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Irish Standard I.S. EN 60904-10:2010

Photovoltaic devices -- Part 10: Methods of linearity measurement (IEC 60904-10:2009 (EQV))

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 60904-10

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English version

Photovoltaic devices -Part 10: Methods of linearity measurement (IEC 60904-10:2009)

Dispositifs photovoltaïques -Partie 10: Méthodes de mesure de la linéarité (CEI 60904-10:2009) Photovoltaische Einrichtungen -Teil 10: Messverfahren für die Linearität (IEC 60904-10:2009)

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

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Foreword

The text of document 82/582/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 60904-10, prepared by IEC TC 82, Solar photovoltaic energy systems, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 60904-10 on 2010-03-01.

This European Standard supersedes EN 60904-10:1998.

The main technical changes with regard to the EN 60904-10:1998 are as follows:

- Added clause for two-lamp method for *I*sc linearity.
- Changed standard deviation as a metric for linearity to percent deviation from linearity. This was done because a non-linear device can have a low standard deviation and percent deviation is the quantitative number that matters for the parameter of interest.
- Removed clause on spectral responsivity nonlinearity because it is not used by any PV testing / calibration group. For testing real PV devices it is difficult to make this error significant in the spectral mismatch correction factor while still passing *I*_{sc} linearity. Measuring the responsivity over the entire response range means that the device will probably fail the temperature linearity near the band edge.
- Added a clause to allow short circuit linearity with temperature or total irradiance to be determined from absolute spectral responsivity measurements. This data is routinely reported in PTB primary reference cell calibration certificates.
- Added report clause in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 requirements.
- Often the temperature coefficient of short circuit current is very small so measurement errors can
 result in percent deviations outside the accepted range. Therefore, the following text was added to
 7.3c): "If the temperature coefficient of short circuit current is less than 0,1 %/K, then the device can
 be considered linear with respect to this parameter."

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The following dates were fixed:

-	latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2010-12-01
_	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2013-03-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60904-10:2009 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60904-7 NOTE Harmonized as EN 60904-7.

IEC 61829 NOTE Harmonized as EN 61829.

I.S. EN 60904-10:2010 - 3 -

Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication	Year	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60891	-	Photovoltaic devices - Procedures for temperature and irradiance corrections to measured I-V characteristics	EN 60891	-
IEC 60904-1	-	Photovoltaic devices - Part 1: Measurement of photovoltaic current- voltage characteristics	EN 60904-1	-
IEC 60904-3	-	Photovoltaic devices - Part 3: Measurement principles for terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) solar devices with reference spectral irradiance data	EN 60904-3	-
IEC 60904-8	-	Photovoltaic devices - Part 8: Measurement of spectral response of a photovoltaic (PV) device	EN 60904-8	-
IEC 60904-9	-	Photovoltaic devices - Part 9: Solar simulator performance requirements	EN 60904-9	-
IEC 61215	-	Crystalline silicon terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) modules - Design qualification and type approval	EN 61215	-
IEC 61646	-	Thin-film terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) modules - Design qualification and type approval	EN 61646	-
ISO/IEC 17025	-	General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories	EN ISO/IEC 17025	-

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- 2 -

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CONTENTS

FO	REWO	DRD	.3
1	Scop	e and object	.5
2	Norm	native references	.5
3	Apparatus6		
4	Sample selection		
5	Proce	edure for current and voltage linearity test	.6
	5.1	Procedure in natural sunlight	.6
	5.2	Procedure with a solar simulator	.8
	5.3	Procedure for short-circuit linearity from absolute spectral responsivity	.9
6	Proce	edure for short-circuit current linearity from two-lamp method	.9
	6.1	Background	.9
	6.2	Apparatus - Light sources A and B	.9
	6.3	General procedure	.9
7	Linea	arity calculation1	0
	7.1	Slope linearity determination1	0
	7.2	Determination of the short circuit current linearity using the two lamp method1	1
	7.3	Linearity requirements1	1
8	Repo	ort1	1
Bib	liogra	phy1	3

60904-10 © IEC:2009

- 3 -

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

PHOTOVOLTAIC DEVICES –

Part 10: Methods of linearity measurement

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 60904-10 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 82: Solar photovoltaic energy systems.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 1998 and constitutes a technical revision.

The main technical changes with regard to the previous edition are as follows:

- a) Added clause for two-lamp method for I_{sc} linearity.
- b) Changed standard deviation as a metric for linearity to percent deviation from linearity. This was done because a non-linear device can have a low standard deviation and percent deviation is the quantitative number that matters for the parameter of interest.
- c) Removed clause on spectral responsivity nonlinearity because it is not used by any PV testing / calibration group. For testing real PV devices it is difficult to make this error significant in the spectral mismatch correction factor while still passing I_{sc} linearity. Measuring the responsivity over the entire response range means that the device will probably fail the temperature linearity near the band edge.

- 4 -

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- d) Added a clause to allow short circuit linearity with temperature or total irradiance to be determined from absolute spectral responsivity measurements. This data is routinely reported in PTB primary reference cell calibration certificates.
- e) Added report clause in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 requirements.
- f) Often the temperature coefficient of short circuit current is very small so measurement errors can result in percent deviations outside the accepted range. Therefore, the following text was added to 7.3c): "If the temperature coefficient of short circuit current is less than 0,1 %/K, then the device can be considered linear with respect to this parameter."

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on Voting
82/582/FDIS	82/589/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard report can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

A list of all parts of IEC 60904 series, under the general title *Photovoltaic devices*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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- 5 -

PHOTOVOLTAIC DEVICES –

Part 10: Methods of linearity measurement

1 Scope and object

This part of IEC 60904 describes procedures used to determine the degree of linearity of any photovoltaic device parameter with respect to a test parameter. It is primarily intended for use by calibration laboratories, module manufacturers and system designers.

Photovoltaic (PV) module and system performance evaluations, and performance translations from one set of temperature and irradiance conditions to another frequently rely on the use of linear equations (see IEC 60891 and IEC 61829). This standard lays down the linearity requirements and test methods to ensure that these linear equations will give satisfactory results. Indirectly, these requirements dictate the range of the temperature and irradiance variables over which the equations can be used.

The methods of measurement described in this standard apply to all PV devices and are intended to be carried out on a sample or on a comparable device of identical technology. They should be performed prior to all measurement and correction procedures that require a linear device. The methodology used in this standard is similar to that specified in IEC 60891 in which a linear (straight-line) function is fitted to a set of data points using a least-squares fit calculation routine. The variation of the data from this function is also calculated, and the definition of linearity is expressed as an allowable variation percentage.

A device is considered linear when it meets the requirements of 7.3.

General procedures for determining the degree of linearity for these and any other performance parameter are described in Clauses 5 and 6.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60891, Photovoltaic devices – Procedures for temperature and irradiance corrections to measured I-V characteristics

IEC 60904-1, Photovoltaic devices – Part 1: Measurement of photovoltaic current-voltage characteristics

IEC 60904-3, Photovoltaic devices – Part 3: Measurement principles for terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) solar devices with reference spectral irradiance data

IEC 60904-8, Photovoltaic devices – Part 8: Measurement of spectral response of a photovoltaic (PV) device

IEC 60904-9, Photovoltaic devices – Part 9: Solar simulator performance requirements

IEC 61215, Crystalline silicon terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) modules – Design qualification and type approval



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