



NSAI
Standards

Irish Standard
I.S. EN 13176:2015

Chemicals used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Ethanol

I.S. EN 13176:2015

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

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English Version

Chemicals used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Ethanol

Produits chimiques utilisés pour le traitement de l'eau destinée à la consommation humaine - Éthanol

Produkte zur Aufbereitung von Wasser für den menschlichen Gebrauch - Ethanol

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 20 December 2014.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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Foreword

This document (EN 13176:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 164 "Water supply", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2015.

This document supersedes EN 13176:2008.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Significant technical difference between this edition and EN 13176:2008 is as follows:

- a) deletion of reference to EU Directive 67/548/EEC of June 27, 1967 in order to take into account the latest Regulation in force (see [2]);
- b) 6.2 – updating of risk and safety labelling according to EU Regulation [2] and its latest Adaptations to Technical Progress).

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

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Introduction

In respect of potential adverse effects on the quality of water intended for human consumption, caused by the product covered by this European Standard:

- a) this European Standard provides no information as to whether the product may be used without restriction in any of the Member States of the EU or EFTA;
- b) it should be noted that, while awaiting the adoption of verifiable European criteria, existing national regulations concerning the use and/or the characteristics of this product remain in force.

NOTE Conformity with this European Standard does not confer or imply acceptance or approval of the product in any of the Member States of the EU or EFTA. The use of the product covered by this European Standard is subject to regulation or control by National Authorities.

1 Scope

This European Standard is applicable to synthetic ethanol used for treatment of water intended for human consumption. It describes the characteristics of synthetic ethanol and specifies the requirements and the corresponding test methods for synthetic ethanol. It gives information on its use in water treatment.

NOTE This European Standard does not apply to anhydrous ethanol which is not used for drinking water treatment.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1233, *Water quality - Determination of chromium - Atomic absorption spectrometric methods*

EN ISO 12846, *Water quality - Determination of mercury - Method using atomic absorption spectrometry (AAS) with and without enrichment (ISO 12846)*

EN 26595, *Water quality — Determination of total arsenic — Silver diethyldithiocarbamate spectrophotometric method (ISO 6595)*

EN ISO 3696, *Water for analytical laboratory use - Specification and test methods (ISO 3696)*

ISO 3165, *Sampling of chemical products for industrial use — Safety in sampling*

ISO 3856-2, *Paints and varnishes — Determination of "soluble" metal content — Part 2: Determination of antimony content — Flame atomic absorption spectrometric method and Rhodamine B spectrophotometric method*

ISO 6206, *Chemical products for industrial use — Sampling — Vocabulary*

ISO 8288:1986, *Water quality — Determination of cobalt, nickel, copper, zinc, cadmium and lead — Flame atomic absorption spectrometric methods*

ISO 9965, *Water quality — Determination of selenium — Atomic absorption spectrometric method (hydride technique)*

3 Description

3.1 Identification

3.1.1 Chemical name

Ethanol.

3.1.2 Synonym or common name

Ethyl alcohol.

3.1.3 Relative molecular mass

46,07

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