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Standards

Irish Standard  
I.S. EN 13906-2:2013

# Cylindrical helical springs made from round wire and bar - Calculation and design - Part 2: Extension springs

## I.S. EN 13906-2:2013

*Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:*

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English Version

## Cylindrical helical springs made from round wire and bar - Calculation and design - Part 2: Extension springs

Ressorts hélicoïdaux cylindriques fabriqués à partir de fils  
ronds et de barres - Calcul et conception - Partie 2:  
Ressorts de traction

Zylindrische Schraubenfedern aus runden Drähten und  
Stäben - Berechnung und Konstruktion - Teil 2: Zugfedern

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 16 May 2013.

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## Foreword

This document (EN 13906-2:2013) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 407 “Project Committee - Cylindrical helical springs made from round wire and bar - Calculation and design”, the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2013.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This European Standard has been prepared by the initiative of the Association of the European Spring Federation ESF.

This document supersedes EN 13906-2:2001.

This European Standard constitutes a revision of EN 13906-2:2001 for which it has been technically revised. The main modifications are listed below:

- updating of the normative references,
- technical corrections.

EN 13906 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Cylindrical helical springs made from round wire and bar — Calculation and design*:

- *Part 1: Compression springs;*
- *Part 2: Extension springs;*
- *Part 3: Torsion springs.*

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

## 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the calculation and design of cold and hot coiled helical extension springs made from round wire and bar with values according to Table 1, loaded in the direction of the spring axis and operating at normal ambient temperatures.

**Table 1**

Characteristic	Cold coiled extension spring	Hot coiled extension spring
Wire or bar diameter	$d \leq 20$ mm	$d \geq 10$ mm
Number of active coils	$n \geq 3$	$n \geq 3$
Spring index	$4 \leq w \leq 20$	$4 \leq w \leq 12$

NOTE In cases of substantially higher or lower working temperature, it is advisable to seek the manufacturer's advice.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 10270-1, *Steel wire for mechanical springs — Part 1: Patented cold drawn unalloyed spring steel wire*

EN 10270-2, *Steel wire for mechanical springs — Part 2: Oil hardened and tempered spring steel wire*

EN 10270-3, *Steel wire for mechanical springs — Part 3: Stainless spring steel wire*

EN 10089, *Hot-rolled steels for quenched and tempered springs — Technical delivery conditions*

EN 12166, *Copper and copper alloys — Wire for general purposes*

EN ISO 26909:2010, *Springs — Vocabulary (ISO 26909:2009)*

ISO 26910-1, *Springs — Shot peening — Part 1: General procedures*

## 3 Terms and definitions, symbols, units and abbreviated terms

### 3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN ISO 26909:2010 and the following apply.

#### 3.1.1

##### **spring**

mechanical device designed to store energy when deflected and to return the equivalent amount of energy when released

[SOURCE: EN ISO 26909:2010, 1.1]

#### 3.1.2

##### **extension spring**

**spring** (1.1) that offers resistance to an axial force tending to extend its length, with or without initial tension

[SOURCE: EN ISO 26909:2010, 1.3]

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