

Irish Standard I.S. EN 62480:2009

Multimedia home network - Network interfaces for network adapter (IEC 62480:2008 (EQV))

© NSAI 2009

No copying without NSAI permission except as permitted by copyright law.

ncorporating amendments/corrigenda issued since publication:			

This document replaces:

This document is based on:
EN 62480:2009

This document was published
under the authority of the NSAI and
comes into effect on:

This document is based on:
EN 62480:2009

Published:
20 August, 2009

ICS number:
33.160.60
33.040.40

35.110

9 February, 2010

NSAI T +353 1 807 3800 Sales:

 1 Swift Square,
 F +353 1 807 3838
 T +353 1 857 6730

 Northwood, Santry
 E standards@nsai.ie
 F +353 1 857 6729

 Dublin 9
 W NSAI.ie
 W standards.ie

Údarás um Chaighdeáin Náisiúnta na hÉireann

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

I.S. EN 62480:2009

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 62480

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

August 2009

ICS 33.160.60; 33.040.40; 35.110

English version

Multimedia home network - Network interfaces for network adapter

(IEC 62480:2008)

Réseaux résidentiels multimédia -Interfaces de réseau relatifs aux adaptateurs de réseaux (CEI 62480:2008) Multimedia-Heimnetzwerk -Netzwerkschnittstellen für Netzwerkadapter (IEC 62480:2008)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2009-07-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

EN 62480:2009 - 2 -

Foreword

The text of document 100/1354/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 62480, prepared by technical area 9, Audio, video and multimedia applications for end-user network, of IEC TC 100, Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 62480 on 2009-07-01.

The following dates were fixed:

 latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 2010-04-01

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn

(dow) 2012-07-01

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62480:2008 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

- 2 -

62480 © IEC:2008(E)

CONTENTS

FC	REW	ORD	6
IN	ΓROD	UCTION	8
1	Sco	oe	9
2	Norr	native references	9
3	Terr	ns and definitions	10
4	Network Adapter communication interfaces and requirements		
	4.1	Overview	12
	4.2	Requirement of functions	14
	4.3	Mechanical and physical characteristics for a Network Adapter	15
		4.3.1 Network Adapter	
		4.3.2 Network Adapter communication interface	
	4.4	Electrical characteristics	
		4.4.1 Network Adapter	
	4.5	4.4.2 Network Adapter communication interface	
	4.5	Logical requirements	
		4.5.2 Network Adapter communication interface	
	4.6	Network Adapter communication software protocols	
		4.6.1 Equipment interface data recognition service software protocol	
		4.6.2 Communication software protocol for object generation type	
		4.6.3 Communication software protocol for peer-to-peer type	84
An	nex A	(informative) Application object	85
An	nex B	(informative) Access to the application object in the Node	89
An	nex C	(normative) Property map description format	94
An	nex D	(informative) Composite messages	95
An	nex E	(informative) Connector shape	96
Bib	liogra	ıphy	103
Fig	jure 1	- The specified portions	9
Fig	jure 2	- Network Adapter communication software hierarchy	12
Fig	jure 3	- Example of the equipment interface data recognition sequence	13
Fig	jure 4	- Network Adapter functions	15
Fig	ure 5	– Logic level	17
_		- Character composition	
_		– Timing requirements	
_		Format of equipment interface data recognition service	
_		- Format of request command	
_		0 – Format of response command	
_		1 – Format of request command	
LIG	jure i	2 – Format of response command	∠5

– 3 –

Figure 13 – Sequence of equipment interface data recognition service	26
Figure 14 – Status change diagram	27
Figure 15 – Format of object generation type commands	31
Figure 16 – Operation of IASet (IASetM)	33
Figure 17 – Operation of IASetup (IASetMup)	34
Figure 18 – Operation of IAGet (IAGetM)	35
Figure 19 – Operation of IAGetup (IAGetMup)	36
Figure 20 – Network Adapter status changes	37
Figure 21 – Format of request command	39
Figure 22 – Format of response command	40
Figure 23 – Format of request command	41
Figure 24 – Format of response command	42
Figure 25 – Format of request command	43
Figure 26 – Format of response command	43
Figure 27 – Format of request command	44
Figure 28 – Format of response command	44
Figure 29 – Format of object data	45
Figure 30 – Format of equipment inquiry data	47
Figure 31 – Format of request command	47
Figure 32 – Format of response command	48
Figure 33 – Format of request command	49
Figure 34 – Format of response command	49
Figure 35 – Format of request command	50
Figure 36 – Format of response command	51
Figure 37 – Format of Object Data	51
Figure 38 – Format of equipment inquiry data	53
Figure 39 – Format of request command	54
Figure 40 – Format of response command	55
Figure 41 – Format of request command	56
Figure 42 – Format of response command	57
Figure 43 – Format of request command	58
Figure 44 – Format of response command	59
Figure 45 – Format of request command	60
Figure 46 – Format of response command	61
Figure 47 – Format of request command	62
Figure 48 – Format of response command	63
Figure 49 – Format of request command	64
Figure 50 – Format of response command	65
Figure 51 – Format of request command	67
Figure 52- Format of Response Command	68
Figure 53 – Format of request command	70
Figure 54 – Format of response command	71
Figure 55 – Format of request command	72

_ 4 _

62480 © IEC:2008(E)

