

Irish Standard I.S. EN 16711-2:2015

Textiles - Determination of metal content -Part 2: Determination of metals extracted by acidic artificial perspiration solution

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I.S. EN 16711-2:2015

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National Foreword

I.S. EN 16711-2:2015 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN 16711-2:2015, Textiles -Determination of metal content - Part 2: Determination of metals extracted by acidic artificial perspiration solution

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

EN 16711-2

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

November 2015

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English Version

Textiles - Determination of metal content - Part 2: Determination of metals extracted by acidic artificial perspiration solution

Textiles - Détermination de la teneur en métaux -Partie 2: Dosage des métaux extraits au moyen d'une solution de sueur artificielle acide Textilien - Bestimmung von Metallen - Teil 2: Bestimmung von extrahierbaren Metallen mit saurer synthetischer Schweißlösung

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EN 16711-2:2015 (E)

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European foreword

This document (EN 16711-2:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textiles and textile products", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

EN 16711, *Textiles — Determination of metal content* is composed of the following parts:

- Part 1: Determination of metals using microwave digestion;
- Part 2: Determination of metals extracted by acidic artificial perspiration solution.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies a procedure for determination of antimony (Sb), arsenic (As), cadmium (Cd), chromium (Cr), cobalt (Co), copper (Cu), lead (Pb), mercury (Hg), nickel (Ni) in natural and man-made textiles, including coated fabrics and garment components (e.g. buttons, zips, etc.) after extraction with acidic artificial perspiration solution.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1233, Water quality — Determination of chromium — Atomic absorption spectrometric methods

EN ISO 105-E04, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part E04: Colour fastness to perspiration (ISO 105-E04)

EN ISO 3071, Textiles — Determination of pH of aqueous extract (ISO 3071)

EN ISO 3696, Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods (ISO 3696)

EN ISO 11885, Water quality — Determination of selected elements by inductively coupled plasma optical emission spectrometry (ICP-OES) (ISO 11885)

EN ISO 12846, Water quality — Determination of mercury — Method using atomic absorption spectrometry (AAS) with and without enrichment (ISO 12846)

EN ISO 15586, Water quality — Determination of trace elements using atomic absorption spectrometry with graphite furnace (ISO 15586)

EN ISO 17294-2, Water quality — Application of inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS) — Part 2: Determination of 62 elements (ISO 17294-2)

EN ISO 17852, Water quality — Determination of mercury — Method using atomic fluorescence spectrometry (ISO 17852)

ISO 8288, Water quality — Determination of cobalt, nickel, copper, zinc, cadmium and lead — Flame atomic absorption spectrometric methods

3 Principle

For determination of soluble metals, the textile specimen is cut into small pieces and is extracted with acidic artificial perspiration solution.

Analysis is performed with appropriate analytical techniques of atomic absorption and mass spectrometry (e.g. ICP-MS, ICP-OES, AAS, cold vapour atomic absorption spectrometry, etc.).

4 Apparatus

General laboratory equipment for analytical chemistry. In addition, the following is required:

4.1 Analytical balance, readability 0,000 1 g.



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