



NSAI
Standards

Irish Standard
I.S. EN ISO 11073-10406:2012

Health informatics - Personal health
device communication - Part 10406:
Device specialization - Basic
electrocardiograph (ECG) (1- to 3-lead
ECG) (ISO/IEEE 11073-10406:2012)

I.S. EN ISO 11073-10406:2012

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English Version

**Health informatics - Personal health device communication -
Part 10406: Device specialization - Basic electrocardiograph
(ECG) (1- to 3-lead ECG) (ISO/IEEE 11073-10406:2012)**

Informatique de santé - Communication entre dispositifs de
santé personnels - Partie 10406: Spécialisation des
dispositifs - Électrocardiogramme de base (ECG) (ECG 1 à
3) (ISO/IEEE 11073-10406:2012)

Medizinische Informatik - Kommunikation von Geräten für
die persönliche Gesundheit - Teil 10406:
Gerätespezifikation - Basiselektrokardiogramm (EKG)
(EKG mit 1 bis 3 Ableitungen) (ISO/IEEE 11073-
10406:2012)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 11073-10406:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215 "Health informatics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 251 "Health informatics" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2013.

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I.S. EN ISO 11073-10406:2012

**INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD**

**ISO/IEEE
11073-10406**

First edition
2012-12-01

**Health informatics — Personal health
device communication —**

Part 10406:

**Device specialization — Basic
electrocardiograph (ECG)
(1- to 3-lead ECG)**

*Informatique de santé — Communication entre dispositifs de santé
personnels —*

*Partie 10406: Spécialisation des dispositifs — Électrocardiogramme de
base (ECG) (ECG 1 à 3)*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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ISO/IEEE 11073-10406 was prepared by the IEEE 11073 Standards Committee of the IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society (as IEEE Std 11073-10406-2011). It was adopted by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215, *Health informatics*, in parallel with its approval by the ISO member bodies, under the “fast-track procedure” defined in the Partner Standards Development Organization cooperation agreement between ISO and IEEE. IEEE is responsible for the maintenance of this document with participation and input from ISO member bodies.

ISO/IEEE 11073 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Health informatics — Personal health device communication* (text in parentheses gives a variant of subtitle):

- *Part 10101: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Nomenclature*
- *Part 10201: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Domain information model*
- *Part 10404: Device specialization — Pulse oximeter*
- *Part 10406: Device specialization — Basic electrocardiograph (ECG) (1- to 3-lead ECG)*
- *Part 10407: Device specialization — Blood pressure monitor*
- *Part 10408: Device specialization — Thermometer*

- *Part 10415: Device specialization — Weighing scale*
- *Part 10417: Device specialization — Glucose meter*
- *Part 10420: Device specialization — Body composition analyzer*
- *Part 10421: Device specialization — Peak expiratory flow monitor (peak flow)*
- *Part 10471: Device specialization — Independant living activity hub*
- *Part 10472: Device specialization — Medication monitor*
- *Part 20101: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Application profiles — Base standard*
- *Part 20601: Application profile — Optimized exchange protocol*
- *Part 30200: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Transport profile — Cable connected*
- *Part 30300: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Transport profile — Infrared wireless*
- *Part 30400: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Interface profile — Cabled Ethernet*
- *Part 90101: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Analytical instruments — Point-of-care test*
- *Part 91064: (Standard communication protocol) Computer-assisted electrocardiography*
- *Part 92001: (Medical waveform format) — Encoding rules [Technical Specification]*

Introduction

<p>This introduction is not part of IEEE Std 11073-10406-2011, Health informatics—Personal health device communication—Part 10406: Device specialization—Basic electrocardiograph (ECG) (1- to 3-lead ECG).</p>

Within the context of the ISO/IEEE 11073 family of standards for device communication, this standard establishes a normative definition of the communication between personal basic electrocardiograph (ECG) devices and managers (e.g., cell phones, personal computers, personal health appliances, and set top boxes) in a manner that enables plug-and-play interoperability. It leverages appropriate portions of existing standards including ISO/IEEE 11073 terminology and IEEE 11073-20601 information models. It specifies the use of specific term codes, formats, and behaviors in telehealth environments restricting optionality in base frameworks in favor of interoperability. This standard defines a common core of communication functionality for personal telehealth basic ECG (1- to 3-lead ECG) devices. Monitoring ECG devices are distinguished from diagnostic ECG equipment with respect to including support for wearable ECG devices, limiting the number of leads supported by the equipment to three, and not requiring the capability of annotating or analyzing the detected electrical activity to determine known cardiac phenomena. This standard is consistent with the base framework and allows multifunction implementations by following multiple device specializations (e.g., ECG and respiration rate).

I.S. EN ISO 11073-10406:2012

Health informatics — Personal health device communication —

Part 10406:

Device specialization — Basic electrocardiograph (ECG) (1- to 3-lead ECG)

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1. Overview

1.1 Scope

Within the context of the ISO/IEEE 11073 family of standards for device communication, this standard establishes a normative definition of the communication between personal basic electrocardiograph (ECG) devices and managers (e.g., cell phones, personal computers, personal health appliances, and set top boxes) in a manner that enables plug-and-play interoperability. It leverages appropriate portions of existing standards including ISO/IEEE 11073 terminology and IEEE Std 11073-20601 information models. It specifies the use of specific term codes, formats, and behaviors in telehealth environments restricting optionality in base frameworks in favor of interoperability. This standard defines a common core of communication functionality for personal telehealth basic ECG (1- to 3-lead ECG) devices. Monitoring ECG devices are distinguished from diagnostic ECG equipment with respect to including support for wearable ECG devices, limiting the number of leads supported by the equipment to three, and not requiring the capability of annotating or analyzing the detected electrical activity to determine known cardiac phenomena. This standard is consistent with the base framework and allows multifunction implementations by following multiple device specializations (e.g., ECG and respiration rate).

1.2 Purpose

This standard addresses a need for an openly defined, independent standard for controlling information exchange to and from personal health devices and managers (e.g., cell phones, personal computers, personal health appliances, and set top boxes). Interoperability is key to growing the potential market for these devices and enabling people to be better informed participants in the management of their health.

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