



NSAI
Standards

Irish Standard
I.S. EN ISO 4823:2015

Dentistry - Elastomeric impression materials (ISO/DIS 4823:2013)

I.S. EN ISO 4823:2015

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

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I.S. xxx: Irish Standard — national specification based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

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National Foreword

I.S. EN ISO 4823:2015 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN ISO 4823:2015, Dentistry - Elastomeric impression materials (ISO/DIS 4823:2013)

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 4823

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

August 2015

ICS 11.060.10

Supersedes EN ISO 4823:2000

English Version

Dentistry - Elastomeric impression materials (ISO 4823:2015)

Médecine bucco-dentaire - Matériaux à empreintes, à base
d'élastomères (ISO 4823:2015)

Zahnheilkunde - Elastomere Abformmaterialien (ISO
4823:2015)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 20 June 2015.

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EN ISO 4823:2015 (E)

Contents

Page

European foreword3

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 4823:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106 “Dentistry” in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 55 “Dentistry”, the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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The text of ISO 4823:2015 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 4823:2015 without any modification.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO
4823**

Fourth edition
2015-08-01

Dentistry — Elastomeric impression materials

*Médecine bucco-dentaire — Matériaux à empreintes, à base
d'élastomères*



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Contents

	Page
Foreword	v
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 Classification	2
5 Requirements for packaging, labelling, and information in manufacturer's instructions	2
5.1 Packaging requirements.....	2
5.2 Labelling requirements.....	3
5.2.1 Outer packages (containing one or more primary containers).....	3
5.2.2 Primary containers within outer packaging.....	3
5.3 Requirements for information in manufacturer's instructions.....	3
5.3.1 General.....	3
5.3.2 Identifying information.....	3
5.3.3 Specific instructions for use.....	4
5.4 Requirements for characteristics and properties.....	4
5.4.1 Component colours.....	4
5.4.2 Mixing time (hand-spatulated or hand-kneaded mixes).....	4
5.4.3 Consistency.....	5
5.4.4 Working time.....	5
5.4.5 Detail reproduction.....	5
5.4.6 Linear dimensional change.....	5
5.4.7 Compatibility with gypsum.....	5
5.4.8 Elastic recovery.....	5
5.4.9 Strain-in-compression.....	5
6 Pre-test planning approaches	6
6.1 Sampling.....	6
6.2 Pre-test product examinations.....	6
6.2.1 Examinations for compliance with labelling requirements.....	6
6.2.2 Examinations for effectiveness of the packaging.....	6
6.2.3 Examinations for compliance with requirements for instructions for use.....	6
6.3 Essential pre-test preparatory practices.....	7
6.3.1 Laboratory conditions.....	7
6.3.2 Apparatus function verification steps.....	7
6.3.3 Volume of materials to be mixed for each specimen.....	7
6.3.4 Order for conducting examinations and tests.....	7
6.3.5 Standardized approaches to proportioning, mixing, and handling of hand mixed materials to be tested.....	7
6.3.6 Timing for the specimen preparation and test procedures.....	7
6.3.7 Simulated oral time/temperature treatment of specimens formed in completely closed mould assemblies.....	7
6.4 Pass/fail determinations.....	8
6.5 Expression of test results.....	8
7 Test methods — Specific	8
7.1 Mixing-time.....	8
7.1.1 Apparatus.....	8
7.1.2 Specimen preparation and test procedure (five specimens).....	8
7.1.3 Pass/fail determination and expression of results.....	8
7.2 Consistency.....	8
7.2.1 Apparatus and materials.....	8
7.2.2 Advance preparation steps.....	9
7.2.3 Specimen preparation and test procedure (3 specimens).....	9
7.2.4 Pass/fail determination and expression of results.....	10

ISO 4823:2015(E)

