

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 18772:2014

Soil quality - Guidance on leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soils and soil materials (ISO 18772:2008)

© CEN 2014 No copying without NSAI permission except as permitted by copyright law.

### I.S. EN ISO 18772:2014

2014-04-05

NSAI

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

The National Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI) produces the following categories of formal documents:

I.S. xxx: Irish Standard — national specification based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

S.R.~xxx: Standard~Recommendation-recommendation~based~on~the~consensus~of~an~expert~panel~and~subject~to~public~consultation.

SWiFT xxx: A rapidly developed recommendatory document based on the consensus of the participants of an NSAI workshop.

This document replaces/revises/consolidates the NSAI adoption of the document(s) indicated on the CEN/CENELEC cover/Foreword and the following National document(s):

NOTE: The date of any NSAI previous adoption may not match the date of its original CEN/CENELEC document.

This document is based on: Published:

EN ISO 18772:2014 2014-03-26

This document was published ICS number:

under the authority of the NSAI

and comes into effect on: 13.080.05

NOTE: If blank see CEN/CENELEC cover page

T +353 1 807 3800

1 Swift Square, F+353 1 807 3838 T+353 1 857 6730 Northwood, Santry E standards@nsai.ie F+353 1 857 6729

Dublin 9 W NSAI.ie W standards.ie

Údarás um Chaighdeáin Náisiúnta na hÉireann

Sales:

**EUROPEAN STANDARD** 

**EN ISO 18772** 

NORME EUROPÉENNE

**EUROPÄISCHE NORM** 

March 2014

ICS 13.080.05

### **English Version**

Soil quality - Guidance on leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soils and soil materials (ISO 18772:2008)

Qualité du sol - Lignes directrices relatives aux modes opératoires de lixiviation en vue d'essais chimiques et écotoxicologiques ultérieurs des sols et matériaux du sol (ISO 18772:2008) Bodenbeschaffenheit - Anleitung für Elutionsverfahren für die nachfolgende chemische und ökotoxikologische Prüfung von Böden und Bodenmaterialien (ISO 18772:2008)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 March 2014.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

### EN ISO 18772:2014 (E)

Contents	Pag	је
Foreword		3

**EN ISO 18772:2014 (E)** 

### **Foreword**

The text of ISO 18772:2008 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 190 "Soil quality" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 18772:2014 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 345 "Characterization of soils" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2014, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2014.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 18772:2008 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 18772:2014 without any modification.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

This page is intentionally left blank

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. I.S. EN ISO 18772:2014

### INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 18772

First edition 2008-02-15

# Soil quality — Guidance on leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soils and soil materials

Qualité du sol — Lignes directrices relatives aux modes opératoires de lixiviation en vue d'essais chimiques et écotoxicologiques ultérieurs des sols et matériaux du sol



### PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below



### **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

### © ISO 2008

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

### **Contents** Page Foreword ......iv Introduction ......v 1 Scope ......1 2 3 Terms and definitions ......2 General approach ......3 4.1 4.2 How to choose leaching tests ......4 4.3 Usefulness of leaching tests to understand and characterise different mechanisms 5 Case 1: Application of leaching tests to determine the leaching behaviour of soil in the framework of impact assessment ......8 5.1 Presentation and description of the assessment methodology......8 6 Case 2: Compliance and comparison purposes ......13 Description of test methods .......14 Laboratory methods for basic characterisation and compliance/quality control testing......14 7.1 Large-scale columns and lysimeter......25 7.2 8 Example: how to use leaching test results to assess the impact of soil on groundwater .........26 8.1 General 26 Use of leaching behaviour determination in subsequent transfer and impact assessment ......27 Annex A (informative) Schematic representation of a contaminated site with relevant targets......28 Annex B (informative) Comparison at different scales of testing (laboratory, lysimeter and field scale) ......29 Bibliography .......32

### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 18772 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 190, Soil quality, Subcommittee SC 7, Soil and site assessment.

### Introduction

Current soil and soil-materials management (risk assessment practices or regulations) is often based only on the total amount of contaminants in soil. However, total composition is inadequate for the assessment of several types of impacts such as impacts on soil, groundwater and surface water due to leaching and subsequent transport of contaminants (inorganic, organic and natural radionuclides) with water. Indeed, for many constituents, a significant fraction of the total content is essentially non-leachable, that is to say non-removable when it comes into contact with a liquid.

Thus, a key aspect to assess the possible management solutions for soil and soil materials in relation to the presence of contaminant is the release-to-the-water phase. This can be addressed with leaching tests which can be used to characterise the source term when performing impact assessment and also for the determination of a leached amount of contaminants when checking compliance with respect to existing limits or for comparison purposes (e.g. quality control, treatment efficiency).

These statements are relevant for natural, contaminated and agricultural soils and also for soil materials.

Leaching tests, particularly those developed for soil and soil materials, are suitable for the following applications:

- a) Application of leaching tests to determine the leaching behaviour in the framework of impact assessment Generally, impact assessment is based on the source/pathway/receptor framework.
- Source: assess the release, identify speciation of constituents and retention mechanisms.
- Receptor: determine the potential targets.
- Pathway: estimate the transfer of the source towards the target (e.g. underground water, surface water, plants, soil organisms, ecosystems).

In this process, leaching tests are used to characterise the source term (so-called characterisation tests) in accordance with a given scenario (e.g. contamination of the groundwater due to a contaminated site or a soil amended with sludges), which can either be generic or site-specific.

Leaching tests may also be used as a tool to assess bioavailability (see ISO 17402).

b) Application of leaching tests for compliance and comparison

Based on the background information on the soil and soil materials sampled (e.g. origin, nature of constituents and contaminants, existing documented information, leaching behaviour), relatively simple and quick leaching tests can be performed for compliance and comparison purposes. In contrast to characterisation tests, this type of test is not designed to provide information on leaching mechanisms and controlling factors. However, it should be possible to link the information obtained with compliance tests to the more elaborate characterisation tests.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. I.S. EN ISO 18772:2014

## Soil quality — Guidance on leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soils and soil materials

### 1 Scope

This International Standard provides guidance on the appropriate use of leaching tests on soil and soil materials, in order to determine the leaching behaviour in the framework of impact assessment, or for compliance and comparison purposes, including information on the following:

- the choice of leaching tests, depending on the nature of the problem to be solved and the specific features of the different tests;
- the interpretation of the test results;
- the limitations of the tests.

In this respect, it is important to keep in mind that leaching tests do not aim to simulate real field conditions, but are designed to address the contact between a solid and a liquid phase for different purposes that are described in this International Standard.

This International Standard only concerns natural, contaminated and agricultural soils and soil materials. Questions relating to the leaching of wastes are not covered by this International Standard. It also does not cover the subject of bioavailability of contaminants to living organisms, which is covered by ISO 17402.

Leaching tests are designed and used for characterisation of the source term. It may be possible to address transport aspects with leaching tests if some basic requirements are known (e.g. hydrodynamic), thus allowing the determination of key transport parameters (e.g. retardation factors, particle-facilitated transport, attenuation processes).

In this International Standard, when the term "soil" is only quoted to simplify the writing, the broader term "soil and soil materials" shall be considered.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this International Standard. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/TS 21268-1, Soil quality — Leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soil and soil materials — Part 1: Bach test using a liquid to solid ratio of 2 l/kg dry matter

ISO/TS 21268-2, Soil quality — Leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soil and soil materials — Part 2: Bach test using a liquid to solid ratio of 10 l/kg dry matter

ISO/TS 21268-3:2007, Soil quality — Leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soil and soil materials — Part 3: Up-flow percolation test

ISO/TS 21268-4, Soil quality — Leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soil and soil materials — Part 4: Influence of pH on leaching with initial acid/base addition

EN 12920, Characterization of waste — Methodology for the determination of the leaching behaviour of waste under specificied conditions



The is a new provider i arenade and chare publication at the limit below	This is a free preview.	Purchase the	entire publication	at the link below:
--	-------------------------	--------------	--------------------	--------------------

**Product Page** 

- Dooking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore
- Dearn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation