

Irish Standard I.S. EN 60099-5:2013

Surge arresters -- Part 5: Selection and application recommendations (IEC 60099-5:2013 (EQV))

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Surge arresters Part 5: Selection and application recommendations (IEC 60099-5:2013)

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- 2 -

Foreword

The text of document 37/405/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 60099-5, prepared by IEC/TC 37 "Surge arresters" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 60099-5:2013.

The following dates are fixed:

latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn
 (dow) 2016-06-26

This document supersedes EN 60099-5:1996 + A1:1999.

EN 60099-5:2013 includes the following significant technical changes with respect to EN 60099-5:1996 + A1:1999:

- a) Expanded discussion of different types of arresters and their application, including additions of discussion on
 - transmission of line arresters,
 - arresters for shunt capacitor switching,
 - arresters for series capacitor protection,
 - application of arresters between phases,
 - connecting arresters in parallel.
- b) Addition of section on asset management, including
 - managing surge arresters in the power grid,
 - arrester maintenance,
 - significantly expanded discussion of performance diagnostic tools,
 - end-of-life considerations.
- c) New annexes dealing with
 - arrester modelling for system studies,
 - example of data needed for specifying arresters.

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The text of the International Standard IEC 60099-5:2013 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60071-1	2006	Insulation co-ordination - Part 1: Definitions, principles and rules	EN 60071-1	2006
IEC 60071-2	1996	Insulation co-ordination - Part 2: Application guide	EN 60071-2	1997
IEC/TR 60071-4	-	Insulation co-ordination - Part 4: Computational guide to insulation co- ordination and modelling of electrical networks	- -	-
IEC 60099-4 (mod) + A1 + A2	2004 2006 2009	Surge arresters - Part 4: Metal-oxide surge arresters without gaps for a.c. systems	EN 60099-4 + A1 + A2	2004 2006 2009
IEC 60099-6	2002	Surge arresters - Part 6: Surge arresters containing both series and parallel gapped structures - Rate 52 kV and less	- d	-
IEC 60099-8	2011	Surge arresters - Part 8: Metal-oxide surge arresters with external series gap (EGLA) for overhead transmission and distribution lines of a.c. systems above 1 kV	EN 60099-8	2011
IEC 60507	-	Artificial pollution tests on high-voltage insulators to be used on a.c. systems	EN 60507	-
IEC/TS 60815-1	-	Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions - Part 1: Definitions, information and general principles	-	-
IEC/TS 60815-2	-	Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions - Part 2: Ceramic and glass insulators for a.c. systems		-
IEC/TS 60815-3	-	Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions - Part 3: Polymer insulators for a.c. systems	-	-
IEC 62271-1	-	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 1: Common specifications	EN 62271-1	-

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EN 60099-5:2013

- 4 -

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 62271-200	-	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 200: AC metal-enclosed switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV	EN 62271-200 d	-
IEC 62271-203	-	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 203: Gas-insulated metal-enclosed switchgear for rated voltages above 52 kV	EN 62271-203	-

