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Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 24534-1:2010

Automatic vehicle and equipment identification - Electronic Registration Identification (ERI) for vehicles - Part 1: Architecture (ISO 24534-1:2010)

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EN ISO 24534-1

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July 2010

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Supersedes CEN ISO/TS 24534-1:2007

English Version

Automatic vehicle and equipment identification - Electronic Registration Identification (ERI) for vehicles - Part 1: Architecture (ISO 24534-1:2010)

Identification automatique des véhicules et des équipements - Identification d'enregistrement électronique (ERI) pour les véhicules - Partie 1: Architecture (ISO 24534-1:2010)

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EN ISO 24534-1:2010 (E)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 24534-1:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 278 "Road transport and traffic telematics", the secretariat of which is held by NEN, in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 204 "Intelligent transport systems".

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2011.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 24534-1:2010 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 24534-1:2010 without any modification.

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ISO 24534-1

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Automatic vehicle and equipment identification — Electronic registration identification (ERI) for vehicles —

Part 1: Architecture

Identification automatique des véhicules et des équipements — Identification d'enregistrement électronique (ERI) pour les véhicules —

Partie 1: Architecture



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

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ISO 24534-1 was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 278, *Road transport and traffic telematics*, in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 204, *Intelligent transport systems*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This first edition of ISO 24534-1 cancels and replaces ISO/TS 24534-1:2007, which has been technically revised.

ISO 24534 consists of the following parts, under the general title Automatic vehicle and equipment identification — Electronic registration identification (ERI) for vehicles:

- Part 1: Architecture
- Part 2: Operational requirements
- Part 3: Vehicle data
- Part 4: Secure communications using asymmetrical techniques
- Part 5: Secure communications using symmetrical techniques

Introduction

A quickly emerging need has been identified with administrations to improve the unique identification of vehicles for a variety of services. Situations are already occurring where manufacturers intend to fit lifetime tags to vehicles. Various governments are considering the needs and benefits of electronic registration identification (ERI) as a legal proof of vehicle identity with potential mandatory uses. There is commercial and economic justification in respect of both tags and infrastructure that a standard enables an interoperable solution.

ERI is a means of uniquely identifying road vehicles. The application of ERI will offer significant benefits over existing techniques for vehicle identification. It will be a suitable tool for the future management and administration of traffic and transport, including applications in free-flow, multi-lane traffic conditions with the capability to support mobile transactions. ERI addresses the need of authorities and other road users for a trusted electronic identification, including roaming vehicles.

The unique vehicle identifier is held in a secure environment within an electronic registration tag (ERT) fitted to a vehicle. The identifier used to identify a vehicle is called the vehicle identifier or vehicleId. The preferred vehicle identifier is the VIN, assigned to the vehicle by its manufacturer in accordance with ISO 3779, or a variant of this vehicle identifier.

The ERT may contain vehicle data in addition to the unique identifier, as required by authorities or their agents for ERI applications (e.g. vehicle registration details). An ERT is the core component for simple to complex applications of ERI, ranging from a simple read-only device, with more complex applications requiring one or more communications systems.

The ERT may be accessed by an electronic registration reader (ERR), either to read, or read/write data, from or to an ERT.

Optionally, the ERT may communicate with other onboard vehicle equipment. The potential range of ERI applications, simple to complex, will require interoperability to exist between an ERT and an ERR by application.

This part of ISO 24534 illustrates the ERI system concept and the fully featured ERI function enabling simple to complex applications of ERI.

The various parts of ISO 24534 provide the overall framework for ERI and specification of requirements for "fully featured" ERI. An associated International Standard in this family of ERI standards, ISO 24535, provides a subset of these requirements to provide a "basic ERI" functionality. Figure 1 shows the functional stack accommodating both fully featured and basic ERI.

ISO 24534-1:2010(E)

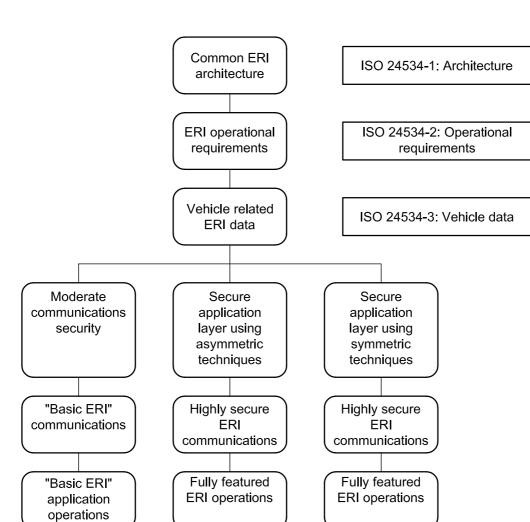


Figure 1 — Functional stack accommodating both "fully featured" and "basic" ERI

ISO 24534-5:

Secure

communications

using symmetrical

techniques

ISO 24534-4:

Secure

communications

using asymmetrical

techniques

ISO 24535: Basic ERI



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