AS/NZS 60079.20.1:2012 IEC 60079-20-1, Ed. 1.0 (2010)

Australian/New Zealand Standard™

**Explosive atmospheres** 

Part 20.1: Material characteristics for gas and vapour classification—Test methods and data





#### AS/NZS 60079.20.1:2012

This Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard was prepared by Joint Technical Committee MS-011, Classification of Hazardous Areas. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 14 February 2012 and on behalf of the Council of Standards New Zealand on 31 January 2012. This Standard was published on 29 February 2012.

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Originated in part as AS/NZS 60079.1.1:2002, AS/NZS 60079.4:2000, AS/NZS 60079.12:2000 and AS/NZS 60079.20:2000. Revised, amalgamated and redesignated AS/NZS 60079.20.1:2012.

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2

### PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee MS-011, Classification of Hazardous Areas.

This Standard forms the first edition of AS/NZS 60079.20.1 and it is intended to replace AS/NZS 60079.1.1:2002, Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres—Flameproof enclosures 'd'—Method of test for ascertainment of maximum experimental safe gap, AS/NZS 60079.4:2000 Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres—Method of test for ignition temperature, AS/NZS 60079.12:2000, Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres—Classification of mixtures of gases or vapours with air according to their maximum experimental safe gaps and minimum igniting currents, AS/NZS 60079.20:2000, Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres—Data for flammable gases and vapours, relating to the use of electrical apparatus, and its Amendment 1.

The objective of this Standard is to provide guidance on classification of gases and vapours. It describes a test method intended for the measurement of the maximum experimental safe gaps (MESG) for gas or vapour-air mixtures under normal conditions of temperature and pressure so as to permit the selection of an appropriate group of equipment. It describes also a test method intended for use in the determination of the auto-ignition temperature of a chemically pure vapour or gas in air at atmospheric pressure.

The tabulated values of chemical and engineering properties of substances are provided to assist engineers in their selection of equipment to be used in hazardous areas.

This Standard is identical with, and has been reproduced from IEC 60079-20-1, Ed.1.0 (2010), *Explosive atmospheres*—Part 20-1: *Material characteristics for gas and vapour classification*—Test methods and data.

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The terms 'normative' and 'informative' have been used in this Standard to define the application of the annex to which they apply. A 'normative' annex is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an 'informative' annex is only for information and guidance.

## 3

### CONTENTS

				Page		
1	Scop	ope6				
2	Norm	native references				
3	Term	ns and definitions				
4 Classification of gases and vapours						
-	4.1		al			
	4.2		ication according to the maximum experimental safe gaps (MESG)			
	4.3	Classification according to the minimum igniting currents (MIC)				
	4.4					
	4.5	Classification according to a similarity of chemical structure				
	4.6	Classification of mixtures of gases				
5			mable gases and vapours, relating to the use of equipment			
	5.1		nination of the properties			
	0.1	5.1.1	General			
		5.1.2	Equipment group			
		5.1.3	Flammable limits			
		5.1.4	Flash point FP	9		
		5.1.5	Temperature class	10		
		5.1.6	Minimum igniting current (MIC)	10		
		5.1.7	Auto-ignition temperature	10		
	5.2 Properties of particular gases and vapours			10		
		5.2.1	Coke oven gas	10		
		5.2.2	Ethyl nitrite	10		
		5.2.3	MESG of carbon monoxide	10		
		5.2.4	Methane, Group IIA	11		
6	Meth	od of te	st for the maximum experimental safe gap	11		
	6.1	Outline	e of method	11		
	6.2	6.2 Test apparatus		11		
		6.2.1	General	11		
		6.2.2	Mechanical strength	12		
		6.2.3	Interior chamber	12		
		6.2.4	Exterior chamber	12		
		6.2.5	Gap adjustment			
		6.2.6	Injection of mixture			
		6.2.7	Source of ignition			
		6.2.8	Materials of test apparatus			
	6.3		lure			
		6.3.1	Preparation of gas mixtures			
		6.3.2	Temperature and pressure			
		6.3.3	Gap adjustment			
		6.3.4	Ignition			
	6.4	6.3.5	Observation of the ignition process			
	6.4		nination of maximum experimental safe gap (MESG)			
		6.4.1	Preliminary tests			
		6.4.2	Confirmatory tests			
		6.4.3	Reproducibility of maximum experimental safe gaps	13		



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