



**NSAI**  
Standards

Irish Standard  
I.S. EN ISO 10042:2006

# Welding - Arc-welded joints in aluminium and its alloys - Quality levels for imperfections (ISO 10042:2005)

## I.S. EN ISO 10042:2006

*Incorporating amendments/corrigenda issued since publication:*

EN ISO 10042:2005/AC:2006

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I.S. xxx: Irish Standard – national specification based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

S.R. xxx: Standard Recommendation - recommendation based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

SWiFT xxx: A rapidly developed recommendatory document based on the consensus of the participants of an NSAI workshop.

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Welding - Arc-welded joints in aluminium and its alloys - Quality levels for  
imperfections (ISO 10042:2005/Cor.1:2006)

Soudage - Assemblages en aluminium et  
alliages d'aluminium soudés à l'arc -  
Niveaux de qualité par rapport aux défauts  
(ISO 10042:2005/Cor.1:2006)

Schweißen -  
Lichtbogenschweißverbindungen an  
Aluminium und seinen Legierungen -  
Bewertungsgruppen von  
Unregelmäßigkeiten (ISO  
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This corrigendum becomes effective on 12 April 2006 for incorporation in the official English and French versions of the EN.

Ce corrigendum prendra effet le 12 avril 2006 pour incorporation dans les versions officielles anglaise et française de la EN.

Die Berichtigung tritt am 12. April 2006 zur Einarbeitung in die offizielle Englische und Französische Fassung der EN in Kraft.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION  
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION  
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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**I.S. EN ISO 10042:2006**  
**EN ISO 10042:2005/AC:2006 (E/F)**

## **English version**

### **Endorsement Notice**

The text of ISO 10042:2005/Cor.1:2006 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 10042:2005/AC:2006 without any modifications.

## **Version française**

### **Notice d'entérinement**

Le texte de l'ISO 10042:2005/Cor.1:2006 a été approuvé par le CEN comme EN ISO 10042:2005/AC:2006 sans aucune modification.



**I.S. EN ISO 10042:2006  
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TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 1**

Published 2006-02-15

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

## **Welding — Arc-welded joints in aluminium and its alloys — Quality levels for imperfections**

### **TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 1**

*Soudage — Assemblages en aluminium et alliages d'aluminium soudés à l'arc — Niveaux de qualité par rapport aux défauts*

*RECTIFICATIF TECHNIQUE 1*

Technical Corrigendum 1 to ISO 10042:2005 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, *Welding and allied processes*, Subcommittee SC 10, *Unification of requirements in the field of metal welding*.

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*Page 2, Subclause 3.3*

At the end of the first sentence, correct

“... is less than 25 mm”

to read

“... is not greater than 25 mm”

At the end of the second sentence, correct

“... is less than 25 % of the length of the weld”

to read

“... is not greater than 25 % of the length of the weld”

*This page is intentionally left BLANK.*

I.S. EN ISO 10042:2006

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 10042

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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Supersedes EN 30042:1994

English Version

## Welding - Arc-welded joints in aluminium and its alloys - Quality levels for imperfections (ISO 10042:2005)

Soudage - Assemblages en aluminium et alliages  
d'aluminium soudés à l'arc - Niveaux de qualité par rapport  
aux défauts (ISO 10042:2005)

Schweißen - Lichtbogenschweißverbindungen an  
Aluminium und seinen Legierungen - Bewertungsgruppen  
von Unregelmäßigkeiten (ISO 10042:2005)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 28 October 2005.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION  
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION  
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

**I.S. EN ISO 10042:2006**

**EN ISO 10042:2005 (E)**

**Foreword**

This document (EN ISO 10042:2005) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44 "Welding and allied processes" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 121 "Welding", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2006, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2006.

This document supersedes EN 30042:1994.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

**Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 10042:2005 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 10042:2005 without any modifications.



**I.S. EN ISO 10042:2006**  
**INTERNATIONAL**  
**STANDARD**

**ISO**  
**10042**

Second edition  
2005-11-15

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**Welding — Arc-welded joints in  
aluminium and its alloys — Quality levels  
for imperfections**

*Soudage — Assemblages en aluminium et alliages d'aluminium soudés  
à l'arc — Niveaux de qualité par rapport aux défauts*



Reference number  
ISO 10042:2005(E)

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**I.S. EN ISO 10042:2006**

**ISO 10042:2005(E)**

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## **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 10042 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, *Welding and allied processes*, Subcommittee SC 10, *Unification of requirements in the field of metal welding*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 10042:1992), which has been technically revised.

