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Standards

Irish Standard  
I.S. EN 15978:2011

# Sustainability of construction works - Assessment of environmental performance of buildings - Calculation method

## I.S. EN 15978:2011

*Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:*

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SWIFT xxx: A rapidly developed recommendatory document based on the consensus of the participants of an NSAI workshop.

*This document replaces:*

*This document is based on:*  
EN 15978:2011

*Published:*  
17 November, 2011

This document was published under the authority of the NSAI and comes into effect on:  
17 November, 2011

**ICS number:**

91.040.99

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ICS 91.040.99

English Version

## Sustainability of construction works - Assessment of environmental performance of buildings - Calculation method

Contribution des ouvrages de construction au  
développement durable - Evaluation de la performance  
environnementale des bâtiments - Méthode de calcul

Nachhaltigkeit von Bauwerken - Bewertung der  
umweltbezogenen Qualität von Gebäuden -  
Berechnungsmethode

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 August 2011.

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## **Foreword**

This document (EN 15978:2011) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 350 “Sustainability of construction works”, the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2012, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2012.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

## Introduction

The purpose of this European Standard is to provide calculation rules for the assessment of the environmental performance of new and existing buildings.

This European Standard is part of a suite of European Standards, Technical Specifications and Technical Reports for the assessment of the environmental performance of buildings that together support quantification of the contribution of the assessed building to sustainable construction and sustainable development.

The environmental performance of a building is only one aspect of its sustainability. The social and economic performance of the building are also aspects of sustainability that should be assessed as part of a sustainability assessment. These are described in the framework standards (EN 15643-1, -2, and EN 15643-3, -4).

NOTE The environmental assessment at building level requires information from products and services (EN 15804).

The evaluation of technical and functional performance is beyond the scope of this European Standard. Technical and functional characteristics are taken into account here by reference to the functional equivalent, which also forms a basis for comparison of the results of assessments.

This European Standard is intended to support the decision-making process and documentation of the assessment of the environmental performance of a building. Although the assessment results are based on realistic scenarios, they may not fully reflect the actual and future performance of the building. Figure 1 illustrates how the assessment of the environmental performance takes place within the concept of the sustainability assessment of buildings.

