



NSAI
Standards

Irish Standard
I.S. EN ISO 2588:2014

Leather - Sampling - Number of items for a gross sample (ISO 2588:2014)

I.S. EN ISO 2588:2014

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

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NSAI
1 Swift Square,
Northwood, Santry
Dublin 9

T +353 1 807 3800
F +353 1 807 3838
E standards@nsai.ie
W NSAI.ie

Sales:
T +353 1 857 6730
F +353 1 857 6729
W standards.ie

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 2588

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

July 2014

ICS 59.140.30

English Version

Leather - Sampling - Number of items for a gross sample (ISO 2588:2014)

Cuir - Échantillonnage - Nombre d'unités élémentaires de l'échantillon global (ISO 2588:2014)

Leder - Probenentnahme - Anzahl der Einzelstücke für eine Gesamtprobe (ISO 2588:2014)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 4 July 2014.

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EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

EN ISO 2588:2014 (E)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 2588:2014) has been prepared by IULTCS "International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 289 "Leather" the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 2588:2014 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 2588:2014 without any modification.

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**INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD**

**ISO
2588**

IULTCS/IUF 110

Third edition
2014-07-15

**Leather — Sampling — Number of
items for a gross sample**

*Cuir — Échantillonnage — Nombre d'unités élémentaires de
l'échantillon global*



Reference numbers
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IULTCS/IUF 110:2014(E)

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ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

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ISO 2588:2014(E)
IULTCS/IUF 110:2014(E)**Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

IULTCS, originally formed in 1897, is a world-wide organization of professional leather societies to further the advancement of leather science and technology. IULTCS has three Commissions, which are responsible for establishing international methods for the sampling and testing of leather. ISO recognizes IULTCS as an international standardizing body for the preparation of test methods for leather.

ISO 2588 was originally prepared in 1973 and modified in 1985. This, the third edition, was prepared by the Fastness Tests Commission of the International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies (IUF Commission, IULTCS) in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 289, *Leather*, the secretariat of which is held by UNI, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition of ISO 2588 cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 2588:1985). [Clause 4](#) has been modified to allow for different numbers of items according to the type of testing being undertaken.

Leather — Sampling — Number of items for a gross sample

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for the drawing, from a lot, of whole pieces of leather to form a gross sample.

The method is applicable to all kinds of leather of any type of tannage.

NOTE This International Standard does not cover marking and storage of the gross sample.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3534-2, *Statistics — Vocabulary and symbols — Part 2: Applied statistics*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions in ISO 3534-2 apply. For leather sampling, the following interpretations apply.

3.1

lot

batch

definite quantity of leather manufactured or produced under conditions which are presumed uniform

3.2

gross sample

number of items collected as a sample from a lot

3.3

item

whole piece of leather that belongs to the gross sample

4 Method of sampling

4.1 In the absence of any other agreement on a sampling procedure between the interested parties or in the test method, the procedure described in [4.2](#) and [4.3](#) is recommended.

4.2 The number of items in a gross sample depends on the size of the lot and purpose of the sampling. The number will depend on the reliability of the test results, the variation in the properties and the error inherent in the testing procedure.

4.3 The minimum number of items in a gross sample is given in [Table 1](#).

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