



National Standards Authority of Ireland

IRISH STANDARD

**I.S. EN 50065-4-5:2003**

ICS 31.160  
33.040.30  
97.120

**SIGNALING ON LOW VOLTAGE  
ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS IN THE  
FREQUENCY  
RANGE 3 KHZ TO 148,5 KHZ  
PART 4-5: LOW VOLTAGE DECOUPLING  
FILTER -  
SEGMENTATION FILTER**

National Standards  
Authority of Ireland  
Dublin 9  
Ireland

TEL: (01) 807 3800  
FAX: (01) 807 3838

*This Irish Standard was  
published under the  
authority of the National  
Standards Authority of  
Ireland  
and comes into effect on  
February 28, 2003*

**NO COPYING WITHOUT NSAI  
PERMISSION EXCEPT AS  
PERMITTED BY COPYRIGHT  
LAW**

© NSAI 2003

**Price Code D**

Údarás um Chaighdeán Náisiúnta na hÉireann



EUROPEAN STANDARD

**EN 50065-4-5**

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

January 2003

ICS 31.160, 33.040.30; 97.120

English version

**Signalling on low-voltage electrical installations  
in the frequency range 3 kHz to 148,5 kHz  
Part 4-5: Low voltage decoupling filter -  
Segmentation filter**

Transmission de signaux sur les réseaux  
électriques basse tension dans la bande  
de fréquences de 3 kHz à 148,5 kHz  
Partie 4-5: Filtres basse tension  
de découplage -  
Filtre de segmentation

Signalübertragung auf elektrischen  
Niederspannungsnetzen im  
Frequenzbereich 3 kHz bis 148,5 kHz  
Teil 4-5: Niederspannungs-  
Entkopplungsfilter -  
Bereichsfilter

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2002-04-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

**CENELEC**

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization  
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique  
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

**Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels**

## Foreword

This European Standard was prepared by SC 205A, Mains communicating systems, of Technical Committee CENELEC TC 205, Home and Building Electronic Systems (HBES).

The text of the draft was submitted to the Unique Acceptance Procedure and was approved by CENELEC as EN 50065-4-5 on 2002-04-01.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented  
at national level by publication of an identical  
national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2003-08-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting  
with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2005-04-01

EN 50065 consists of the following parts, under the general title: Signalling on low-voltage electrical installations in the frequency range 3 kHz to 148,5 kHz

Part 1	General requirements, frequency bands and electromagnetic disturbances
Part 2-1	Immunity requirements for mains communications equipment and systems operating in the range of frequencies 95 kHz to 148,5 kHz and intended for use in residential, commercial and light industrial environments
Part 2-2	Immunity requirements for mains communications equipment and systems operating in the range of frequencies 95 kHz to 148,5 kHz and intended for use in industrial environments
Part 2-3	Immunity requirements for mains communications equipment and systems operating in the range of frequencies 3 kHz to 95 kHz and intended for use by electricity suppliers and distributors
Part 4-1	Low voltage decoupling filters – Generic specification
Part 4-2	Low voltage decoupling filters – Safety requirements
Part 4-3	Low voltage decoupling filters – Incoming filter
Part 4-4	Low voltage decoupling filters – Impedance filter
Part 4-5	Low voltage decoupling filters – Segmentation filter
Part 4-6	Low voltage decoupling filters – Phase coupler
Part 7	Equipment impedance

---

## Contents

	Page
<b>1 Scope .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>2 Normative references .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>3 Classification.....</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1 Type 1: Asymmetrical filter .....	5
3.2 Type 2: Symmetrical filter .....	5
<b>4 Requirements .....</b>	<b>6</b>
4.1 Marking .....	6
4.2 Electrical characteristics at mains frequency .....	6
4.2.1 Overvoltage .....	6
4.2.2 Immunity .....	6
4.3 Electrical characteristics at signalling frequency .....	6
4.3.1 Operating frequency range .....	6
4.3.2 Impedance .....	6
4.3.3 Transfer function .....	7
4.4 Safety.....	7
Figure 1 - The application of segmentation filters .....	4

## 1 Scope

This standard applies to segmentation filters in a mains communication system used for single or multiphase installations having a phase to neutral voltage not exceeding 250 V a.c. and a nominal current not exceeding 125 A, intended for household and similar fixed installation including residential, commercial and light industrial buildings and utility networks.

These filters (see Figure 1) are used to control the coupling of signals between two areas of a mains communication system.

The standard defines

- the minimum impedance in the relevant frequency range(s) at both ports,
- the minimum attenuation of signals transmitted between port.

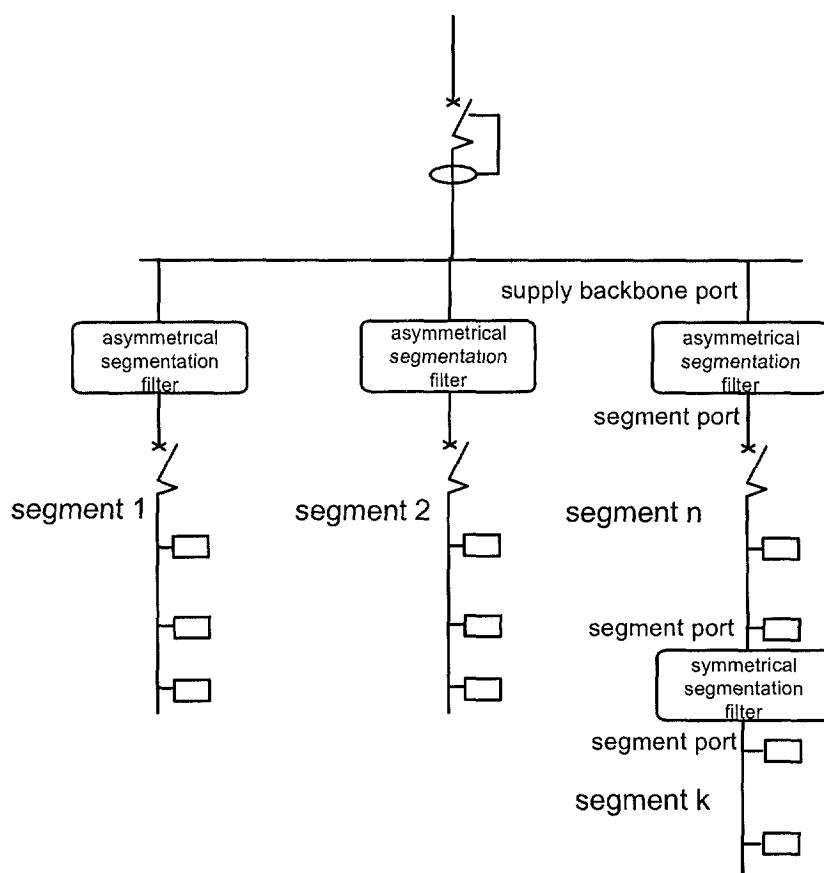


Figure 1 - The application of segmentation filters

This is a free preview. Purchase the entire publication at the link below:

[Product Page](#)

- 
- Looking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore
  - Learn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation
-