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Standards

Irish Standard  
I.S. EN ISO 22717:2015

# Cosmetics - Microbiology - Detection of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (ISO 22717:2015)

## I.S. EN ISO 22717:2015

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## National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 22717:2015 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 22717:2015, Cosmetics - Microbiology - Detection of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (ISO 22717:2015)

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

**EN ISO 22717**

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EUROPÄISCHE NORM

December 2015

ICS 07.100.99; 71.100.70

Supersedes EN ISO 22717:2009

English Version

## Cosmetics - Microbiology - Detection of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (ISO 22717:2015)

Cosmétiques - Microbiologie - Détection de  
*Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (ISO 22717:2015)

Kosmetische Mittel - Mikrobiologie - Nachweis von  
*Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (ISO 22717:2015)

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**EN ISO 22717:2015 (E)**

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## European foreword

This document (EN ISO 22717:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 217 "Cosmetics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 392 "Cosmetics" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

This document supersedes EN ISO 22717:2009.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

### Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 22717:2015 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 22717:2015 without any modification.

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**INTERNATIONAL  
STANDARD**

**ISO  
22717**

Second edition  
2015-11-15

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**Cosmetics — Microbiology —  
Detection of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa***

*Cosmétiques — Microbiologie — Détection de Pseudomonas  
aeruginosa*



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**ISO 22717:2015(E)**



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## ISO 22717:2015(E)

### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 217, *Cosmetics*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 22717:2006), of which it constitutes a minor revision.

## Introduction

Microbiological examinations of cosmetic products are carried out according to an appropriate microbiological risk analysis in order to ensure their quality and safety for consumers.

Microbiological risk analysis depends on several parameters such as the following:

- potential alteration of cosmetic products;
- pathogenicity of microorganisms;
- site of application of the cosmetic product (hair, skin, eyes, mucous membranes);
- type of users (adults, children under 3 years).

For cosmetics and other topical products, the detection of skin pathogens such as *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* and *Candida albicans* may be relevant because they can cause skin or eye infections. The detection of other kinds of microorganism might be of interest since these microorganisms (including indicators of faecal contamination e.g. *Escherichia coli*) suggest hygienic failure during the manufacturing process.



# Cosmetics — Microbiology — Detection of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

## 1 Scope

This International Standard gives general guidelines for the detection and identification of the specified microorganism *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* in cosmetic products. Microorganisms considered as specified in this International Standard might differ from country to country according to national practices or regulations.

In order to ensure product quality and safety for consumers, it is advisable to perform an appropriate microbiological risk analysis to determine the types of cosmetic product to which this International Standard is applicable. Products considered to present a low microbiological (see ISO 29621) risk include those with low water activity, hydro-alcoholic products, extreme pH values, etc.

The method described in this International Standard is based on the detection of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* in a non-selective liquid medium (enrichment broth), followed by isolation on a selective agar medium. Other methods may be appropriate, depending on the level of detection required.

**NOTE** For the detection of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, subcultures can be performed on non-selective culture media followed by suitable identification steps (e.g. using identification kits).

Because of the large variety of cosmetic products within this field of application, this method may not be appropriate in every detail for some products (e.g. certain water immiscible products). Other International Standards (ISO 18415) may be appropriate. Other methods (e.g. automated) may be substituted for the tests presented here provided that their equivalence has been demonstrated or the method has been otherwise shown to be suitable.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 21148:2005, *Cosmetics — Microbiology — General instructions for microbiological examination*

EN 12353, *Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics — Preservation of test organisms used for the determination of bactericidal (including Legionella), mycobactericidal, sporicidal, fungicidal and virucidal (including bacteriophages) activity*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

### 3.1

#### **product**

portion of an identified cosmetic product received in the laboratory for testing

### 3.2

#### **sample**

portion of the product (at least 1 g or 1 ml) that is used in the test to prepare the initial suspension

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