

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 9809-1:2010

Gas cylinders - Refillable seamless steel gas cylinders - Design, construction and testing - Part 1: Quenched and tempered steel cylinders with tensile strength less than 1 100 MPa (ISO 9809-1:2010)

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Gas cylinders - Refillable seamless steel gas cylinders - Design, construction and testing - Part 1: Quenched and tempered steel cylinders with tensile strength less than 1 100 MPa (ISO 9809-1:2010)

Bouteilles à gaz - Bouteilles à gaz rechargeables en acier sans soudure - Conception, construction et essais - Partie 1: Bouteilles en acier trempé et revenu ayant une résistance à la traction inférieure à 1 100 MPa (ISO 9809-1:2010)

Gasflaschen - Wiederbefüllbare nahtlose Gasflaschen aus Stahl - Gestaltung, Konstruktion und Prüfung - Teil 1: Flaschen aus vergütetem Stahl mit einer Zugfestigkeit kleiner als 1 100 MPa (ISO 9809-1:2010)

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EN ISO 9809-1:2010 (E)

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EN ISO 9809-1:2010 (E)

Foreword

This document (EN ISO 9809-1:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 58 "Gas cylinders" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 23 "Transportable gas cylinders", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2010, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2010.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 1964-1:1999.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For Specific European requirements, see normative Annex NA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

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I.S. EN ISO 9809-1:2010 INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 9809-1

Second edition 2010-04-15

Gas cylinders — Refillable seamless steel gas cylinders — Design, construction and testing —

Part 1:

Quenched and tempered steel cylinders with tensile strength less than 1 100 MPa

Bouteilles à gaz — Bouteilles à gaz rechargeables en acier sans soudure — Conception, construction et essais —

Partie 1: Bouteilles en acier trempé et revenu ayant une résistance à la traction inférieure à 1 100 MPa



ISO 9809-1:2010(E)

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ISO 9809-1:2010(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 9809-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 58, *Gas cylinders*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Cylinder design*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 9809-1:1999), which has been technically revised by the following:

- a) the reduction of maximum sulfur content in 6.2.2 from 0,020 % to 0,010 %, which is now applicable to all strength levels;
- b) the note in 7.3 regarding limitation of the F factor was deleted (as required by the United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: Model Regulations);
- c) the modification of provisions for ultrasonic examination in 8.4 to include ultrasonic examination on the cylindrical area to be closed, prior to the forming process;
- d) the addition of the requirement of a base check according to 9.2.3 for all cylinder types during prototype testing;
- e) the addition of the requirement of a base check according to 9.2.3 for cylinders made from continuously cast billet material during batch testing.

ISO 9809 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Gas cylinders* — *Refillable seamless steel gas cylinders* — *Design, construction and testing*:

- Part 1: Quenched and tempered steel cylinders with tensile strength less than 1 100 MPa
- Part 2: Quenched and tempered steel cylinders with tensile strength greater than or equal to 1 100 MPa
- Part 3: Normalized steel cylinders

Stainless steel cylinders with tensile strength of less than 1 100 MPa will form the subject of a Part 4.

ISO 9809-1:2010(E)

Introduction

This part of ISO 9809 provides a specification for the design, manufacture, inspection and testing of a seamless steel cylinder for worldwide usage. The objective is to balance design and economic efficiency against international acceptance and universal utility.

ISO 9809 (all parts) aims to eliminate existing concerns about climate, duplicate inspections and restrictions because of a lack of definitive International Standards. This part of ISO 9809 should not be construed as reflecting on the suitability of the practice of any nation or region.

This part of ISO 9809 addresses the general requirements on design, construction and initial inspection and testing of pressure receptacles of the United Nations *Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: Model Regulations*.

It is intended to be used under a variety of regulatory regimes, but is suitable for use with the conformity assessment system in 6.2.2.5 of the above-mentioned Model Regulations.

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I.S. EN ISO 9809-1:2010

Gas cylinders — Refillable seamless steel gas cylinders — Design, construction and testing —

Part 1:

Quenched and tempered steel cylinders with tensile strength less than 1 100 MPa

1 Scope

This part of ISO 9809 specifies minimum requirements for the material, design, construction and workmanship, manufacturing processes, examination and testing at manufacture of refillable quenched and tempered seamless steel gas cylinders of water capacities from 0,5 l up to and including 150 l for compressed, liquefied and dissolved gases. This part of ISO 9809 is applicable to cylinders with a maximum actual tensile strength $R_{\rm ma}$ of less than 1 100 MPa.

NOTE 1 If desired, cylinders of water capacity less than 0,5 I and between 150 I and 500 I can be manufactured and certified to be in compliance with this part of ISO 9809.

NOTE 2 For quenched and tempered steel cylinders with maximum tensile strength greater than or equal to 1 100 MPa, see ISO 9809-2. For normalized steel cylinders, see ISO 9809-3.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 148-1, Metallic materials — Charpy pendulum impact test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 6506-1, Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 6508-1, Metallic materials — Rockwell hardness test — Part 1: Test method (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T)

ISO 6892-1, Metallic materials — Tensile testing — Part 1: Method of test at room temperature

ISO 7438, Metallic materials — Bend test

ISO 9329-1, Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes — Technical delivery conditions — Part 1: Unalloyed steels with specified room temperature properties

ISO 9712, Non-destructive testing — Qualification and certification of personnel

ISO 11114-1, Transportable gas cylinders — Compatibility of cylinder and valve materials with gas contents — Part 1: Metallic materials

ISO 11114-4, Transportable gas cylinders — Compatibility of cylinder and valve materials with gas contents — Part 4: Test methods for selecting metallic materials resistant to hydrogen embrittlement

ISO 13769, Gas cylinders — Stamp marking



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