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Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 178:2010

Plastics - Determination of flexural properties (ISO 178:2010)

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Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication: EN ISO 178:2010/A1:2013

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Plastics - Determination of flexural properties (ISO 178:2010/Amd 1:2013)

Plastiques - Détermination des propriétés en flexion (ISO 178:2010/Amd 1:2013)

Kunststoffe - Bestimmung der Biegeeigenschaften (ISO 178:2010/Amd 1:2013)

This amendment A1 modifies the European Standard EN ISO 178:2010; it was approved by CEN on 19 March 2013.

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EN ISO 178:2010/A1:2013 (E)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 178:2010/A1:2013) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61 "Plastics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics" the secretariat of which is held by NBN.

This Amendment to the European Standard EN ISO 178:2010 shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2013.

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The text of ISO 178:2010/Amd 1:2013 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 178:2010/A1:2013 without any modification.

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EN ISO 178:2010 (E)

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Fifth edition 2010-12-15

Plastics — Determination of flexural properties

Plastiques — Détermination des propriétés en flexion



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ISO 178:2010(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

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ISO 178 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Mechanical properties*.

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition (ISO 178:2001), which has been technically revised to harmonize it with ISO $527-2^{[2]}$ with respect to the test speeds used for the determination of the flexural modulus and for the determination of other flexural properties. This has been done by specifying two methods, method A and method B. Method A is identical to the method specified in previous editions of ISO 178, i.e. it uses the same strain rate throughout the test, whereas method B uses two different strain rates (see 1.8 for details).

It also incorporates the Amendment ISO 178:2001/Amd.1:2004.

Plastics — Determination of flexural properties

1 Scope

1.1 This International Standard specifies a method for determining the flexural properties of rigid (see 3.12) and semi-rigid plastics under defined conditions. A standard test specimen is defined, but parameters are included for alternative specimen sizes for use where appropriate. A range of test speeds is included.

1.2 The method is used to investigate the flexural behaviour of the test specimens and to determine the flexural strength, flexural modulus and other aspects of the flexural stress/strain relationship under the conditions defined. It applies to a freely supported beam, loaded at midspan (three-point loading test).

1.3 The method is suitable for use with the following range of materials:

- thermoplastic moulding, extrusion and casting materials, including filled and reinforced compounds in addition to unfilled types; rigid thermoplastics sheets;
- thermosetting moulding materials, including filled and reinforced compounds; thermosetting sheets.

In agreement with ISO 10350-1^[5] and ISO 10350-2^[6], this International Standard applies to fibre-reinforced compounds with fibre lengths \leq 7,5 mm prior to processing. For long-fibre-reinforced materials (laminates) with fibre lengths > 7,5 mm, see ISO 14125^[7].

The method is not normally suitable for use with rigid cellular materials or sandwich structures containing cellular material. In such cases, ISO 1209-1^[3] and/or ISO 1209-2^[4] can be used.

NOTE For certain types of textile-fibre-reinforced plastic, a four-point bending test is preferred. This is described in ISO 14125.

1.4 The method is performed using specimens which may be either moulded to the specified dimensions, machined from the central section of a standard multipurpose test specimen (see ISO 20753) or machined from finished or semi-finished products, such as mouldings, laminates, or extruded or cast sheet.

1.5 The method specifies the preferred dimensions for the test specimen. Tests which are carried out on specimens of different dimensions, or on specimens which are prepared under different conditions, can produce results which are not comparable. Other factors, such as the test speed and the conditioning of the specimens, can also influence the results.

NOTE Especially for semi-crystalline polymers, the thickness of the oriented skin layer, which is dependent on the moulding conditions, also affects the flexural properties.

1.6 The method is not suitable for the determination of design parameters but can be used in materials testing and as a quality control test.

1.7 For materials exhibiting non-linear stress/strain behaviour, the flexural properties are only nominal. The equations given have been derived assuming linear elastic behaviour and are valid for deflections of the specimen that are small compared to its thickness. With the preferred specimen (which measures $80 \text{ mm} \times 10 \text{ mm} \times 4 \text{ mm}$) at the conventional flexural strain of 3,5 % and a span-to-thickness ratio, *L/h*, of 16, the deflection is 1,5*h*. Flexural tests are more appropriate for stiff and brittle materials showing small deflections at break than for very soft and ductile ones.

1.8 Contrary to the previous editions of this International Standard, this edition specifies two methods, method A and method B. Method A is identical to the method in previous editions of this International Standard, i.e. it uses a strain rate of 1 %/min throughout the test. Method B uses two different strain rates: 1 %/min for the determination of the flexural modulus and 5 %/min or 50 %/min, depending on the ductility of the material, for the determination of the remainder of the flexural stress-strain curve.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 291, Plastics — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing

ISO 293, Plastics — Compression moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials

ISO 294-1:1996, Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials — Part 1: General principles, and moulding of multipurpose and bar test specimens

ISO 295, Plastics — Compression moulding of test specimens of thermosetting materials

ISO 2602, Statistical interpretation of test results — Estimation of the mean — Confidence interval

ISO 2818, Plastics — Preparation of test specimens by machining

ISO 7500-1, Metallic materials — Verification of static uniaxial testing machines — Part 1: Tension/compression testing machines — Verification and calibration of the force-measuring system

ISO 9513, Metallic materials — Calibration of extensometers used in uniaxial testing

ISO 10724-1, Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermosetting powder moulding compounds (PMCs) — Part 1: General principles, and moulding of multipurpose test specimens

ISO 16012, Plastics — Determination of linear dimensions of test specimens

ISO 20753, Plastics — Test specimens

ISO 23529, Rubber — General procedures for preparing and conditioning test pieces for physical test methods

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

test speed

rate of relative movement between the specimen supports and the loading edge

NOTE It is expressed in millimetres per minute (mm/min).

3.2

flexural stress

 σ_{f}

nominal stress at the outer surface of the test specimen at midspan

NOTE It is calculated from the relationship given in 9.1, Equation (5), and is expressed in megapascals (MPa).



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