



**NSAI**  
Standards

Irish Standard  
I.S. EN ISO 15530-3:2011

Geometrical product specifications (GPS) -  
Coordinate measuring machines (CMM):  
Technique for determining the  
uncertainty of measurement - Part 3: Use  
of calibrated workpieces or measurement  
standards (ISO 15530-3:2011)

## I.S. EN ISO 15530-3:2011

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**NSAI**  
1 Swift Square,  
Northwood, Santry  
Dublin 9

T +353 1 807 3800  
F +353 1 807 3838  
E standards@nsai.ie  
W NSAI.ie

**Sales:**  
T +353 1 857 6730  
F +353 1 857 6729  
W standards.ie

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English Version

**Geometrical product specifications (GPS) - Coordinate measuring machines (CMM): Technique for determining the uncertainty of measurement - Part 3: Use of calibrated workpieces or measurement standards (ISO 15530-3:2011)**

Spécification géométrique des produits (GPS) - Machines à mesurer tridimensionnelles (MMT): Technique pour la détermination de l'incertitude de mesure - Partie 3: Utilisation de pièces étalonnées ou d'étalons de mesure (ISO 15530-3:2011)

Geometrische Produktspezifikation und -prüfung (GPS) - Verfahren zur Ermittlung der Messunsicherheit von Koordinatenmessgeräten (KMG) - Teil 3: Anwendung von kalibrierten Werkstücken oder Normalen (ISO 15530-3:2011)

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**Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels**

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## **Foreword**

This document (EN ISO 15530-3:2011) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 213 "Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verification" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 290 "Dimensional and geometrical product specification and verification" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2012, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2012.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 15530-3:2011 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 15530-3:2011 without any modification.

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**Geometrical product specifications  
(GPS) — Coordinate measuring machines  
(CMM): Technique for determining the  
uncertainty of measurement —**

**Part 3:  
Use of calibrated workpieces or  
measurement standards**

*Spécification géométrique des produits (GPS) — Machines à mesurer  
tridimensionnelles (MMT): Technique pour la détermination de  
l'incertitude de mesure —*

*Partie 3: Utilisation de pièces étalonnées ou d'étalons de mesure*



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Fax + 41 22 749 09 47  
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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

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ISO 15530-3 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 213, *Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verification*.

This first edition of ISO 15530-3 cancels and replaces ISO/TS 15530-3:2004, which has been technically revised.

ISO 15530 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Coordinate measuring machines (CMM): Technique for determining the uncertainty of measurement*:

- *Part 1: Overview and metrological characteristics* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 3: Use of calibrated workpieces or measurement standards*
- *Part 4: Evaluating task-specific measurement uncertainty using simulation* [Technical Specification]

## Introduction

This part of ISO 15530 is a Geometrical Product Specification (GPS) and is to be regarded as a general GPS document (see ISO/TR 14638). It influences chain link 6 of the chain of standards on size, distance, radius, angle, form, orientation, location, run-out and datums.

The ISO/GPS Masterplan given in ISO/TR 14638 gives an overview of the ISO/GPS system of which this standard is a part. The fundamental rules of ISO/GPS given in ISO 8015 apply to this document and the default decision rules given in ISO 14253-1 apply to specifications made in accordance with this document, unless otherwise indicated.

For more detailed information on the relation of this standard to the GPS matrix model, see Annex B.

Coordinate measuring machines (CMMs) have become essential for the verification of geometry in industry. According to the ISO 9000 series of standards, in a quality management system, the relevant measuring equipment is required to be calibrated against certified equipment having a known and valid relationship to internationally or nationally recognized standards in order to establish traceability. According to the *International vocabulary of basic and general terms in metrology* (VIM), a calibration comprises — besides the establishment of the relationship between the measured and the correct values of a quantity — the uncertainty evaluation in the final results (measurands) of the measurement task. However, uncertainty evaluation methods covering the errors arising in the innumerable measurement tasks a CMM can actually perform are often very complex. In these cases, the risk of an unrealistic estimation of task-related uncertainty is likely to arise.

The aim of this part of ISO 15530 is to provide an experimental technique for simplifying the uncertainty evaluation of CMM measurements. In this experimental approach, measurements are carried out in the same way as actual measurements, but with calibrated workpieces or measurement standards of similar dimension and geometry instead of the unknown objects to be measured. The description of this experimental technique to evaluate measurement uncertainty is the key element of this part of ISO 15530. The standardization of such procedures for the uncertainty evaluation serves the worldwide mutual recognition of calibrations and other measurement results.

This part of ISO 15530 is applicable for non-substitution measurement of workpieces or measurement standards, where the measurement result is given by the indication of the CMM. Furthermore, this part of ISO 15530 is applicable for substitution measurement, where, in opposition to the non-substitution measurement, a check standard is used to correct for the systematic errors of the CMM. The latter will generally decrease the measurement uncertainty and is often used, especially in the field of gauge calibration.

This part of ISO 15530 describes one of several methods of uncertainty evaluation, which will be outlined in later ISO documents. Because of the experimental approach, it is simple to perform, and it provides realistic statements of measurement uncertainties.

The limitations of this method can be summarized as: the availability of artefacts with sufficiently defined geometrical characteristics, stability, reasonable costs, and the possibility of being calibrated with sufficiently small uncertainty.



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