-2-

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CONTENTS

FC	REW	ORD		6		
1	Scope			8		
2	Norn	Normative references				
3	Term	rms and definitions9				
4	General principles for the application of surge arresters					
5	Surg	e arrest	ter fundamentals and applications issues	19		
	5.1					
	5.2	Different types and designs and their electrical and mechanical				
		charac	cteristics			
		5.2.1	General			
		5.2.2	Metal-oxide arresters without gaps according to IEC 60099-4	20		
		5.2.3	Metal-oxide surge arresters with internal series gaps according to IEC 60099-6	30		
		5.2.4	Externally gapped line arresters (EGLA) according to IEC 60099-8:2011	32		
	5.3	Install	ation considerations for arresters			
		5.3.1	High-voltage station arresters	35		
		5.3.2	Distribution arresters	43		
		5.3.3	Line surge arresters (LSA)	46		
6	Insul	ation co	pordination and surge arrester applications	47		
	6.1	Gener	al	47		
	6.2	Insula	tion coordination overview	48		
		6.2.1	General			
		6.2.2	IEC insulation coordination procedure			
		6.2.3	Overvoltages			
		6.2.4	Line insulation coordination: Arrester Application Practices			
		6.2.5 6.2.6	Substation insulation coordination: Arrester application practices Insulation coordination studies			
	6.3		ion of arresters			
	0.5	6.3.1	General			
		6.3.2				
		6.3.3	Selection of line surge arresters, LSA			
		6.3.4	Selection of arresters for cable protection			
		6.3.5	Selection of arresters for distribution systems – special attention	86		
		6.3.6	Selection of UHV arresters	88		
	6.4	Norma	al and abnormal service conditions	89		
		6.4.1	Normal service condition			
_		6.4.2	Abnormal service conditions			
7	•		ters for special applications			
	7.1	•	arresters for transformer neutrals			
		7.1.1	General			
		7.1.2	Surge arresters for fully insulated transformer neutrals	92		
		7.1.3	Surge arresters for neutrals of transformers with non-uniform insulation	93		
	7.2	Surae	arresters between phases			
	7.3	·				
	7.4	Surge	arresters in parallel	95		
		○ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

60099-5 © IEC:2013(E)

- 3 -

		7.4.1	General	95
		7.4.2	Combining different designs of arresters	96
	7.5	Surge	arresters for capacitor switching	96
	7.6	Surge	arresters for series capacitor banks	98
8	Asset	manag	ement of surge arresters	98
	8.1	Genera	al	98
	8.2	Manag	ing surge arresters in a power grid	98
		8.2.1	Asset database	98
		8.2.2	Technical specifications	98
		8.2.3	Strategic spares	99
		8.2.4	Transportation and storage	99
		8.2.5	Commissioning	99
	8.3	Mainte	nance	99
		8.3.1	General	99
		8.3.2	Polluted arrester housing	100
		8.3.3	Coating of arrester housings	
		8.3.4	Inspection of disconnectors on surge arresters	
		8.3.5	Line surge arresters	
	8.4		nance and diagnostic tools	
	8.5	End of	life	
		8.5.1	General	
		8.5.2	GIS arresters	
	8.6		al and recycling	
			ative) Determination of temporary overvoltages due to earth faults	
		•	ative) Current practice	107
			ative) Arrester modelling techniques for studies involving insulation energy requirements	108
Anr	nex D ((informa	ative) Diagnostic indicators of metal-oxide surge arresters in service	111
			ative) Typical data needed from arrester manufacturers for proper e arresters	125
Anr	nex F (informa	tive) Typical maximum residual voltages for metal-oxide arresters ording to IEC 60099-4	
Anr	nex G	informa	ative) Steepness reduction of incoming surge with additional line	
		•	ative) End of life and replacement of old gapped SiC-arresters	
		•		
BID	nograp	ту		141
col	umn (le	eft) des	rresters of three mechanical/one electrical column (middle) and one ign and current path of the three mechanical/one electrical column	25
	•	• ,	al deadfront arrester	
			ally gapped metal-oxide surge arrester designs	
_				
_		_	onents of an EGLA acc. to IEC 60099-8	
_			oles of UHV and HV arresters with grading and corona rings	36
ear	thed s	teel stru	type of arrester mounted on a pedestal (left), suspended from an ucture (middle) or suspended from a line conductor (right	
Fig	ure 7 -	- Typica	al arrangement of a 420-kV arrester	39
Fia	ure 8 -	- Install	ations without earth-mat (distribution systems)	40

