and coulombs per kilogram (C/kg) respectively. The numbers allocated to the terms for reference from the Index have been deleted and the Index now gives only the relevant Section number, the terms within the Sections being in alphabetical order.

AS B259, which was BS 3683, Parts 1 to 5, endorsed as the Australian standard, was issued in separate parts. The committee decided that Australian industry would be best served by the issue of one glossary which covered all the fields of non-destructive testing. This standard accordingly reflects that decision.

During preparation of the standard, BS 3683, Parts 1 to 5, and the following publications were considered:

ISO/R 947— Explanations on the Significance of the Principal Radiographic Terms Used in ISO Recommendations

BS 3455 Glossary of Terms Used in Nuclear Science and Technology

ASTM E 268—1968 Terms Relating to Electromagnetic Testing.

The committee also considered a publication issued by the Aerospace Industries Association (USA) 'Glossary of Terms Frequently Used in Non-destructive Testing'. Acknowledgement is made of the assistance obtained from these sources.

Terms which specifically relate to a particular field of testing have been placed in the appropriate section, cross referencing being used where terms are related. General physical terms which have widespread use and are not confined to non-destructive testing have not been included.

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#### NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING—GLOSSARY OF TERMS

#### SECTION 1. GENERAL TERMS

Term Definition

acoustic testing The method of non-destructive testing which uses acoustic energy usually within the

frequency range 1 MHz to 5 MHz.

defect A discontinuity whose size, shape, orientation, location or properties make it detrimental

to the useful service of the product in which it occurs or which exceeds the accept/reject

criteria for the given design.

discontinuity

Any imperfection or interruption in the normal physical structure or configuration of a

product, such as cracks, laps, seams, inclusions, porosity, lamination or change in grain

structure.

NOTE: A discontinuity may or may not affect the usefulness of the product.

test. Changes in current flow are subsequently analysed.

electromagnetic testing The method of non-destructive testing which uses electromagnetic energy having

frequencies less than visible light. It covers eddy current, magnetic field, leakage field

pick-up and direct current conduction tests.

indication A response or evidence of a response in non destructive testing that requires

interpretation to determine its significance.

magnetic particle testing The method of non-destructive testing which involves the generation of a magnetic flux

within magnetic materials, used to detect surface or near surface discontinuities. Testing also involves the application of suitable magnetic particles to the surface of the material

to give an indication of a discontinuity.

non-destructive testing Testing of materials to detect internal, surface and concealed defects or discontinuities

using methods which do not damage or destroy the material under test.

penetrant testing The method of non-destructive testing which involves the application of a penetrant to

materials to detect and locate discontinuities such as laps, folds, cracks, porosity and fissures which are open to the surface. The method also involves the removal of excess penetrant, and, if necessary, the application of a developer to produce a visible indication

of a discontinuity.

radiation testing The method of non-destructive testing which uses X-rays or gamma rays in order to

produce a graphic record on sensitized film which indicates comparative soundness of the

material under test.



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