



NSAI
Standards

Irish Standard
I.S. EN 60475:2011

Method of sampling insulating liquids (IEC 60475:2011 (EQV))

I.S. EN 60475:2011

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda issued since publication:

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I.S. xxx: Irish Standard – national specification based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

S.R. xxx: Standard Recommendation - recommendation based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

SWiFT xxx: A rapidly developed recommendatory document based on the consensus of the participants of an NSAI workshop.

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| NSAI 1 Swift Square, Northwood, Santry Dublin 9 | T +353 1 807 3800 F +353 1 807 3838 E standards@nsai.ie W NSAI.ie | Sales: T +353 1 857 6730 F +353 1 857 6729 W standards.ie |
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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 60475

December 2011

ICS 29.040

English version

**Method of sampling insulating liquids
(IEC 60475:2011)**

Méthode d'échantillonnage des liquides
isolants
(CEI 60475:2011)

Verfahren zur Probennahme von
Isolierflüssigkeiten
(IEC 60475:2011)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2011-11-24. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

I.S. EN 60475:2011

EN 60475:2011

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Foreword

The text of document 10/848/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 60475, prepared by IEC/TC 10 "Fluids for electrotechnical applications" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 60475:2011.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2012-08-24
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2014-11-24

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Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60475:2011 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

| <u>Publication</u> | <u>Year</u> | <u>Title</u> | <u>EN/HD</u> | <u>Year</u> |
|--------------------|-------------|---|--------------|-------------|
| IEC 60567 | 2011 | Oil-filled electrical equipment - Sampling of gases and analysis of free and dissolved gases - Guidance | EN 60567 | 2011 |
| IEC 60970 | - | Insulating liquids - Methods for counting and sizing particles | EN 60970 | - |

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

METHOD OF SAMPLING INSULATING LIQUIDS

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 60475 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 10: Fluids for electrotechnical applications.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition, published in 1974, and constitutes a technical revision.

The main changes with respect to the previous edition are listed below:

- since the publication of the first edition of this standard, askarels have been banned and therefore have been withdrawn from this second edition;
- recommendations concerning general health, safety and environmental protection have been added as an Introduction;
- the first edition was mainly about sampling from drums and tank cars. This second edition addresses in more detail the sampling of oil from electrical equipment, using various types of sampling devices appropriate for the different types of oil tests to be performed in the laboratory, including dissolved gas analysis (DGA).

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

| FDIS | Report on voting |
|-------------|------------------|
| 10/848/FDIS | 10/871/RVD |

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

General caution, health, safety and environmental protection

This International Standard does not purport to address all the safety problems associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of the standard to establish appropriate health and safety practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

The insulating oils which are the subject of this standard should be handled with due regard to personal hygiene. Direct contact with the eyes may cause irritation. In the case of eye contact, irrigation with copious quantities of clean running water should be carried out and medical advice sought. Some of the tests specified in this standard involve the use of processes that could lead to a hazardous situation. Attention is drawn to the relevant standard for guidance.

Environment

This standard is applicable to mineral oils and non-mineral oils, chemicals and used sample containers.

Attention is drawn to the fact that, some mineral oils in service may still be contaminated to some degree by PCBs. If this is the case, safety countermeasures should be taken to avoid risks to workers, the public and the environment during the life of the equipment, by strictly controlling spills and emissions. Disposal or decontamination of these oils should be carried out strictly according to local regulations. Every precaution should be taken to prevent release of mineral oil and non-mineral oil into the environment.

This is a free preview. Purchase the entire publication at the link below:

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