-4-

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Figure 9 – Installations with earth-mat (high-voltage substations)	40
Figure 10 – Definition of mechanical loads according to IEC 60099-4	42
Figure 11 – Distribution arrester with disconnector and insulating bracket	44
Figure 12 – Examples of good and poor earthing principles for distribution arresters	45
Figure 13 – Typical voltages and duration example for an efficiently earthed system	49
Figure 14 – Typical phase-to-earth overvoltages encountered in power systems	50
Figure 15 – Arrester Voltage-Current Characteristics	51
Figure 16 – Direct strike to a phase conductor with LSA	55
Figure 17 – Strike to a shield wire or tower with LSA	56
Figure 18 – Typical procedure for a surge arrester insulation coordination study	64
Figure 19 – Flow diagrams for standard selection of surge arrester	67
Figure 20 – Examples of arrester TOV capability	68
Figure 21 – Flow diagram for the selection of NGLA	77
Figure 22 – Flow diagram for the selection of EGLA	81
Figure 23 – Common neutral configurations	87
Figure 24 – Typical configurations for arresters connected phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground	94
Figure A.1 – Earth fault factor k on a base of X_0/X_1 , for $R_1/X_1 = R_1 = 0$	104
Figure A.2 – Relationship between R_0/X_1 and X_0/X_1 for constant values of earth fault factor k where R_1 = 0	104
Figure A.3 – Relationship between R_0/X_1 and X_0/X_1 for constant values of earth fault factor k where R_1 = 0,5 X_1	105
Figure A.4 – Relationship between R_0/X_1 and X_0/X_1 for constant values of earth fault factor k where $R_1 = X_1$	105
Figure A.5 – Relationship between R_0/X_1 and X_0/X_1 for constant values of earth fault factor k where R_1 = $2X_1$	106
Figure C.1 – Schematic sketch of a typical arrester installation	108
Figure C.2 – Increase in residual voltage as function of virtual current front time	109
Figure C.3 – Arrester model for insulation coordination studies – fast- front overvoltages and preliminary calculation (Option 1)	110
Figure C.4 – Arrester model for insulation coordination studies – fast- front overvoltages and preliminary calculation (Option 2)	110
Figure C.5 – Arrester model for insulation coordination studies – slow-front overvoltages.	110
Figure D.1 – Typical leakage current of a non-linear metal-oxide resistor in laboratory conditions	113
Figure D.2 – Typical leakage currents of arresters in service conditions	114
Figure D.3 – Typical voltage-current characteristics for non-linear metal-oxide resistors	
Figure D.4 – Typical normalized voltage dependence at +20 °C	
Figure D.5 – Typical normalized temperature dependence at $U_{\mathbb{C}}$	
Figure D.6 – Influence on total leakage current by increase in resistive leakage current	
Figure D.7 – Measured voltage and leakage current and calculated resistive and	
capacitive currents (V = 6,3 kV r.m.s)	119
Figure D.8 – Remaining current after compensation by capacitive current at <i>Uc</i>	120

60099-5 © IEC:2013(E)

- 5 -

Figure D.9 – Error in the evaluation of the leakage current third harmonic for different phase angles of system voltage third harmonic, considering various capacitances and voltage-current characteristics of non-linear metal-oxide resistors	121
Figure D.10 – Typical information for conversion to "standard" operating voltage conditions	123
Figure D.11 – Typical information for conversion to "standard" ambient temperature conditions	123
Figure G.1 – Surge voltage waveforms at various distances from strike location (0,0 km) due to corona	128
Figure G.2 – Case 1: EMTP Model: Thevenin equivalent source, line (Z,c) & station bus (Z,c) & Cap (C_S)	131
Figure G.3 – Case 2: Capacitor Voltage charge via line $Z: u(t) = 2 \times U_S \times (1 - \exp[-t/(Z \times C)])$	132
Figure G.4 – EMTP model	133
Figure G.5 – Simulated surge voltages at the line-station bus interface	133
Figure G.6 – Simulated Surge Voltages at the Transformer	134
Figure G.7 – EMTP Model	134
Figure G.8 – Simulated surge voltages at the line-station bus interface	135
Figure G.9 – Simulated surge voltages at the transformer	135
Figure H.1 – Internal SiC-arrester stack	137
Table 1 – Minimum mechanical requirements (for porcelain-housed arresters)	42
Table 2 – Arrester classification for surge arresters	69
Table 3 – Definition of factor A in formulas (15) to (17) for various overhead lines	74
Table 4 – Examples for protective zones calculated by formula (10) for open-air substations	74
Table 5 – Example of the condition for calculating lightning current duty of EGLA in 77 kV transmission lines	83
Table 6 – Probability of insulator flashover in Formula (19)	84
Table D.1 – Summary of diagnostic methods	124
Table D.2 – Properties of on-site leakage current measurement methods	124
Table E.1 – Arrester data needed for the selection of surge arresters	125
Table F.1 – Residual voltages for 20 000 A and 10 000 A arresters in per unit of rated voltage	126
Table F.2 – Residual voltages for 5 000 A, 2 500 A and 1 500 A arresters in per unit of rated voltage	126
Table G.1 – $C_{\rm S}$ impact on steepness ratio $f_{\rm S}$ and steepness $S_{\rm R}$	130
Table G.2 – Change in coordination withstand voltage, U_{CW} ,	130

