

IRISH STANDARD

**ENV 12299:1999** ICS 45.060.20

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RAILWAY APPLICATIONS - RIDE COMFORT
FOR PASSENGERS - MEASUREMENT AND
EVALUATION

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## EUROPEAN PRESTANDARD PRÉNORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE VORNORM

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Descriptors: Railway equipment, railway rolling stock, passenger transport, vibrations, measurement, vibration severity, physiological effects

## **English version**

# Railway applications - Ride comfort for passengers - Measurement and evaluation

Applications ferroviaires - Confort de marche des voyageurs - Mesurage et évaluation

Bahnanwendungen - Fahrkomfort für Fahrgäste - Messung und Auswertung

This European Prestandard (ENV) was approved by CEN on 29 August 1997 as a prospective standard for provisional application.

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## Page 2 ENV 12299:1999

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υO	nte	nts

Foreword	3
Introduction	4
1 Scope	8
2 Normative references	8
3 Definitions	8
3.1 Passengers	8
3.2 Comfort	8
3.3 Interfaces	9
3.4 Whole-body transmission	9
3.5 Indirect measurements/tests	9
3.6 Characteristics of indirect measurements/tests	9
4 Mean Comfort - Simplified method	10
4.1 Reference system	10
4.2 Measurement and evaluation rules	12
5 Guide for the application to other vehicles	15
6 Guide for the interpretation of the results	15
6.1 Comfort scale	15
6.2 List of relevant applications	15
Annex A (normative) Simplified method for Mean Comfort evaluation Vibration measurement	17
Annex B (normative) Simplified method for Mean Comfort evaluation Processing of measurement results	21
Annex C (normative) List of the required track characteristics	33
Annex D (normative) Simplified method for Mean Comfort evaluation Presentation of test report	34
Annex E (informative) Complete method for Mean Comfort evaluation: Principle	39
Annex F (informative) Human body reference system for complete test	42
Annex G (informative) Complete method for Mean Comfort evaluation Vibration measurement	43
Annex H (informative) Complete method for Mean Comfort evaluation Processing of measurement results	50
Annex K (informative) Comfort on Curve Transitions: Principle	64
Annex L (informative) Comfort on Curve Transitions:  Measurement and processing method	68
Annex M (informative) Comfort on Discrete Events: Principle	74
Annex N (informative) Comfort on Discrete Events: Measurement and processing method	77
Annex P (informative) List of possible track characteristics significant for different applications	81
Annex Q (informative) Guideline for the application of direct tests	83
Annex R (informative) List of additional information for track characteristics	84
Annex S (informative) Bibliography	88

## **Foreword**

This European Prestandard has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 256 "Railway applications", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to announce this European Prestandard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

This ENV takes into account the documents listed below for the following:

UIC 513 Evaluation of Mean Comfort indices and definition of filters

ISO 2631 Definitions

BRR TR DOS 018 5/86 Comfort on Curve Transitions

Comfort on Discrete Events

UIC 518 Selected testing procedures and track characteristics

List of normative clauses and annexes Clauses 1, 2, 3, 4

Normative Annexes A, B, C, D

List of informative clauses and annexes Foreword, Introduction, Clauses 5, 6

Informative Annexes E, F, G, H, K, L, M, N, P, Q, R, S

#### Introduction

## a) General

The comfort of passengers in a railway vehicle is influenced by a number of different factors (temperature, noise, vibration etc). This European Prestandard considers only that part of the comfort influenced by the dynamic behaviour of the vehicle. This is described as Ride Comfort or as Comfort.

This European Prestandard summarizes the relevant works on the matter:

- taking into account, in mandatory form, the effects on Ride comfort for passengers of vibration exposure measured on the carbody floor (the simplified method for Mean Comfort evaluation);
- taking into account, (as recommendation), the vibration exposure measured on the interfaces (the complete method for Mean Comfort evaluation);
- taking into account, (as recommendation), the effects on Ride comfort for passengers of:
  - discrete events (Comfort on Discrete Events);
  - running on curve transitions (Comfort on Curve Transitions).

The standard is published as European Prestandard (ENV), due to

- the lack of experience in the application of the Mean Comfort measurement and evaluation criteria, based on UIC-leaflet 513, up to now experimentally approved in UIC, both for the normative part  $(N_{MV})$  and for the informative part  $(N_{VA}, N_{VD})$ ;
- the lack of experience in the application of the recommended  $P_{\text{DE}}$ ,  $P_{\text{CT}}$  comfort indexes, up to now based on the technical experience in studies and direct tests given mainly in Great Britain and in indirect tests performed by Italy, Germany and Switzerland.

Railway transport exposes passengers to vibrations related to the dynamic movements of the carbody.

The movements of the carbody transmit their effects to the human body through the following interfaces:

- in the standing position:
  - floor feet
- in the seated position:
  - headrest neck
  - arm rest upper arms
  - seat hip
  - seat back
  - floor feet

The type of transmission is whole-body transmission (see 3.4), which acts on the whole body through the interfaces (see 3.3).

The effect produced by the carbody movements considered in this ENV is:

- discomfort (effect on comfort, see 3.2), associated with relatively low levels of acceleration.

Other effects, not included in the standard, are associated with higher acceleration levels:

health risk effect: physical damage and psychological deterioration.

This ENV applies to passengers in good health.



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