## Introduction

This International Standard should be used as a reference in drafting application codes and/or other application standards. It contains a simplified selection of arc welding imperfections based on the designations given in ISO 6520-1.

Some imperfections described in ISO 6520-1 have been used directly and some have been grouped together. The basic numerical referencing system from ISO 6520-1 has been used.

The purpose of this International Standard is to define the dimensions of typical imperfections which might be expected in normal fabrication. It may be used within a quality system for the production of welded joints. It provides three sets of dimensional values from which a selection can be made for a particular application. The quality level necessary in each case should be defined by the application standard or the responsible designer in conjunction with the manufacturer, user and/or other parties concerned. The quality level will have to be prescribed before the start of production, preferably at the enquiry or order stage. For special purposes, additional details may to be prescribed.

The quality levels given in this International Standard provide basic reference data and are not specifically related to any particular application. They refer to the types of welded joint in fabrication and not to the complete product or component itself. It is possible, therefore, that different quality levels are applied to individual welded joints in the same product or component.

It would normally be expected that for a particular welded joint the dimensional limits for imperfections could all be covered by specifying one quality level. In some cases, it may be necessary to specify different quality levels for different imperfections in the same welded joint.

The choice of quality level for any application should take account of design considerations, subsequent processing (e.g. surfacing), mode of stressing (e.g. static, dynamic), service conditions (e.g. temperature, environment) and consequences of failure. Economic factors are also important and should include not only the cost of welding but also of inspection, test and repair.

Although this International Standard includes types of imperfection relevant to the arc welding processes given in Clause 1, only those which are applicable to the process and application in question need to be considered.

Imperfections are quoted in terms of their actual dimensions, and their detection and evaluation may require the use of one or more methods of non-destructive testing. The detection and sizing of imperfections is dependent on the inspection methods and the extent of testing specified in the application standard or contract.

This International Standard does not address the methods used for the detection of imperfections. However, ISO 17635 contains a correlation between the quality level and acceptance level for different NDT methods.

This International Standard is directly applicable to visual examination of welds and does not include details of recommended methods of detection or sizing by other non-destructive means. It should be considered that there are difficulties in using these limits to establish appropriate criteria applicable to non-destructive testing methods such as ultrasonic, radiographic and penetrant testing and they may need to be supplemented by requirements for inspection, examination and testing.

The values given for imperfections are for welds produced using normal welding practice. Requirements for smaller (more stringent) values as stated in quality level B may include additional manufacturing processes, e.g. grinding, TIG dressing.

Requests for official interpretation of any aspect of this International Standard should be directed to the secretariat of ISO/TC 44/SC 10 via your national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org](http://www.iso.org).

**I.S. EN ISO 10042:2006**

# Welding — Arc-welded joints in aluminium and its alloys — Quality levels for imperfections

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies quality levels for imperfections in arc-welded joints in aluminium and its alloys. It applies to material thicknesses above 0,5 mm. It covers full-penetration butt welds and all fillet welds. The principles of this International Standard may also be applied to partial-penetration butt welds.

Quality levels for beam-welded joints are presented in ISO 13919-2.

Three quality levels are given in order to permit application to a wide range of welded constructions. They are designated by symbols B, C and D. Quality level B corresponds to the highest requirement on the finished weld. The quality levels refer to production quality and not to the fitness for purpose (see 3.2) of the product manufactured.

This International Standard applies to:

- all types of weld, e.g. butt welds, fillet welds and branch connections;
- the following welding processes and their sub-processes as defined in ISO 4063:
  - 131 metal inert gas welding (MIG welding); gas metal arc welding /USA/,
  - 141 tungsten inert gas welding (TIG welding); gas tungsten arc welding /USA/,
  - 15 plasma arc welding;
- manual, mechanized and automatic welding;
- all welding positions.

Metallurgical aspects, e.g. grain size, hardness, are not covered by this International Standard.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2553, *Welded, brazed and soldered joints — Symbolic representation on drawings*

ISO 4063, *Welding and allied processes — Nomenclature of processes and reference numbers*

ISO 6520-1:1998, *Welding and allied processes — Classification of geometric imperfections in metallic materials — Part 1: Fusion welding*

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