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Standards

Irish Standard
I.S. EN ISO 12736:2014

Petroleum and natural gas industries - Wet thermal insulation coatings for pipelines, flow lines, equipment and subsea structures (ISO 12736:2014)

I.S. EN ISO 12736:2014

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Petroleum and natural gas industries - Wet thermal insulation coatings for pipelines, flow lines, equipment and subsea structures (ISO 12736:2014)

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel - Revêtements pour isolation thermique humide de canalisations, lignes d'écoulement et structures sous-marines (ISO 12736:2014)

Erdöl- und Erdgasindustrie- Wärmedämmschicht für Rohrleitungen, Vorlauf, Zubehör und Unterwasserkonstruktionen (ISO 12736:2014)

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Contents

Page

Foreword.....3

Foreword

This document (EN ISO 12736:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 12 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2015.

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**INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD**

**ISO
12736**

First edition
2014-12-15

**Petroleum and natural gas
industries — Wet thermal insulation
coatings for pipelines, flow lines,
equipment and subsea structures**

*Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel — Revêtements pour
isolation thermique humide de canalisations, lignes d'écoulement et
structures sous-marines*



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Contents

	Page
Foreword	v
Introduction	vi
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	3
4 Abbreviated terms	6
5 General recommendations and requirements	6
6 Qualification dossier	7
6.1 General.....	7
6.2 Content of qualification dossier.....	7
6.3 Anti-corrosion coating documentation.....	7
7 Layer test requirements	8
7.1 General.....	8
7.2 Ageing tests.....	8
7.2.1 General.....	8
7.2.2 Water absorption kinetic test.....	9
7.2.3 Wet heat ageing behaviour.....	10
7.2.4 Full insulation system ageing test (optional).....	10
7.2.5 Weathering and UV resistance.....	11
8 Insulation system test requirements	11
8.1 General.....	11
8.2 Full scale test program.....	12
8.2.1 Test summary.....	12
8.2.2 Baseline tests (optional).....	12
8.2.3 Simulated bend test.....	13
8.2.4 Cyclic (fatigue) bend test.....	13
8.2.5 Simulated tensioner test (optional).....	13
8.2.6 Impact test.....	14
8.2.7 Simulated service test (factory applied coating).....	14
8.2.8 Simulated service test (field joint).....	14
8.2.9 Simulated service test (subsea equipment) (optional).....	15
9 Application process and quality control	15
9.1 General.....	15
9.2 Qualification of operators.....	16
9.3 Application procedure specification (APS).....	16
9.4 Procedure qualification test (PQT).....	16
9.5 Pre-production test (PPT).....	17
9.6 Production tests.....	17
9.6.1 General.....	17
9.6.2 Polypropylene insulation system.....	17
9.6.3 Polyurethane insulation systems.....	19
9.6.4 Silicone insulation systems.....	23
9.6.5 Rubber insulation systems.....	25
9.6.6 Epoxy insulation systems.....	29
9.6.7 Phenolic insulation systems.....	31
9.7 Final documentation.....	33
10 Requirements for field joints	33
10.1 General.....	33
10.2 Specific information relevant for field joint design and qualification.....	34
10.3 Qualification requirements.....	34

ISO 12736:2014(E)

10.4	Qualification of operators.....	34
10.5	Field joint coating APS/PQT/PPT.....	34
10.6	Production tests.....	35
10.6.1	Polypropylene field joint using injection moulded technique.....	35
10.6.2	Polyurethane field joint using casting technique.....	36
10.6.3	Elastomeric field joint coatings.....	39
10.7	Final documentation.....	41
11	Handling, storage and transportation requirements.....	41
Annex A	(normative) Hydrostatic compressive behaviour/Tri-axial test procedures.....	42
Annex B	(normative) Simulated bend test.....	47
Annex C	(normative) Cyclic (fatigue) bend test.....	49
Annex D	(normative) Simulated tensioner test.....	50
Annex E	(normative) Simulated impact test.....	52
Annex F	(normative) Simulated service test (factory applied coating).....	53
Annex G	(normative) Simulated service test (field joint).....	55
Annex H	(informative) Simulated service test (subsea equipment).....	57
Annex I	(normative) Ring shear test procedure.....	65
Annex J	(normative) Determination of mass ratio of glass microspheres, density of glass microspheres after processing and entrapped air ratio for glass syntactic materials.....	66
Annex K	(informative) End of life through thickness water profile calculation.....	69
Bibliography	74

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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The committee responsible for this document is Technical Committee ISO/TC 67, *Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Pipeline transportation systems*.

ISO 12736:2014(E)

Introduction

Users of this International Standard are advised that further or differing requirements can be required for individual applications.

Petroleum and natural gas industries — Wet thermal insulation coatings for pipelines, flow lines, equipment and subsea structures

1 Scope

This International Standard defines the minimum requirements for qualification, application, testing, handling, storage and transportation of new and existing wet thermal insulation systems for pipelines, flowlines, equipment and subsea structures in the petroleum and natural gas industries. The purpose of these systems is to provide external corrosion protection and thermal insulation.

This International Standard is applicable to wet thermal insulation systems submerged in seawater.

This International Standard is not applicable to thermal insulation in the annulus of a steel pipe-in-pipe system.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 34 (all parts), *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of tear strength*

ISO 37, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of tensile stress-strain properties*

ISO 62, *Plastics — Determination of water absorption*

ISO 178, *Plastics — Determination of flexural properties*

ISO 527 (all parts), *Plastics — Determination of tensile properties*

ISO 813, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of adhesion to a rigid substrate — 90 degree peel method*

ISO 844, *Rigid cellular plastics — Determination of compression properties*

ISO 868, *Plastics and ebonite — Determination of indentation hardness by means of a durometer (Shore hardness)*

ISO 1133 (all parts), *Plastics — Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and the melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics*

ISO 1172:1996, *Textile-glass-reinforced plastics — Prepregs, moulding compounds and laminates — Determination of the textile-glass and mineral-filler content — Calcination methods*

ISO 1183 (all parts), *Plastics — Methods for determining the density of non-cellular plastics*

ISO 1817, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of the effect of liquids*

ISO 2781, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of density*

ISO 2808:2007, *Paints and varnishes — Determination of film thickness*

ISO 2811-1, *Paints and varnishes — Determination of density — Part 1: Pycnometer method*

ISO 2884 (all parts), *Paints and varnishes — Determination of viscosity using rotary viscometers*

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