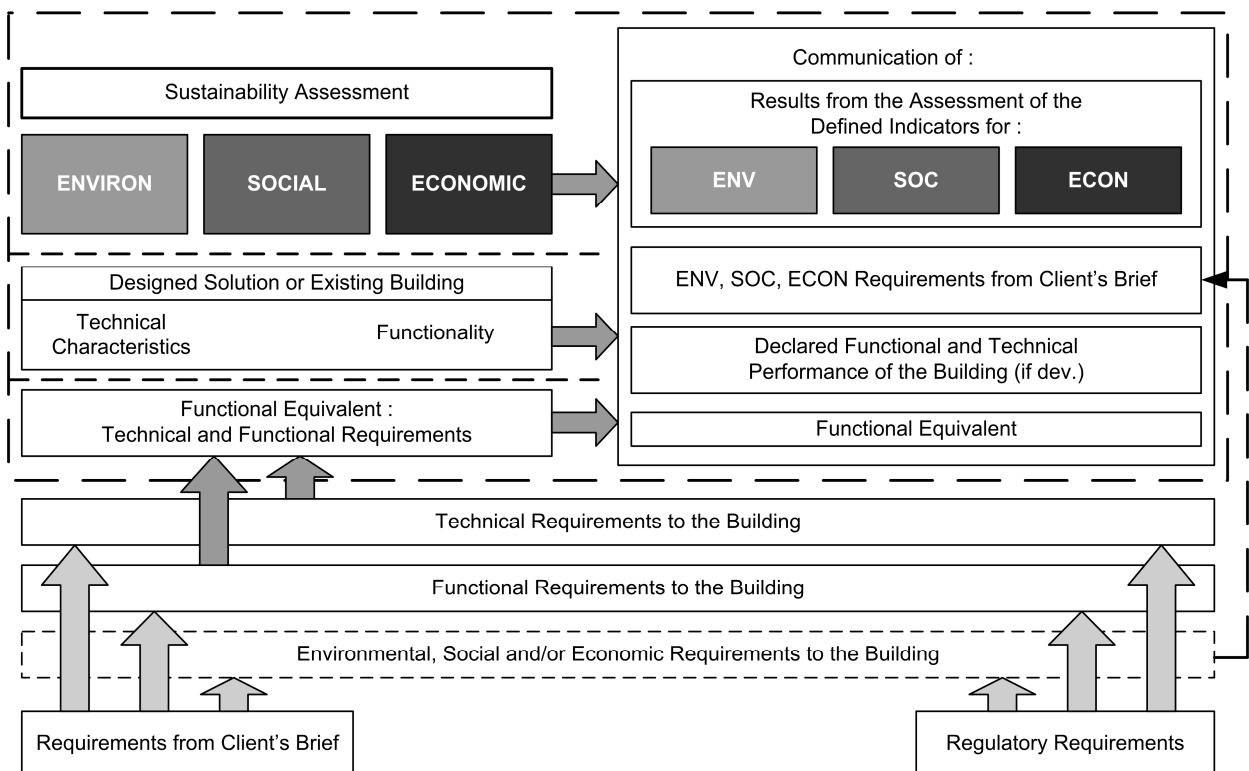


Figure 1 — Concept of sustainability assessment of buildings

In this European Standard, the assessment method for the quantitative evaluation of the environmental performance of the building is based on a life cycle approach. The general requirements for sustainability assessment of buildings are described in EN 15643-1 (the general framework standard). Other requirements for the assessment of environmental performance are given in EN 15643-2. Other standards developed by CEN/TC 350 in this area, and how they are related to this European Standard, are shown in Figure 2.

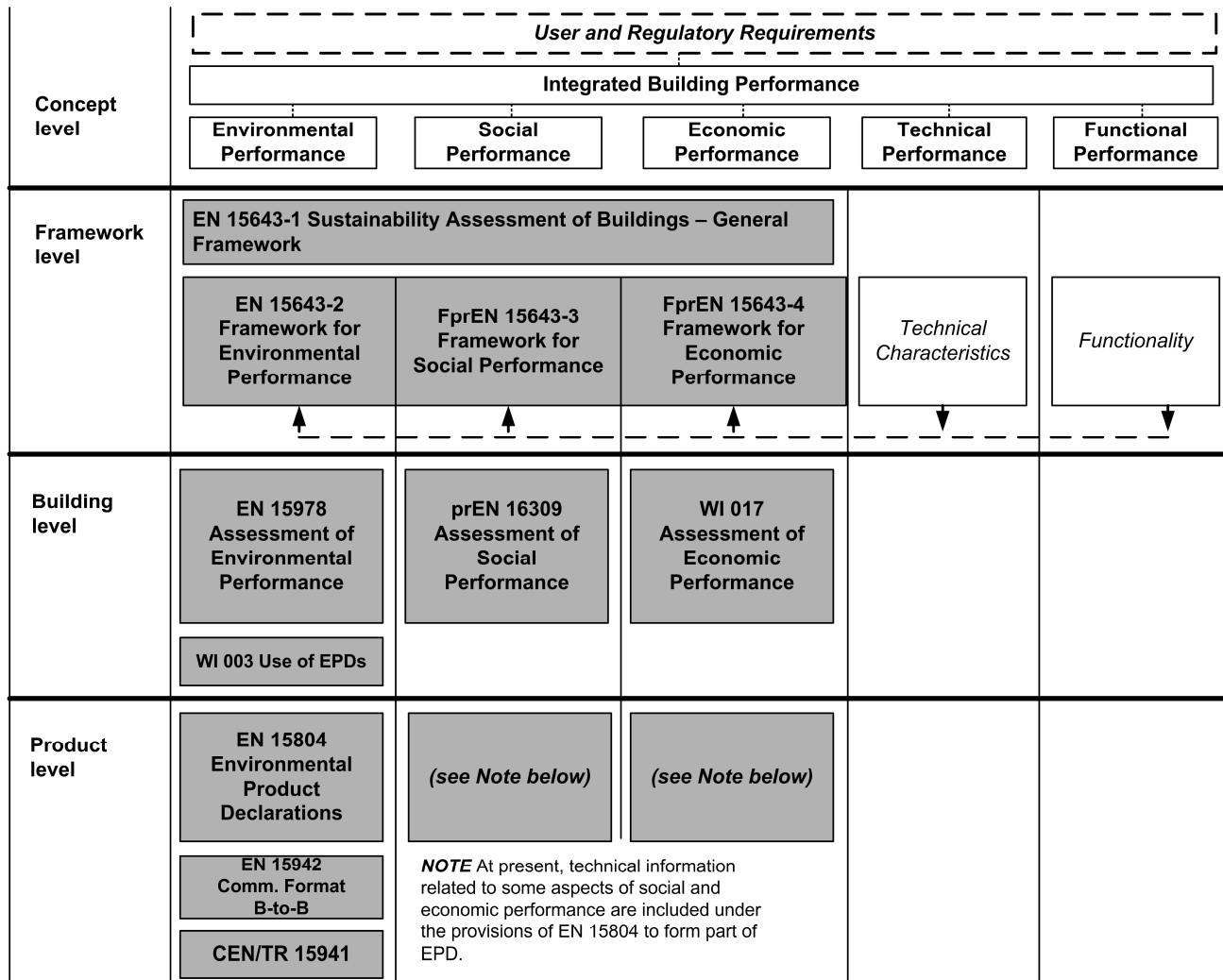


Figure 2 — Work program of CEN/TC 350

NOTE The grey boxes represent the work programme as presented in EN 15643-1.



## 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the calculation method, based on Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) and other quantified environmental information, to assess the environmental performance of a building, and gives the means for the reporting and communication of the outcome of the assessment. The standard is applicable to new and existing buildings and refurbishment projects.

The standard gives:

- the description of the object of assessment;
- the system boundary that applies at the building level;
- the procedure to be used for the inventory analysis;
- the list of indicators and procedures for the calculations of these indicators;
- the requirements for presentation of the results in reporting and communication;
- and the requirements for the data necessary for the calculation.

The approach to the assessment covers all stages of the building life cycle and is based on data obtained from Environmental Product Declarations (EPD), their "information modules" (EN 15804) and other information necessary and relevant for carrying out the assessment. The assessment includes all building related construction products, processes and services, used over the life cycle of the building.

The interpretation and value judgments of the results of the assessment are not within the scope of this European Standard.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 15603, *Energy Performance of Buildings — Overall energy use and definition of energy ratings*

EN 15643-1, *Sustainability of construction works — Sustainability assessment of buildings — Part 1 General Framework*

EN 15643-2, *Sustainability of construction works - Assessment of buildings - Part 2: Framework for the assessment of environmental performance*

EN 15643-3, *Sustainability of construction works - Assessment of buildings - Part 3: Framework for the assessment of social performance*

EN 15643-4, *Sustainability of construction works - Assessment of buildings - Part 4: Framework for the assessment of economic performance*

EN 15804, *Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Core rules for the product category of construction products*

ISO 15392, *Sustainability in Building Construction - General Principles*

ISO 15686-1:2010, *Building and constructed assets — Service life planning — Part 1: General principles*

ISO 15686-2, *Building and constructed assets — Service life planning — Part 2: Service life prediction procedures*

ISO 15686-7, *Building and constructed assets — Service life planning — Part 7: Performance evaluation for feedback of service life data from practice*

ISO 15686-8, *Building and constructed assets — Service life planning — Part 8: Reference service life and service-life estimation*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

**3.1 building**  
*construction works* that have the provision of shelter for its occupants or contents as one of its main purposes and are usually enclosed and designed to stand permanently in one place

[ISO 6707-1:2004]

**3.2 building fabric**  
all *construction products* that are fixed to the *building* in a permanent manner, so that the dismantling of the product changes the performance of the building and the dismantling or replacement of the product constitute construction operations

**3.3 building-integrated technical system**  
installed technical equipment to support the operation of a *building*

NOTE This includes the *technical building system* and other systems e.g. for sanitation, security, fire safety, internal transport and building automation and control and IT communications, climate control systems and installations.

**3.4 building site**  
specified area of land where a *building* is located or is defined to be located and *construction work* of the *building* and associated *external works* are or will be undertaken

NOTE Adapted from the definition of site in ISO 6707-1.

**3.5 component**  
*construction product* (3.6) manufactured as a distinct unit to serve a specific function or functions

[ISO 6707-1:2004]

**3.6 construction product**  
item manufactured or processed for incorporation in construction works

**3.7 construction work**  
activities of forming a *construction works* (3.8)

[ISO 6707-1:2004]

**3.8  
construction works**

everything that is constructed or results from construction operations

NOTE 1 This covers both *building* and civil engineering works, and both structural and non-structural elements.

NOTE 2 Adapted from the definition in ISO 6707-1.

**3.9  
design life**

*service life* intended by the designer

[ISO 15686-1:2000]

**3.10  
environmental aspect**

aspect of construction works, part of works, processes or services related to their life cycle that can cause change to the environment

NOTE 1 Examples for environmental aspects are: use of energy and mass flow, production and segregation of wastes, water use, land use, emissions to air.

NOTE 2 The examples added to the definition of environmental aspect in ISO 15392.

[ISO 21931-1:2010]

[EN 15643-1:2010]

**3.11  
environmental impact**

change to the environment, whether adverse or beneficial, wholly or partially, resulting from environmental aspects

NOTE Derived from the definitions of impact and environmental impact in ISO 15392.

[ISO 21931-1:2010]

**3.12  
environmental performance**

performance related to environmental impacts and environmental aspects

[ISO 15392:2008]

**3.13  
estimated service life**

*service life* that a *building* or an *assembled system (part of works)* would be expected to have in a set of specific *in-use conditions*, determined from *reference service life data* after taking into account any differences from the *reference in use conditions*

[EN 15643-1:2010]

**3.14  
functional equivalent**

quantified *functional requirements* and/or *technical requirements* for a *building* or an *assembled system (part of works)* for use as a basis for comparison

NOTE Adapted from the definition in ISO 21931-1:2010.

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