



National Standards Authority of Ireland

STANDARD

I.S. EN 14469-3:2004

ICS 83.040.30

**PIGMENTS AND EXTENDERS - TESTING OF
COLOURING MATERIALS IN PLASTICIZED
POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC-P) - PART 3:
DETERMINATION OF THE RELATIVE TINTING
STRENGTH OF WHITE PIGMENTS**

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

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English version

**Pigments and extenders - Testing of colouring materials in
plasticized polyvinyl chloride (PVC-P) - Part 3: Determination of
the relative tinting strength of white pigments**

Pigments et matières de charge - Essai des matières
colorantes dans le chlorure de polyvinyle plastifié (PVC-P) -
Partie 3: Détermination du pouvoir colorant relatif des
pigments blancs

Pigmente und Füllstoffe - Prüfung von Farbmitteln in
weichmacherhaltigem Polyvinylchlorid (PVC-P) - Teil 3:
Bestimmung des relativen Aufhellvermögens von
Weißpigmenten

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 2 February 2004.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
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EN 14469-3:2004 (E)

Foreword

This document (EN 14469-3:2004) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 298 "Pigments and extenders", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2004, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2004.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This Part of EN 14469 specifies a procedure for determining the relative tinting strength of white pigments in plasticized polyvinyl chloride (PVC-P) at identical concentration of the white pigments by mass. To this end, the white pigments are incorporated into the basic mixture A (see EN 14469-1) together with a carbon black pigment preparation.

2 Normative references

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text, and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

EN 14469-1, *Pigments and extenders – Testing of colouring materials in plasticized polyvinyl chloride (PVC-P) – Part 1: Compositions and preparation of basic mixtures.*

EN ISO 787-24, *General method of tests for pigments and extenders - Part 24: Determination of relative tinting strength of coloured pigments and relative scattering power of white pigments - Photometric methods (ISO 787-24:1985).*

EN ISO 15528, *Paints, varnishes and raw materials for paints and varnishes - Sampling (ISO 15528:2000).*

ISO 7724-2; *Paints and varnishes – Colorimetry - Part 2: Colour measurement.*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this European Standard, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1 tinting strength

TS

capability of a pigment to increase the lightness in colour of a coloured, grey or black medium

3.2 relative tinting strength

TS_r

ratio of the tinting strength of the sample TS_P to the tinting strength of an agreed reference pigment TS_{RP}, expressed as a percentage:

$$TS_r = \frac{TS_P}{TS_{RP}} \times 100 \quad (1)$$

Note For further details see EN ISO 787-24.

4 Apparatus and materials

4.1 Two-roll mill

which can be heated, with an adjustable distance between the rolls, roll diameters shall be between 80 mm and 200 mm and the ratio of the speed of rotations of the two rollers shall be between 1:1,1 and 1:1,2.

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NOTE The rolls used should preferably have a chromed surface.

4.2 Plate press (if required according to 6.1.4)

which can be heated and cooled.

4.3 Photometer

for determining the colorimetric data.

4.4 Basic mixture A

as defined in EN 14469-1.

4.5 Carbon black pigment preparation

based on an easily dispersing grade of carbon black.

5 Sampling

Representative samples of the colouring material to be tested and from the reference pigment shall be taken as described in EN ISO 15528.

6 Procedure

6.1 Preparation of the test specimens

6.1.1 Premixing

Weigh 100 parts of basic mixture A (4.4), 4 parts of the white pigment and an appropriate quantity of a carbon black pigment preparation (4.5) into a plastic beaker and mix well using a spatula.

The quantity of the carbon black pigment preparation shall be such that the sheet produced has a reflection value of between 30 % and 60 %.

6.1.2 Two-roll milling at (160 ± 5) °C

The mix is placed on the two-roll mill, the roll surfaces of which have been adjusted to a temperature of (160 ± 5) °C. A temperature difference between the rolls is permissible if it is within these limits. The amount of mix is judged so that once a milled sheet has formed there is always a rotating bank of molten material in the gap between the rolls. The gap between the rolls is to be adjusted so that the milled sheet has a uniform thickness of 0,4 mm to 0,5 mm.

The sheet is formed in such a way that the whole of the material forms a continuous sheet on the front roll. During the rolling process, the milled sheet shall be continuously turned over or removed and reapplied, so as to give thorough mixing.

After the mix has been applied it should be worked for 200 roll revolutions. The rolling time shall be at least 5 min and not exceed 10 min.

The milled sheet is then drawn off. To this end, it is permissible to change the gap between the rolls and, if desired, the speed of rotation and friction.

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