AS/NZS 1269.3:1998

# Australian/New Zealand Standard®

## **Occupational noise management**

Part 3: Hearing protector program

#### AS/NZS 1269.3:1998

This Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard was prepared by Joint Technical Committee AV/3, Acoustics, Human Effects. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 31 December 1997 and on behalf of the Council of Standards New Zealand on 15 January 1998. It was published on 5 March 1998.

The following interests are represented on Committee AV/3:

Acoustical Consulting Interests, New Zealand Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants Australian Acoustical Society Australian Chamber of Commerce and Industry Australian Hearing Services Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council Department of Bush Fire Services, New South Wales Department of Labour, New Zealand New South Wales Nurses Association Royal Institution of Naval Architects, Australia Safety Institute of Australia The Association of Consulting Engineers, Australia The Institute of Marine Engineers, Australian/New Zealand Division Victorian WorkCover Authority WorkCover N.S.W. WorkSafe, Western Australia

Additional interests participating in preparation of Standard:

Australian Institute of Occupational Hygienists Compensation Court of New South Wales Composites Institute of Australia Institute of Environmental Science and Research, New Zealand

**Review of Standards.** To keep abreast of progress in industry, Joint Australian/ New Zealand Standards are subject to periodic review and are kept up to date by the issue of amendments or new editions as necessary. It is important therefore that Standards users ensure that they are in possession of the latest edition, and any amendments thereto.

Full details of all Joint Standards and related publications will be found in the Standards Australia and Standards New Zealand Catalogue of Publications; this information is supplemented each month by the magazines 'The Australian Standard' and 'Standards New Zealand', which subscribing members receive, and which give details of new publications, new editions and amendments, and of withdrawn Standards.

Suggestions for improvements to Joint Standards, addressed to the head office of either Standards Australia or Standards New Zealand, are welcomed. Notification of any inaccuracy or ambiguity found in a Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard should be made without delay in order that the matter may be investigated and appropriate action taken.

This Standard was issued in draft form for comment as DR 95471.

# Australian/New Zealand Standard®

## **Occupational noise management**

### Part 3: Hearing protector program

Originated in Australia as part of AS 1269—1976. Previous Australian edition AS 1269—1989. Jointly revised and redesignated AS/NZS 1269.3:1998.

PUBLISHED JOINTLY BY:

STANDARDS AUSTRALIA 1 The Crescent, Homebush NSW 2140 Australia

STANDARDS NEW ZEALAND Level 10, Radio New Zealand House, 155 The Terrace, Wellington 6001 New Zealand

#### PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee AV/3, Acoustics, Human Effects to supersede, in part, AS 1269–1989: Acoustics—Hearing Conservation.

This is Part 3 in a series of Standards whose objective is to provide requirements and guidance on all facets of occupational noise management. It is recommended that the reader refer to all Parts of AS/NZS 1269 to better understand all relevant terminology and objectives of occupational noise management.

The full series of Standards is as follows:

AS/NZS

1269 Occupational noise management
1269.0 Part 0: Overview
1269.1 Part 1: Measurement and assessment of noise immission and exposure
1269.2 Part 2: Noise control management
1269.3 Part 3: Hearing protector program
1269.4 Part 4: Auditory assessment

The objective of this Part is to give requirements and guidance to all people who supply, purchase or wear hearing protectors and to encourage the use of effective criteria in their selection, use, care and maintenance.

Hearing protectors are items of personal protection which, as a result of their sound attenuation properties, reduce the effects of noise on hearing in order to avoid hearing damage. In order that the protection offered by hearing protectors be effectively realized, hearing protectors should be used all the time that the user is in a potentially excessive noise environment. In the selection of hearing protectors, attention is therefore drawn to the importance of considering factors which may influence comfort and acceptance.

In occupational noise management programs, measures other than personal hearing protection such as the identification of noise areas, and the assessment of personal noise exposure and noise control, require attention as priorities.

