

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 10801:2010

Nanotechnologies - Generation of metal nanoparticles for inhalation toxicity testing using the evaporation/condensation method (ISO 10801:2010)

© NSAI 2010

No copying without NSAI permission except as permitted by copyright law.

| Incorporating amendments/corrigenda issued since publication: | |
|---|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

The National Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI) produces the following categories of formal documents:

I.S. xxx: Irish Standard – national specification based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

S.R. xxx: Standard Recommendation - recommendation based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

SWiFT xxx: A rapidly developed recommendatory document based on the consensus of the participants of an NSAI workshop.

| This accument replaces. | This document is based on: | <i>Publish</i> | <i>hed:</i> |
|---|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| | EN ISO 10801:2010 | 15 Dec | ember, 2010 |
| This document was published under the authority of the NSAI | | | ICS number: 07.030 |

NSAI Sales:

and comes into effect on:

7 January, 2011

 1 Swift Square,
 T +353 1 807 3800
 T +353 1 857 6730

 Northwood, Santry
 F +353 1 807 3838
 F +353 1 857 6729

 Dublin 9
 E standards@nsai.ie
 W standards.ie

W NSALie

Údarás um Chaighdeáin Náisiúnta na hÉireann

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 10801

December 2010

ICS 07.030

English Version

Nanotechnologies - Generation of metal nanoparticles for inhalation toxicity testing using the evaporation/condensation method (ISO 10801:2010)

Nanotechnologies - Génération de nanoparticules de métal pour essais de toxicité par inhalation en utilisant la méthode de condensation/évaporation (ISO 10801:2010) Nanotechnologien - Erzeugung von Metall-Nanopartikeln zur Prüfung auf Toxizität nach Inhalation unter Verwendung des Verdampfungs-/Kondensationsverfahrens (ISO 10801:2010)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 14 December 2010.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

EN ISO 10801:2010 (E)

| Contents | Page |
|----------|------|
| | |
| Foreword | 3 |

EN ISO 10801:2010 (E)

Foreword

This document (EN ISO 10801:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 229 "Nanotechnologies" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 352 "Nanotechnologies" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2011.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 10801:2010 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 10801:2010 without any modification.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

I.S. EN ISO 10801:2010

This page is intentionally left BLANK.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

I.S. EN ISO 10801:2010 INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 10801

First edition 2010-12-15

Nanotechnologies — Generation of metal nanoparticles for inhalation toxicity testing using the evaporation/condensation method

Nanotechnologies — Génération de nanoparticules de métal pour essais de toxicité par inhalation en utilisant la méthode de condensation/évaporation



ISO 10801:2010(E)

PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2010

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents Page

| Forewo | ord | iv |
|--|--|------------------|
| Introdu | uction | v |
| 1 | Scope | 1 |
| 2 | Normative references | 1 |
| 3 | Terms and definitions | 1 |
| 4 4.1 4.2 | Principle Generation Preparation of system | 3 |
| 5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 | Requirements | 5 5 |
| 6 6.1 6.2 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.3 6.3.1 6.3.2 | Characterization of generator performance Requirements for particle size distribution and mass concentration Particle size distribution measurement Sampling with DMAS. Sampling for microscopy Mass concentration measured by filter sampling. Filter sampling for aerosol mass concentration Frequency of sampling. | 6 6 6 6 |
| 7 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.5 7.6 | Nanoparticle generation specifications Test particle purity/impurities Size range Number concentration Nanoparticle shape Stability Animal exposure | 7 7 7 7 |
| 8 | Assessment of results | 8 |
| 9 | Test report | 8 |
| Annex | A (informative) Example method for evaporation/condensation generation of silver nanoparticles | 9 |
| Bibliog | ıraphy | 21 |

ISO 10801:2010(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 10801 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 229, Nanotechnologies.

ISO 10801:2010(E)

Introduction

The number of nanotechnology-based consumer products containing silver, gold, carbon, zinc oxide, titanium dioxide and silica nanoparticles is growing very rapidly. The population at risk of exposure to nanoparticles continues to increase as the applications expand. In particular, workers in nanotechnology-based industries are at risk of being exposed to manufactured nanoparticles. If nanoparticles are liberated from products, the public could be exposed as well.

There is currently limited, but growing, knowledge about the toxicity of nano-sized particles. The processes of nanoparticle production include gas-phase, vapour-phase, colloidal and attrition processes. Potential paths of exposure include inhalation, dermal and ingestion. Inhalation may arise from direct leakage from gas-phase and vapour-phase processes, airborne contamination of the workplace from deposition or product recovery and handling of product, or post-recovery processing and packing^[7]. Exposure to manufactured nano-sized particles might occur during production, use and disposal in the ambient air or workplace and is of concern for public and occupational health.

There are currently neither generally accepted methods of inhalation toxicology testing for nano-sized particles nor specific nanoparticle generation methods for such testing. The ability to disperse respirable nano-sized particles from powders has been an obstacle to evaluating the effects of inhalation of nano-sized particles on the respiratory system. Although it is possible to disperse nanoparticles in air from powders, the size of the particles so generated may be larger than desired due to aggregation and agglomeration. In order to gain vital information for evaluating the health effects of nanoparticles by inhalation, nano-sized particles need to be generated and transported to a test environment containing experimental animals for testing short- or long-term inhalation toxicity. The nanoparticle generation method based on evaporation of metal (silver in this example) and subsequent condensation is capable of providing a consistent particle size distribution and stable number concentrations, suitable for short- or long-term inhalation toxicity study.

This International Standard provides a method for stable silver nanoparticle generation with particle sizes up to 100 nm. A detailed method is described in Annex A. The generation method provided here has sufficient stability for continuous inhalation toxicity testing up to 90 days. The generated nanoparticles can be used in various experimental systems, including high-throughput human cell-based labs-on-a-chip, a variety of additional *in-vitro* methods [8][9][10][11], as well as the animal experiments that may still be performed at this time, which include, but are not limited to, whole-body, head-only and nose-only. The method is not limited to the silver nanoparticles used in this example and may be used to generate other metallic nanoparticles with a similar melting temperature and evaporation rate, such as gold. However, this method is not applicable to the generation of nanoparticles of all metals.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

I.S. EN ISO 10801:2010



Product Page

- Dooking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore
- Dearn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation