



NSAI
Standards

Irish Standard
I.S. EN 62047-6:2010

Semiconductor devices - Micro-electromechanical devices -- Part 6: Axial fatigue testing methods of thin film materials (IEC 62047-6:2009 (EQV))

I.S. EN 62047-6:2010

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda issued since publication:

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| <i>This document replaces:</i> | <i>This document is based on:</i> EN 62047-6:2010 | <i>Published:</i> 5 March, 2010 |
| This document was published under the authority of the NSAI and comes into effect on: 7 April, 2010 | | ICS number: 31.080.99 |
| NSAI 1 Swift Square, Northwood, Santry Dublin 9 | T +353 1 807 3800 F +353 1 807 3838 E standards@nsai.ie W NSAI.ie | Sales: T +353 1 857 6730 F +353 1 857 6729 W standards.ie |
| Údarás um Chaighdeáin Náisiúnta na hÉireann | | |

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 62047-6

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

March 2010

ICS 31.080.99

English version

**Semiconductor devices -
Micro-electromechanical devices -
Part 6: Axial fatigue testing methods of thin film materials
(IEC 62047-6:2009)**

Dispositifs à semiconducteurs -
Dispositifs microélectromécaniques -
Partie 6: Méthodes d'essais de fatigue
axiale des matériaux en couche mince
(CEI 62047-6:2009)

Halbleiterbauelemente -
Bauelemente der Mikrosystemtechnik -
Teil 6: Prüfverfahren zur uniaxialen
Dauerschwingfestigkeit von Dünnschicht-
Werkstoffen
(IEC 62047-6:2009)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2010-03-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 47F/15/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 62047-6, prepared by SC 47F, Micro-electromechanical systems, of IEC TC 47, Semiconductor devices, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 62047-6 on 2010-03-01.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The following dates were fixed:

- | | | |
|--|-------|------------|
| – latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement | (dop) | 2010-12-01 |
| – latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn | (dow) | 2013-03-01 |

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62047-6:2009 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

Annex ZA
(normative)

**Normative references to international publications
with their corresponding European publications**

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

| <u>Publication</u> | <u>Year</u> | <u>Title</u> | <u>EN/HD</u> | <u>Year</u> |
|--------------------|-------------|--|--------------|-------------|
| IEC 62047-2 | 2006 | Semiconductor devices - Micro-electromechanical devices - Part 2: Tensile testing methods of thin film materials | EN 62047-2 | 2006 |

This page is intentionally left BLANK.

CONTENTS

| | |
|---|----|
| FOREWORD..... | 3 |
| 1 Scope..... | 5 |
| 2 Normative references | 5 |
| 3 Terms and definitions | 5 |
| 4 Test piece | 7 |
| 4.1 Design of test piece..... | 7 |
| 4.2 Preparation of test piece | 7 |
| 4.3 Test piece thickness..... | 7 |
| 4.4 Storage prior to testing..... | 7 |
| 5 Testing method and test apparatus..... | 7 |
| 5.1 General..... | 7 |
| 5.2 Method of gripping (mounting of test piece)..... | 8 |
| 5.3 Static loading test..... | 8 |
| 5.4 Method of loading..... | 8 |
| 5.5 Speed of testing | 8 |
| 5.6 Environment control | 8 |
| 6 Endurances (test termination)..... | 9 |
| 7 Test report..... | 9 |
| Annex A (informative) Technical background of this standard | 10 |
| Annex B (informative) Test piece | 11 |
| Annex C (informative) Displacement measurement | 12 |
| Annex D (informative) Testing environment..... | 13 |
| Annex E (informative) Number of test pieces | 14 |
| Bibliography..... | 15 |

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES – MICRO-ELECTROMECHANICAL DEVICES –

Part 6: Axial fatigue testing methods of thin film materials

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with an IEC Publication.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 62047-6 has been prepared by subcommittee 47F: Micro-electromechanical systems, of IEC technical committee 47: Semiconductor devices.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

| FDIS | Report on voting |
|-------------|------------------|
| 47F/15/FDIS | 47F/17/RVD |

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all the parts in the IEC 62047 series, under the general title *Semiconductor devices – Micro-electromechanical devices*, can be found on the IEC website.

I.S. EN 62047-6:2010

– 4 –

62047-6 © IEC:2009

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES – MICRO-ELECTROMECHANICAL DEVICES –

Part 6: Axial fatigue testing methods of thin film materials

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the method for axial tensile–tensile force fatigue testing of thin film materials with a length and width under 1 mm and a thickness in the range between 0,1 µm and 10 µm under constant force range or constant displacement range. Thin films are used as main structural materials for MEMS and micromachines.

The main structural materials for MEMS, micromachines, etc., have special features, such as typical dimensions of a few microns, material fabrication by deposition, and test piece fabrication by means of non-mechanical machining, including photolithography. This International Standard specifies the axial force fatigue testing methods for micro-sized smooth specimens, which enables a guarantee of accuracy corresponding to the special features. The tests are carried out at room temperatures, in air, with loading applied to the test piece along the longitudinal axis.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 62047-2:2006, *Semiconductor devices – Micro-electromechanical devices – Part 2: Tensile testing method of thin film materials*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

maximum force

P_{\max}

highest algebraic value of applied force in a cycle

NOTE Adapted from ASTM E 1823-05a [1]¹.

3.2

minimum force

P_{\min}

lowest algebraic value of applied force in a cycle

NOTE Adapted from ASTM E 1823-05a [1].

3.3

mean force

P_{mean}

algebraic average of the maximum and minimum forces in constant amplitude loading, or of individual cycles

NOTE Adapted from ASTM E 1823-05a [1].

¹ The figures between brackets refer to the Bibliography.

This is a free preview. Purchase the entire publication at the link below:

[Product Page](#)

-
- Looking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore
 - Learn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation
-