Since its introduction as an Australian Standard in 1976, AS 1269 has undergone revisions in 1979, 1983 and 1989. The major change from the 1989 edition is the splitting of the Standard into five Parts, with each Part of the series being an expansion of a relevant section in the 1989 edition. The series reflects changes in technology and where applicable, follows guidance and techniques given in relevant International Standards. The series also reflects the change from the concept of a 'noise dose' to that of 'noise exposure'. Exposure has an absolute value which is independent of the noise exposure criterion.

Other changes are the expansion of the noise reduction section to emphasize noise control as the primary goal of an occupational noise management program, the provision of more detailed guidance on the implementation and management of noise control and hearing protector programs, the improvement of procedures for auditory assessment and the publication of the series as Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand documents.

In the preparation of this document cognizance was taken of prEN 458: *Hearing Protectors—Recommendations for the selection, use, care and maintenance.* 

The terms 'normative' and 'informative' have been used in this Standard to define the application of the appendix to which they apply. A 'normative' appendix is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an 'informative' appendix is only for information and guidance.

Page

### **CONTENTS**

1	SCOPE	4
2	REFERENCED DOCUMENTS	4
3	DEFINITIONS	4
4	MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY	5
5	HEARING PROTECTORS	6
6	SELECTION OF HEARING PROTECTORS	7
7	ISSUE AND FITTING OF HEARING PROTECTORS	11
8	CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE	11
9	INSPECTION FOR DEFECTS	13
10	HEARING PROTECTOR AREAS	13
11	ENSURING THE CONTINUED EFFECTIVENESS OF	
	THE HEARING PROTECTOR PROGRAM	14
12	TRAINING IN THE USE OF HEARING PROTECTORS	15
13	AUDIOMETRY AND THE PURPOSE OF	
	AUDIOMETRIC TEST RESULTS	16
APPE	NDICES	
А	METHODS OF SELECTING A HEARING PROTECTOR	
	WHEN $L_{Aeq,8h}$ EXCEEDS $L(crit)_{Aeq,8h}$	17
В	METHOD FOR SELECTING A HEARING PROTECTOR	
	WHEN $L_{\text{peak}}$ EXCEEDS $L(\text{crit})_{\text{peak}}$	21
С	HEADBAND CLAMP FORCE COMPARISON	22
D	TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE SELECTION, USE	
	AND MAINTENANCE OF HEARING PROTECTORS	23
Е	DESCRIPTION OF THE CLASSIFICATION METHOD FOR	
	SELECTION OF HEARING PROTECTORS	26

#### C Copyright-STANDARDS ~AUSTRALIA/STANDARDS ~NEW ZEALAND

Users of Standards are reminded that copyright subsists in all Standards Australia and Standards New Zealand publications and software. Except where the Copyright Act allows and except where provided for below no publications or software produced by Standards Australia or Standards New Zealand may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system in any form or transmitted by any means without prior permission in writing from Standards Australia or Standards New Zealand. Permission may be conditional on an appropriate royalty payment. Australian requests for permission and information on commercial software royalties should be directed to the head office of Standards Australia. New Zealand requests should be directed to Standards New Zealand.

Up to 10 percent of the technical content pages of a Standard may be copied for use exclusively in-house by purchasers of the Standard without payment of a royalty or advice to Standards Australia or Standards New Zealand.

Inclusion of copyright material in computer software programs is also permitted without royalty payment provided such programs are used exclusively in-house by the creators of the programs.

Care should be taken to ensure that material used is from the current edition of the Standard and that it is updated whenever the Standard is amended or revised. The number and date of the Standard should therefore be clearly identified.

The use of material in print form or in computer software programs to be used commercially, with or without payment, or in commercial contracts is subject to the payment of a royalty. This policy may be varied by Standards Australia or Standards New Zealand at any time.



This is a free preview. Purchase the entire publication at the link below:

**Product Page** 

S Looking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore

> Learn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation