

Irish Standard
I.S. EN ISO 11073-30400:2012

Health informatics - Point-of-care medical device communication - Part 30400: Interface profile - Cabled Ethernet (ISO 11073-30400:2012)

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Health informatics - Point-of-care medical device communication - Part 30400: Interface profile - Cabled Ethernet (ISO 11073-30400:2012)

Informatique de santé - Communication entre dispositifs médicaux sur le site des soins - Partie 30400: Profil d'interface - Ethernet câblé (ISO 11073-30400:2012)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 11073-30400:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215 "Health informatics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 251 "Health informatics" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

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Health informatics — Point-of-care medical device communication —

Part 30400: Interface profile — Cabled Ethernet

Informatique de santé — Communication entre dispositifs médicaux sur le site des soins -

Partie 30400: Profil d'interface — Ethernet câblé



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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ISO/IEEE 11073-30400 was prepared by the IEEE 11073 Standards Comittee of the IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society (as IEEE Std 11073-30400-2010). It was adopted by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215, *Health informatics*, in parallel with its approval by the ISO member bodies, under the "fast-track procedure" defined in the Partner Standards Development Organization cooperation agreement between ISO and IEEE. IEEE is responsible for the maintenance of this document with participation and input from ISO member bodies.

ISO/IEEE 11073 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Health informatics* — *Personal health device communication* (text in parentheses gives a variant of subtitle):

- Part 10101: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Nomenclature
 Part 10201: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Domain information model
 Part 10404: Device specialization Pulse oximeter
- Part 10407: Device specialization Blood pressure monitor
- Part 10408: Device specialization Thermometer
- Part 10415: Device specialization Weighing scale

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- Part 10417: Device specialization Glucose meter
- Part 10420: Device specialization Body composition analyzer
- Part 10421: Device specialization Peak expiratory flow monitor (peak flow)
- Part 10471: Device specialization Independent living activity hub
- Part 10472: Device specialization Medication monitor
- Part 20101: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Application profiles Base standard
- Part 20601: Application profile Optimized exchange protocol
- Part 30200: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Transport profile Cable connected
- Part 30300: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Transport profile Infrared wireless
- Part 30400: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Interface profile Cabled Ethernet
- Part 90101: (Point-of-care medical device communication) Analytical instruments Point-of-care test
- Part 91064: (Standard communication protocol) Computer-assisted electrocardiography
- Part 92001: (Medical waveform format) Encoding rules

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Introduction

This introduction is not part of IEEE Std 11073-30400-2010, Health informatics—Point-of-Care medical device communication—Part 30400: Interface profile—Cabled Ethernet.

ISO/IEEE 11073 standards enable communication between medical devices and external computer systems. They provide automatic and detailed electronic data capture of patient vital signs information and device operational data. The primary goals are as follows:

- To provide real-time plug-and-play interoperability for patient-connected medical devices
- To facilitate the efficient exchange of vital signs and medical device data, acquired at the PoC, in all health care environments

"Real time" means that data from multiple devices can be retrieved, time correlated, and displayed or processed in fractions of a second. "Plug and play" means that all the clinician has to do is make the connection between devices. The devices automatically detect, configure, and initiate communication without any other human interaction.

"Efficient exchange of medical device data" means that information that is captured at the Point of Care (e.g., patient vital signs data) can be archived, retrieved, and processed by many different types of applications without extensive software and equipment support, and without needless loss of information. The standards are especially targeted at acute and continuing care devices, such as patient monitors, ventilators, infusion pumps, electrocardiogram (ECG) devices, and so on. They comprise a family of standards that can be layered together to provide connectivity optimized for the specific devices being interfaced.

This standard defines a communications interface profile. This profile is for a cable-connected, Ethernet-based local area network (LAN) for the interconnection of medical devices.

Specifically, this standard calls out layers 1 and 2 of the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) reference model (physical and data link layers) communications services and protocols, as implemented in IEEE Std 802.3-2008, that are appropriate for the medical communications environment. This standard is one part of the family of ISO/IEEE 11073 series of standards. It is compatible with the upper layer ISO/IEEE 11073 standards. It is expected that this standard will be combined, as appropriate, with other standards from the ISO/IEEE 11073 series.

The primary users of this standard are technical personnel who are creating or interfacing with a medical communications system. Familiarity with the ISO/IEEE 11073 family of standards is recommended. Familiarity with communications and networking technologies is also recommended.

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^a Information on references can be found in Clause 2.

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Part 30400:

Interface profile — Cabled Ethernet

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1 Overview

1.1 Scope

This document focuses on the application of the Ethernet family (IEEE Std 802.3[™]-2008¹) of protocols for use in medical device communication. The scope is limited to referencing the appropriate Ethernet family specifications and to calling out any specific special needs or requirements of the ISO/IEEE 11073 environment, with a particular focus on easing interoperability and controlling costs.

1.2 Purpose

This standard defines a comprehensive set of protocols consistent with the ISO/IEEE 11073 and Ethernet family of protocols for common use by medical devices in networked operating contexts. By providing this standard, the ISO/IEEE 11073 design goal to provide real-time plug-and-play interoperability will be extended to a broad set of network interfaces.

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¹ Information on references can be found in Clause 2.



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