Figure 57 – Communication error notification command.......74 Figure 60 – Object construction sequence (1)......78 Figure 61 – Object construction sequence (2)......79 Figure 62 – Equipment status access request sequence80 Figure 63 – Equipment status notification request sequence.......80 Figure 64 – Element designation equipment status access request sequence......81 Figure 65 – Element designation equipment status notification request sequence......81 Figure 66 – Object access request sequence82 Figure B.1 – Service primitive (obtain other node status: synchronous type)......89 Figure B.2 – Service primitive (obtain other node status: asynchronous type)90 Figure B.3 – Example of object view90 Figure B.5 – Example of object view91 Figure B.6 – Service primitive (notify other nodes of self-node status: synchronous type)......92 Figure B.7 – Service primitive (notify other nodes of self-node status: asynchronous type)......92 Figure B.8 – Example of object view92 Figure B.9 – Example of AOJ configuration in a Node......93 Figure C.1 – Property map description format......94 Figure D.1 – Part of the non-composite messages type packet95 Figure E.2 – Type B plug (Network Adapter side)......100 Figure E.4 – Type A connecter pin arrangement for Network Adapter communication Figure E.5 – Type B connecter pin arrangement for Network Adapter communication Table 1 – Acceptable combinations of types supported by Network Adapters and types Table 2 – Specifications for supplying power – Network-ready equipment (Class 1)......17 Table 3 – Specifications for supplying power – Network-ready equipment (Class 2)......17 Table 4 – Specifications for supplying power – Network-ready equipment (Class 3)......17 Table 5 – Specifications for Supplying Power – Network Adapter.......17

62480 © IEC:2008(E) - 5 -	
Table 11 – Timeout values	84
Table A.1 – Format of the AOJ	85
Table A.2 – List of class codes by group code	87
Table A.3 – APC allocation table	88
Table E.1 – Physical specifications for Type B connector	97

-6-

62480 © IEC:2008(E)

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

MULTIMEDIA HOME NETWORK – NETWORK INTERFACES FOR NETWORK ADAPTER

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be held responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with an IEC Publication.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 62480 has been prepared by technical area 9: Audio, video and multimedia applications for end-user network, of IEC technical committee 100: Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
100/1354/FDIS	100/1389/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

I.S. EN 62480:2009

62480 © IEC:2008(E) - 7 -

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

-8-

62480 © IEC:2008(E)

INTRODUCTION

There are several obstacles to the spread of networked appliances that can be overcome by the concept of a Network Adapter described in this standard. As Home Networking technology is rapidly evolving, network functions which are pre-installed in home electrical appliances can easily become obsolete and may be difficult to upgrade. Many appliances strictly limit resources such as the CPU, power capacity, and memory to achieve cost savings. If all network functions are embedded in Home Networked appliances, this could result in a higher cost for new appliances and an additional barrier to wide adoption of such systems. In addition, when consumers want to add a new appliance to the network, they are forced to choose equipment with the same interconnecting systems as the existing network or add a router or gateway which can interconnect different systems.

To solve these problems, the network functions are divided into two parts. Since functions from OSI layer 1 to 7 (refer to ISO/IEC 7498 in Bibliography) are necessary to network home electrical appliances (including both multimedia equipment and household appliances such as televisions, computers, refrigerators, washing machines, and sensors), network functions from OSI layer 1 to 6 and most of layer 7 reside in an external Network Adapter and only a small part of layer 7 resides in the home appliances.

The advantages of applying this standard are:

- Users can upgrade a Home Network by simply changing the Network Adapters.
 - NOTE 1 For example, when an end-user wants to have higher QoS media.
- An electrical appliance without embedded network functions can be connected to an existing Home Network with a Network Adapter.
 - NOTE 2 For example, when an end-user wants to utilize some of the network application functions (i.e. energy conservation, etc) on an appliance which does not have all of the network function integrated.
- By selecting Network Adapters which use the same interconnecting system as the existing Home Network, routers or the gateways can be avoided.
 - NOTE 3 For example, when an end-user's network is a powerline network, but the appliance the user wants to connect to has only an RF network connection.
 - NOTE 4 For example, when an end-user's network is based on home networking standard "A" (layer 1-7), but the appliance the user wants to connect utilizes a home networking standard "B" (layer 1-7).
- Home appliance manufacturers can produce products that can be connected to Home Networks with minimal cost increases since most of the network functions are not required to be embedded in the appliance.
 - NOTE 5 This standard is helpful for standardizing the manufacturing process for including the network function in appliances- especially when the market has a low penetration of appliances that are network-ready.
- Device objects are based on the same object-oriented methodology used in almost all existing network protocols.

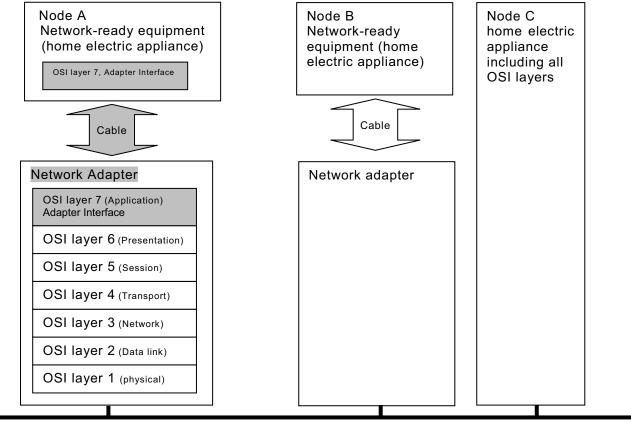
62480 © IEC:2008(E)

_ 9 _

MULTIMEDIA HOME NETWORK – NETWORK INTERFACES FOR NETWORK ADAPTER

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the requirements for the characteristics of the Network Adapter itself and the interface between the Network Adapter and Network-ready equipment as shown in Figure 1. Data exchanged between the Network Adapter and Network-ready equipment are basically for HES Class1. This standard does not specify the Home Networking Protocol by OSI layer 1-6 in the Network Adapter and any implementation of the software stack and hardware.



Transmission media

NOTE Gray colored portions are standardized.

Figure 1 - The specified portions

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

None.



Product Page

- Dooking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore
- Dearn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation