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Irish Standard I.S. EN 693:2001+A2:2011

Machine tools - Safety - Hydraulic presses

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Machine tools - Safety - Hydraulic presses

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Werkzeugmaschinen - Sicherheit - Hydraulische Pressen

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EN 693:2001+A2:2011 (E)

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Foreword

This document (EN 693:2001+A2:2011) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 143 "Machine tools - Safety", the secretariat of which is held by SNV.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2012, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2012.

This document includes Amendment 1, approved by CEN on 2008-12-29 and Amendment 2, approved by CEN on 2011-07-25.

This document supersedes A2 EN 693:2001+A1:2009 (2).

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags $\boxed{\mathbb{A}}$ $\boxed{\mathbb{A}}$ and $\boxed{\mathbb{A}}$ $\boxed{\mathbb{A}}$.

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

Approximation For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Annexes A and B to this standard are normative, whereas Annexes C to A G and ZA A are informative.

This standard also contains a bibliography.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Introduction

0.1 This standard is applicable to hydraulic presses as defined in 3.10.

0.2 This standard has been prepared to be a harmonized standard to provide one means of conforming with the essential safety requirements of the "Machinery" Directive and associated EFTA Regulations.

0.3 The extent to which hazards are covered is indicated in the scope of this standard. In addition, machinery shall comply as appropriate with EN 292 for hazards which are not covered by this standard.

0.4 Complementary guidance is given in the A and B standards to which reference is made in the text (see clause 2). The figures are intended to be examples only and not to give the only interpretation of the text.

1 Scope

1.1 This standard specifies technical safety requirements and measures to be adopted by persons undertaking the design (as defined in 3.11 of EN 292-1:1991), manufacture and supply of hydraulic presses which are intended to work cold metal or material partly of cold metal.

1.2 This standard also covers presses, whose primary intended use is to work cold metal, which are to be used in the same way to work other sheet materials (such as cardboard, plastic, rubber or leather), and metal powder.

1.3 The requirements in this standard take account of intended use, as defined in 3.12 of EN 292-1:1991. This standard presumes access to the press from all directions, deals with the hazards described in clause 4, and specifies the safety measures for both the operator and other exposed persons.

1.4 This standard also applies to ancillary devices which are an integral part of the press. For the safeguarding of integrated manufacturing systems using presses, see also ISO 11161.

1.5 This standard does not cover machines whose principal designed purpose is:

- a) sheet metal cutting by guillotine;
- b) attaching a fastener, e.g. riveting, stapling or stitching;
- c) bending or folding;
- d) straightening;
- e) turret punch pressing;
- f) extruding;
- g) drop forging or drop stamping;
- h) compaction of metal powder;
- i) single purpose punching machines designed exclusively for profiles, e.g. for the construction industry.

1.6 This standard is applicable to machines built after its date of issue.

2 Normative references

This European standard incorporates, by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references, the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

EN 292-1:1991, Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design - Part 1: Basic terminology, methodology

EN 292-2:1991, Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design - Part 2: Technical principles and specifications (and Amendment A1:1995)

EN 294:1992, Safety of machinery - Safety distances to prevent danger zones being reached by the upper limbs

EN 349:1993, Safety of machinery - Minimum gaps to avoid crushing of parts of the human body

EN 418:1992, Safety of machinery - Emergency stop equipment, functional aspects - Principles for design

EN 563:1994, Safety of machinery - Temperatures of touchable surfaces - Ergonomics data to establish temperature limit values for hot surfaces

EN 574:1996, Safety of machinery - Two-hand control device

EN 614-1:1995, Safety of machinery - Ergonomic design principles - Part 1: Terminology and general principles

EN 626-1:1994, Safety of machinery - Reduction of risks to health from hazardous substances emitted by machinery - Part 1: Principles and specifications for machinery manufacturers

EN 842:1996, Safety of machinery - Visual danger signals - General requirements, design and testing

EN 894-2:1997, Safety of machinery - Ergonomics requirements for the design of displays and control actuators - Part 2: Displays

EN 894-3:2000, Safety of machinery - Ergonomics requirements for the design of displays and control actuators - Part 3: Control actuators

EN 953:1997, Safety of machinery - General requirements for the design and construction of guards (fixed, movable)

EN 954-1:1996, Safety of machinery - Safety related parts of control systems - Part 1: General principles for design

EN 982:1996, Safety of machinery - Safety requirements for fluid power systems and their components – Hydraulics

EN 983:1996, Safety of machinery - Safety requirements for fluid power systems and their components – *Pneumatics*

EN 999:1998, Safety of machinery - Approach speed of parts of the body for the positioning of safety devices

prEN 1005-2:1993, Safety of machinery - Human physical performance - Part 2: Manual handling of objects associated to machinery

EN 1037:1995, Safety of machinery - Prevention of unexpected start-up

EN 1050:1996, Safety of machinery - Principles for risk assessment

EN 1088:1995, Safety of machinery - Interlocking devices associated with guards - Principles for design and selection

EN 1127-1:1997, Safety of machinery - Fire and explosions - Part 1: Explosion prevention and protection

EN 1299:1997, Vibration isolation of machines - Information for the application or source isolation

EN ISO 3746:1995, Acoustics - Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound pressure - Survey method using an enveloping measurement surface over a reflecting plane (ISO 3746:1995)

EN ISO 4871:1996, Acoustics - Declaration and verification of noise emission values of machinery and equipment (ISO 4871:1996) (A)

ISO 11161:1994, Industrial automation systems - Safety of integrated manufacturing systems – Basic requirements

EN ISO 11202:1995, Acoustics - Noise emitted by machinery and equipment - Measurement of emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other specified positions – Survey method in situ (ISO 11202:1995)

ISO/TR 11688-1:1995, Acoustics - Recommended practice for the design of low-noise machinery and equipment - Part 1: Planning

EN 60204-1:1997, Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements (IEC 204-1:1992, modified)

EN 61310-2:1995, Safety of machinery - Indication, marking and actuation - Part 2: Requirements for marking (IEC 1310-2:1995)

A EN 61496-1:2004 A Safety of machinery - Electrosensitive protective equipment - Part 1: General requirements and tests A (IEC 61496-1:2004, modified) A

prEN 61496-2:1997, Safety of machinery - Electrosensitive protective equipment - Part 2: Particular requirements for equipment using active opto-electronic protective devices (IEC 61496-2:1997)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this standard, the following terms and definitions apply. Further terms and definitions are provided in relevant A and B standards and in annex A of EN 292-2:1991/A1:1995.

3.1

ancillary device

any device intended for use with the press tools and integrated with the press, e.g. devices for lubrication, feed and ejection.

3.2

cycle – automatic

operating mode where the slide/ram repeats continuously or intermittently, all functions achieved without manual intervention into the danger zone after initiation.

3.3

cycle - operating

movement of the slide/ram from the cycle start position (normally the top dead centre) to the bottom dead centre and back to the cycle stop position (normally the top dead centre). The operating cycle includes all operations carried out during this movement.

3.4

cycle – single

operating mode where each operating cycle of the slide/ram has to be positively actuated by the operator.

3.5

dead centres

points at which the tool, during its travel, is

- either nearest/closest to the die (generally it corresponds to the end of the closing stroke), known as the bottom dead centre (BDC),
- or furthest from the die (generally it corresponds to the end of the opening stroke), known as the top dead centre (TDC).

3.6

die

fixed part of the tools used in a press.

3.7

die cushion

accessory for a die which accumulates and releases, or absorbs, force as required in some press operations.

3.8

early opening interlocking guard

guard associated with an interlocking device which, if opened when any dangerous movement in the tools area has ceased, does not interrupt the operating cycle.

3.9

guard locking device

mechanical device to maintain an interlocking guard gate in the closed and locked position until the risk of injury from the hazardous machine functions has passed.

3.10

hydraulic press

machine designed or intended to transmit energy by linear movement between closing tools by hydraulic means for the purpose of the working (e.g. forming or shaping) of cold metal or material partly of cold metal between the tools. Such energy is produced by the effects of hydrostatic pressure (see figures 1 and 2).

3.11

limited movement control device; inching device

control device, the actuation of which permits only a limited amount of travel of a machine element, thus minimizing risk as much as possible; further movement is precluded until there is a subsequent and separate actuation of the control. [3.23.8 of EN 292-1:1991].

3.12

monitoring (M)

safety function which ensures that a safety measure is initiated if the ability of a component or an element to perform its function is diminished, or if the process conditions are changed in such a way that hazards are generated.



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