

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 18254-1:2016

Textiles - Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) - Part 1: Method using HPLC - MS (ISO 18254-1:2016)

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#### I.S. EN ISO 18254-1:2016

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#### National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 18254-1:2016 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 18254-1:2016, Textiles - Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) - Part 1: Method using HPLC - MS (ISO 18254-1:2016)

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## EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

## EN ISO 18254-1

## **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

April 2016

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**English Version** 

## Textiles - Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) - Part 1: Method using HPLC - MS (ISO 18254-1:2016)

Textiles - Méthode de détection et de détermination des alkylphénols éthoxylés (APEO) - Partie 1: Méthode utilisant la CLHP-SM (ISO 18254-1:2016)

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EN ISO 18254-1:2016 (E)

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### **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 18254-1:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38 "Textiles" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textiles and textile products" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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#### **Endorsement notice**

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# ISO 18254-1

First edition 2016-04-15

## Textiles — Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) —

## Part 1: Method using HPLC-MS

*Textiles — Méthode de détection et de détermination des alkylphénols éthoxylés (APEO) —* 

Partie 1: Méthode utilisant la CLHP-SM



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#### ISO 18254-1:2016(E)

## Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information.

ISO 18254-1 was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) in collaboration with ISO Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, *Textiles*, and Technical Committee CEN/TC 248, *Textiles and textile products* in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

ISO 18254 consists of the following parts under the general title *Textiles* — *Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO)*:

— Part 1: Method using HPLC-MS

The following part is under preparation:

— Part 2; Method using NPLC

## Introduction

Alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEOs) are high-value products commonly used in industrial and consumer detergents and cleaners, some plastics and many industrial applications. Their "down the drain" uses may result in their presence in wastewater streams and receiving water bodies. Human exposure to APEO can occur through diverse sources such as environmental, food, or skin contact. Considering their toxicity on several animal species, minimization of exposure to APEO is recognized as important to the preservation of human health.

Nonylphenol ethoxylates belong to the non-ionic surfactant category and are of particular concern. The biodegradation of nonylphenol ethoxylate releases the branched nonylphenol, which is difficult to biodegrade. Nonylphenol is a substance having endocrine disruptive properties that can have serious effects on aquatic and many other organisms. For this reason, the release of nonylphenol ethoxylate into the environment should be avoided.

Chemical products containing nonylphenol and/or nonylphenol ethoxylates in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % are restricted within the EU for specific uses, among others, the processing of leather and textiles, industrial, and institutional cleaning.

This restriction is part of the entry 46 of Annex XVII of the REACH regulation EU 1907/2006, which repealed the former Directive 2003/53/EC.

The current restriction is due to be widened to apply to textile products that can be washed in water. A limit value of 0,01 % (100 ppm) is expected.

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# Textiles — Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) —

## Part 1: Method using HPLC-MS

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS — It is the user's responsibility to use safe and proper techniques in handling materials in this test method. Consult manufacturers for specific details such as material safety, data sheets, and other recommendations. Good laboratory practice should be followed. Users should comply with any national and local safety regulations.

#### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 18254 describes analyses that are used to detect extractable alkylphenol ethoxylates (nonylphenol ethoxylates and octylphenol ethoxylates) in textile products. This document provides a method that uses Liquid Chromatograph (LC) with Mass Spectrometry (MS) system to detect and quantify alkylphenol ethoxylates of defined ethoxylate chain length.

## 2 Principle

The textile sample is cut into small pieces, transferred to a vial, and extracted with methanol using ultrasound. The extract is filtered and not subjected to any additional cleaning. Subsequently, the methanol extract is analysed by Liquid Chromatography (LC) with Mass Spectrometry (MS).

#### **3** Reagents

During the analysis, unless otherwise stated, only reagents of recognized analytical grade shall be used.

NOTE OPEO and NPEO are available currently as technical grade.

3.1 Solvents, of quality for HPLC analysis

**3.2 Octylphenol ethoxylates**, (Triton®<sup>1</sup>) X-100), (OPEOs) CAS no. 9002-93-1, Sigma-Aldrich® Part number T9284 (see Note in <u>3.3</u>).

**3.3** Nonylphenol ethoxylates, (IGEPAL®<sup>2</sup>) CO-630), (NPEOs) CAS no. 68412-54-4, Sigma-Aldrich® Part number 542334 (see Note).

NOTE The mentioned brand names in <u>3.2</u> and <u>3.3</u> are given to improve the comparability of the test results amongst laboratories. Using another batch or another supplier could lead to different results.

#### 3.4 Methanol.

#### 3.5 Acetonitrile (ACN).

<sup>1)</sup> Triton® is an example of a suitable product available commercially. This information is given for the convenience of users of this document and does not constitute an endorsement by ISO of this product.

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