

Irish Standard I.S. EN 62439-5:2010

Industrial communication networks -High availability automation networks -- Part 5: Beacon Redundancy Protocol (BRP) (IEC 62439-5:2010 (EQV))

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Industrial communication networks -High availability automation networks -Part 5: Beacon Redundancy Protocol (BRP)

(IEC 62439-5:2010)

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

- 2 -

Foreword

The text of document 65C/583/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 62439-5, prepared by SC 65C, Industrial networks, of IEC TC 65, Industrial-process measurement, control and automation, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 62439-5 on 2010-03-01.

This EN 62439-5 together with EN 62439-1, EN 62439-2, EN 62439-3, EN 62439-4 and EN 62439-6 supersedes EN 62439:2008.

EN 62439-5:2010 includes the following significant technical changes with respect to EN 62439:2008:

- adding a calculation method for RSTP (rapid spanning tree protocol, IEEE 802.1Q),
- adding two new redundancy protocols: HSR (High-availability Seamless Redundancy) and DRP (Distributed Redundancy Protocol),
- moving former Clauses 1 to 4 (introduction, definitions, general aspects) and the Annexes (taxonomy, availability calculation) to EN 62439-1, which serves now as a base for the other documents,
- moving Clause 5 (MRP) to EN 62439-2 with minor editorial changes,
- moving Clause 6 (PRP) was to EN 62439-3 with minor editorial changes,
- moving Clause 7 (CRP) was to EN 62439-4 with minor editorial changes, and
- moving Clause 8 (BRP) was to EN 62439-5 with minor editorial changes,
- adding a method to calculate the maximum recovery time of RSTP in a restricted configuration (ring) to EN 62439-1 as Clause 8.
- adding specifications of the HSR (High-availability Seamless Redundancy) protocol, which shares the principles of PRP to EN 62439-3 as Clause 5, and
- introducing the DRP protocol as EN 62439-6.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The following dates were fixed:

latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2010-12-01

latest date by which the national standards conflicting
 with the EN have to be withdrawn
 (dow) 2013-03-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

- 3 -

EN 62439-5:2010

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62439-5:2010 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 61158 series	NOTE H	Harmonized in EN 61158 series (not modified).
IEC 62439-2	NOTE H	larmonized as EN 62439-2.
IEC 62439-3	NOTE H	larmonized as EN 62439-3.
IEC 62439-4	NOTE H	larmonized as EN 62439-4.
IEC 62439-6	NOTE H	larmonized as EN 62439-6.

- 4 -

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60050-191	-	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Chapter 191: Dependability and quality of service	-	-
IEC 62439-1	2010	Industrial communication networks - High availability automation networks - Part 1: General concepts and calculation methods	EN 62439-1	2010
ISO/IEC/TR 8802-1	-	Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 1: Overview of Local Area Network Standards		-
ISO/IEC 8802-3	2000	Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access metho and physical layer specifications	-	-
IEEE 802.1D	-	IEEE Standard for Local and Metropoitan Area Networks - Media Access Control (MAC Bridges	- ;)	-
IEEE 802.1Q	-	IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks - Virtual Bridged Local Area Networks	-	-

- 2 - 62439-5 © IEC:2010(E)

CONTENTS

FOREWORD4
INTRODUCTION6
1 Scope
2 Normative references
3 Terms, definitions, abbreviations, acronyms, and conventions
3.1 Terms and definitions
3.2 Abbreviations and acronyms
3.3 Conventions
4 BRP overview
5 BRP principle of operation
5.1 General
5.2 Network topology
5.3 Network components
5.4 Rapid reconfiguration of network traffic11
6 BRP stack and fault detection features11
7 BRP protocol specification
7.1 MAC addresses13
7.2 EtherType
7.3 Fault detection mechanisms
7.4 End node state diagram13
7.5 Beacon end node state diagram21
8 BRP message structure27
8.1 General27
8.2 ISO/IEC 8802-3 (IEEE 802.3) tagged frame header28
8.3 Beacon message
8.4 Learning_Update message28
8.5 Failure_Notify message29
8.6 Path_Check_Request message29
8.7 Path_Check_Response message29
9 BRP fault recovery time
10 BRP service definition
10.1 Supported services30
10.2 Common service parameters
10.3 Set_Node_Parameters service31
10.4 Get_Node_Parameters service33
10.5 Add_Node_Receive_Parameters service
10.6 Remove_Node_Receive_Parameters service37
10.7 Get_Node_Status service38
11 BRP Management Information Base (MIB)
Bibliography41
Figure 1 – BRP star network example
Figure 2 – BRP linear network example
Figure 3 – BRP ring network example10
Figure 4 – BRP stack architecture11

62439-5 © IEC:2010(E) - 3 -	
Figure 5 – BRP state diagram of end node	14
Figure 6 – BRP state diagram for beacon end node.	21
Table 1 – BRP end node flags	16
Table 2 – BRP end node state transition table	
Table 3 – BRP beacon end node flags	23
Table 4 – BRP beacon end node state transition tab	e24
Table 5 - BRP common header with ISO/IEC 8802-3	(IEEE 802.3) tagged frame format28
Table 6 – BRP beacon message format	28
Table 7 – BRP Learning_Update message format	28
Table 8 – BRP Failure_Notify message format	29
Table 9 – BRP Path_Check_Request message formation	at29
Table 10 – BRP Path_Check_Response message fo	rmat29
Table 11 – BRP Set_Node_Parameters service para	meters32
Table 12 – BRP Get_Node_Parameters service para	meters34
Table 13 – BRP Add_Node_Receive_Parameters se	rvice parameters36

-4 -

62439-5 © IEC:2010(E)

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – HIGH AVAILABILITY AUTOMATION NETWORKS –

Part 5: Beacon Redundancy Protocol (BRP)

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 62439-5 has been prepared by subcommittee 65C: Industrial Networks, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation.

This standard cancels and replaces IEC 62439 published in 2008. This first edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to IEC 62439 (2008):

- adding a calculation method for RSTP (rapid spanning tree protocol, IEEE 802.1Q).
- adding two new redundancy protocols: HSR (High-availability Seamless Redundancy) and DRP (Distributed Redundancy Protocol),
- moving former Clauses 1 to 4 (introduction, definitions, general aspects) and the Annexes (taxonomy, availability calculation) to IEC 62439-1, which serves now as a base for the other documents.
- moving Clause 5 (MRP) to IEC 62439-2 with minor editorial changes,

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- 5 -

- moving Clause 6 (PRP) was to IEC 62439-3 with minor editorial changes,
- moving Clause 7 (CRP) was to IEC 62439-4 with minor editorial changes, and
- moving Clause 8 (BRP) was to IEC 62439-5 with minor editorial changes,
- adding a method to calculate the maximum recovery time of RSTP in a restricted configuration (ring) to IEC 62439-1 as Clause 8,
- adding specifications of the HSR (High-availability Seamless Redundancy) protocol, which shares the principles of PRP to IEC 62439-3 as Clause 5, and
- introducing the DRP protocol as IEC 62439-6.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
65C/583/FDIS	65C/589/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This International Standard is to be read in conjunction with IEC 62439-1:2010, Industrial communication networks – High availability automation networks – Part 1: General concepts and calculation methods.

A list of the IEC 62439 series can be found, under the general title *Industrial communication networks* – *High availability automation networks*, on the IEC website.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this amendment and the base publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this standard may be issued at a later date.

IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this publication using a colour printer.

-6-

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INTRODUCTION

The IEC 62439 series specifies relevant principles for high availability networks that meet the requirements for industrial automation networks.

In the fault-free state of the network, the protocols of the IEC 62439 series provide ISO/IEC 8802-3 (IEEE 802.3) compatible, reliable data communication, and preserve determinism of real-time data communication. In cases of fault, removal, and insertion of a component, they provide deterministic recovery times.

These protocols retain fully the typical Ethernet communication capabilities as used in the office world, so that the software involved remains applicable.

The market is in need of several network solutions, each with different performance characteristics and functional capabilities, matching diverse application requirements. These solutions support different redundancy topologies and mechanisms which are introduced in IEC 62439-1 and specified in the other Parts of the IEC 62439 series. IEC 62439-1 also distinguishes between the different solutions, giving guidance to the user.

The IEC 62439 series follows the general structure and terms of IEC 61158 series.

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) draws attention to the fact that it is claimed that compliance with this document may involve the use of a patent concerning fault-tolerant Ethernet provided through the use of special interfaces providing duplicate ports that may be alternatively enabled with the same network address. Switching between the ports corrects for single faults in a two-way redundant system. This is given in Clauses 5 and 6.

IEC takes no position concerning the evidence, validity and scope of this patent right.

The holder of this patent right has assured the IEC that he/she is willing to negotiate licences either free of charge or under reasonable and non-discriminatory terms and conditions with applicants throughout the world. In this respect, the statement of the holder of this patent right is registered with IEC. Information may be obtained from:

Rockwell Automation Technologies
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-7-

INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – HIGH AVAILABILITY AUTOMATION NETWORKS –

Part 5: Beacon Redundancy Protocol (BRP)

1 Scope

The IEC 62439 series is applicable to high-availability automation networks based on the ISO/IEC 8802-3 (IEEE 802.3) (Ethernet) technology.

This part of the IEC 62439 series specifies a redundancy protocol that is based on the duplication of the network, the redundancy protocol being executed within the end nodes, as opposed to a redundancy protocol built in the switches. Fast error detection is provided by two beacon nodes, the switchover decision is taken in every node individually. The cross-network connection capability enables single attached end nodes to be connected on either of the two networks.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-191, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Chapter 191: Dependability and quality of service

IEC 62439-1:2010, Industrial communication networks – High availability automation networks – Part 1: General concepts and calculation methods

ISO/IEC/TR 8802-1, Information technology – Telecommunications and information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 1: Overview of Local Area Network Standards (IEEE 802.1)

ISO/IEC 8802-3:2000, Information technology – Telecommunications and information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications

IEEE 802.1D, IEEE standard for local Local and metropolitan area networks Media Access Control (MAC) Bridges

IEEE 802.1Q, IEEE standards for local and metropolitan area network. Virtual bridged local area networks

3 Terms, definitions, abbreviations, acronyms, and conventions

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60050-191, as well as in IEC 62439-1, apply.



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