-6-

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

SURGE ARRESTERS -

Part 5: Selection and application recommendations

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 60099-5 has been prepared by committee 37: Surge arresters.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 1996 and its amendment 1 published in 1999. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Expanded discussion of different types of arresters and their application, including additions of discussion on:
 - transmission of line arresters
 - arresters for shunt capacitor switching
 - arresters for series capacitor protection
 - application of arresters between phases
 - connecting arresters in parallel
- b) Addition of section on asset management, including:

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- **-7** -
- managing surge arresters in the power grid
- arrester maintenance
- significantly expanded discussion of performance diagnostic tools
- end-of-life considerations
- c) New annexes dealing with:
 - arrester modelling for system studies
 - example of data needed for specifying arresters

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
37/405/FDIS	37/408/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed.
- withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

-8-

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SURGE ARRESTERS -

Part 5: Selection and application recommendations

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60099 is not a mandatory standard but provides information, guidance, and recommendations for the selection and application of surge arresters to be used in three-phase systems with nominal voltages above 1 kV. It applies to gapless metal-oxide surge arresters as defined in IEC 60099-4, to surge arresters containing both series and parallel gapped structure – rated 52 kV and less as defined in IEC 60099-6 and metal-oxide surge arresters with external series gap for overhead transmission and distribution lines (EGLA) as defined in IEC 60099-8. In Annex H, some aspects regarding the old type of SiC gapped arresters are discussed.

The principle of insulation coordination for an electricity system is given in IEC 60071 and IEC 60071-2 standards. Basically the insulation coordination process is a risk management aiming to ensure the safe, reliable and economic design and operation of high voltage electricity networks and substations. The use of surge arrester helps to achieve a system and equipment insulation level and still maintaining an acceptable risk and the best economic of scale.

The introduction of analytical modelling and simulation of power system transients further optimise the equipment insulation level. The selection of surge arresters has become more and more important in the power system design and operation. It is worthwhile to note that the reliability of the power system and equipment is dependent on the safety margin adopted by the user in the design and selection of the equipments and surge arresters.

Surge arrester residual voltage is a major parameter of which most users have paid a lot of attention to when selecting the type and rating. The typical maximum surge arresters residual voltage are given in Annex F. It is likely, however, that for some systems, or in some countries, the system reliability requirements and design are sufficiently uniform that the recommendations of the present standard may lead to the definition of narrow ranges of arresters. The user of surge arresters will, in that case, not be required to apply the whole process introduced here to any new installation and the selection of characteristics resulting from prior practice may be continued.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60071-1:2006, Insulation coordination - Part 1: Definitions, principles and rules

IEC 60071-2:1996, Insulation coordination – Part 2: Application guide

IEC/TR 60071-4, Insulation coordination – Part 4: Computational guide to insulation coordination and modelling of electrical networks

IEC 60099-4:2009, Surge arresters – Part 4: Metal-oxide surge arresters without gaps for a.c. systems



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