7.3	Working-time	10
7.3.1	Apparatus and materials applicable to the Type 0 materials	10
7.3.2	Working time test for the Type 0 materials	10
7.3.3	Apparatus and materials applicable to the Types 1, 2, and 3	12
7.3.4	Pretest apparatus function verification and assembly	12
7.3.5	Pass/fail determination and expression of results	13
7.4	Detail reproduction	13
7.4.1	Apparatus and materials	13
7.4.2	Specimen preparation (three specimens)	14
7.4.3	Test procedure	14
7.4.4	Pass/fail determination and expression of results	14
7.5	Linear dimensional change	15
7.5.1	Apparatus and materials	15
7.5.2	Test block line-length measurement procedure	15
7.5.3	Specimen preparation (three specimens)	15
7.5.4	Test specimen measurement	16
7.6	Compatibility with gypsum	16
7.6.1	Apparatus and materials	16
7.6.2	Specimen preparation	17
7.6.3	Test procedure	18
7.6.4	Pass/fail determination and expression of results	18
7.7	Elastic recovery	18
7.7.1	Apparatus and materials	18
7.7.2	Specimen preparation	18
7.7.3	Test procedure	19
7.7.4	Calculation of results	19
7.7.5	Pass/fail determination and expression of results	19
7.8	Strain-in-compression	20
7.8.1	Apparatus	20
7.8.2	Specimen preparation	20
7.8.3	Test procedure	20
7.8.4	Calculation of results	20
7.8.5	Pass/fail determination and expression of results	20
Annex A (normative) Figures cited in this International Standard		21
Annex B (normative) Standardized hand mixing methods		35
Annex C (informative) Working-time test apparatus components – Possible sources		38
Bibliography		39

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#).

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 106, *Dentistry*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Prosthetic materials*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 4823:2000), which has been technically revised with the following changes:

- modification of the sequence of requirements having the requirements for packaging and labelling listed before the requirements for characteristics and properties;
- the restriction that the working time shall be at least 30 s longer than the mixing time was eliminated; this was considered necessary in view of the fact that several products have shorter working time;
- working time test procedure using the dead weight method (Sink-in method) for Type 0 materials which had been exempt from this requirement in the third edition was introduced (see [7.3.2](#));
- the current displacement Rheometer procedure stated in ISO 4823:2000 will continue to be used for testing Type 1, 2, and 3 materials without modifications;
- concerning the order in which some clauses are presented, whereas in later years, most dental product standards have been structured to have the requirements and test methods clauses appear before the requirements for labelling and instructions for use clauses, this International Standard gives first ordering to the labelling and instructions for use requirements. This change was thought to be necessary because experience informs us that test operators will be better equipped to obtain success in testing if they first take into account the information available in the labelling and in the instructions for use;
- [Clause 6](#) has been added for reasons explained in its first paragraph;
- concerning the Annexes
 - [Annex A](#) was created due to the ISO Central Secretariat suggestion that all figures, grouped together instead of being presented individually on related pages of the text, are to be presented in a normative Annex and numbered according to existing rules. This is to make it easier for the figures to be located by users of the document;

ISO 4823:2015(E)

- [Annex B](#) provides for standardized hand mixing methods to be used by test operators so that specimen preparation mixing of the test specimens will be uniform and consistently fairer to the various products;
- [Annex C](#) identifies sources for the working-time test apparatus and the linear variable displacement transducer (LVTD).

Dentistry — Elastomeric impression materials

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the requirements and tests that the state-of-the-art body of knowledge suggests for helping determine whether the elastomeric impression materials, as prepared for retail marketing, are of the quality needed for their intended purposes.

NOTE This International Standard does not address possible biological hazards associated with the materials. Therefore, interested parties are encouraged to explore ISO 7405 and ISO 10993 for assessment of such hazards.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1942, *Dentistry — Vocabulary*

ISO 6873, *Dentistry — Gypsum products*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 1942 and the following apply.

3.1

consistency

degree of firmness with which particles of a material, prepared for use, cohere so as to allow the material to flow, or resist flow, as required to achieve the purpose for which it is intended

3.2

elastic recovery test

DEPRECATED: compression set

DEPRECATED: permanent deformation

DEPRECATED: recovery from deformation

(elastomeric impression materials) method of determining whether the materials possess the elastic properties required to recover adequately after deformation occurring when the materials used for forming impressions are removed from the mouth

3.3

extrusion mixing

method by which two or more material components are extruded simultaneously from their separate primary containers through a special mixing tip from which the material components emerge as a homogeneous mixture

3.4

hand mixing

method of mixing the components of a material by means of manual kneading or spatulation

3.5

primary packaging

container designed to come into direct contact with the product

[SOURCE: ISO 21067:2007, 2.2.2, modified — “packaging” replaced by “container” in the definition.]

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