

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 13408-1:2015

Aseptic processing of health care products -Part 1: General requirements (ISO 13408-1:2008, including Amd 1:2013)

© CEN 2015 No copying without NSAI permission except as permitted by copyright law.

I.S. EN ISO 13408-1:2015

2015-07-02

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

The National Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI) produces the following categories of formal documents:

I.S. xxx: Irish Standard — national specification based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

S.R.~xxx: Standard~Recommendation-recommendation~based~on~the~consensus~of~an~expert~panel~and~subject~to~public~consultation.

SWiFT xxx: A rapidly developed recommendatory document based on the consensus of the participants of an NSAI workshop.

This document replaces/revises/consolidates the NSAI adoption of the document(s) indicated on the CEN/CENELEC cover/Foreword and the following National document(s):

NOTE: The date of any NSAI previous adoption may not match the date of its original CEN/CENELEC document.

This document is based on: Published:

EN ISO 13408-1:2015 2015-06-10

This document was published ICS number:

under the authority of the NSAI
and comes into effect on:
11.080.01

NOTE: If blank see CEN/CENELEC cover page

Údarás um Chaighdeáin Náisiúnta na hÉireann

NSAI T +353 1 807 3800 Sales:

 1 Swift Square,
 F +353 1 807 3838
 T +353 1 857 6730

 Northwood, Santry
 E standards@nsai.ie
 F +353 1 857 6729

 Dublin 9
 W NSAI.ie
 W standards.ie

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 13408-1

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

June 2015

ICS 11.080.01

Supersedes EN ISO 13408-1:2011

English Version

Aseptic processing of health care products - Part 1: General requirements (ISO 13408-1:2008, including Amd 1:2013)

Traitement aseptique des produits de santé - Partie 1: Exigences générales (ISO 13408-1:2008, y compris Amd 1:2013) Aseptische Herstellung von Produkten für die Gesundheitsfürsorge - Teil 1: Allgemeine Anforderungen (ISO 13408-1:2008, einschließlich Amd 1:2013)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 20 May 2015.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

EN ISO 13408-1:2015 (E)

Contents	Page
Foreword	2
Annex ZA (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 90/385/EEC on active implantable medical devices	4
Annex ZB (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 93/42/EEC on medical devices	5
Annex ZC (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 98/79/EC on <i>in vitro</i> diagnostic medical devices	6

EN ISO 13408-1:2015 (E)

Foreword

The text of ISO 13408-1:2008, including Amd 1:2013 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 198 "Sterilization of health care products" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 13408-1:2015 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 204 "Sterilization of medical devices" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 13408-1:2011.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directives.

For relationship with EU Directives, see informative Annexes ZA, ZB and ZC, which are integral parts of this document.

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For undated references, the edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) listed below applies. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. However, for any use of this standard within the meaning of Annex ZA, ZB or ZC, the user should always check that any referenced document has not been superseded and that its relevant contents can still be considered the generally acknowledged state-of-art.

When an IEC or ISO standard is referred to in the ISO standard text, this should be understood as a normative reference to the corresponding EN standard, if available, and otherwise to the dated version of the ISO or IEC standard as listed below.

NOTE The way in which these referenced documents are cited in normative requirements determines the extent (in whole or in part) to which they apply.

Table — Correlation between normative references and dated EN and ISO standards

Normative references	Equivalent dated standard		
as listed in Clause 2 of the ISO standard	EN	ISO	
ISO 9001	EN ISO 9001:2008	ISO 9001:2008	
ISO 11135	EN ISO 11135:2014	ISO 11135:2014	
ISO 11137-1	EN ISO 11137-1:2006 + A1:2013	ISO 11137-1:2006 + A1:2013	
ISO 11137-2	EN ISO 11137-2:2013	ISO 11137-2:2013	
ISO 13408-2	EN ISO 13408-2:2011	ISO 13408-2:2011	
ISO 13408-3	EN ISO 13408-3:2011	ISO 13408-3:2011	
ISO 13408-4	EN ISO 13408-4:2011	ISO 13408-4:2011	
ISO 13408-5	EN ISO 13408-5:2011	ISO 13408-5:2011	
ISO 13408-6	EN ISO 13408-6:2011 + A1:2013	ISO 13408-6:2011 + A1:2013	

EN ISO 13408-1:2015 (E)

Normative references	Equivalent dated standard		
as listed in Clause 2 of the ISO standard	EN	ISO	
ISO 13485	EN ISO 13485:2012	ISO 13485:2003	
ISO 14160	EN ISO 14160:2011	ISO 14160:2011	
ISO 14644-1	EN ISO 14644-1:1999	ISO 14644-1:1999	
ISO 14644-2	EN ISO 14644-2:2000	ISO 14644-2:2000	
ISO 14644-3	EN ISO 14644-3:2005	ISO 14644-3:2005	
ISO 14644-4	EN ISO 14644-4:2001	ISO 14644-4:2001	
ISO 14644-5	EN ISO 14644-5:2004	ISO 14644-5:2004	
ISO 14644-7	EN ISO 14644-7:2004	ISO 14644-7:2004	
ISO 14698-1	EN ISO 14698-1:2003	ISO 14698-1:2003	
ISO 14698-2	EN ISO 14698-2:2003 + A1:2006	ISO 14698-2:2003 + A1:2006	
ISO 14937	EN ISO 14937:2009	ISO 14937:2009	
ISO 14971	EN ISO 14971:2012	ISO 14971:2007	
ISO 17665-1	EN ISO 17665-1:2006	ISO 17665-1:2006	
ISO 20857	EN ISO 20857:2013	ISO 20857:2013	

Regarding the reference to ICH Q9: Guidance for Industry — Quality Risk Management, this should be considered to be the edition published in 2006.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 13408-1:2008, including Amd 1:2013 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 13408-1:2015 without any modification.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 13408-1

Second edition 2008-06-15

Aseptic processing of health care products —

Part 1: **General requirements**

Traitement aseptique des produits de santé — Partie 1: Exigences générales



PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2008

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents

Page

Forewo	ord	v
Introdu	ıction	. v
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	
4	Quality system elements	
4 4.1	General	
4.2	Assignment of responsibilities	
4.3	Calibration	7
5	Aseptic process definition	
5.1	General	
5.2	Risk management	
6	Manufacturing environment	
6.1 6.2	General Manufacturing environment design	
6.3	Layout	
6.4	Material and personnel flow	14
6.5	HVAC system	
6.6 6.7	Cleanroom qualificationUtility services and ancillary equipment	
6.8	Environmental and personnel monitoring programmes	
7	Equipment	
7.1	Qualification	
7.2	Maintenance of equipment	
8	Personnel	23
8.1	General	
8.2	Training for APA qualification	
8.3 8.4	Gowning procedures	
	Manufacture of the product	
9 9.1	Attainment and maintenance of sterility	
9.2	Duration of the manufacturing process	
9.3	Aseptic manufacturing procedures	
9.4	Cleaning and disinfection of facilities	
9.5	Cleaning, disinfection and sterilization of equipment	
10	Process simulation	
10.1 10.2	General Media selection and growth support	
10.3	Simulation procedures	
10.4	Incubation and inspection of media filled units	33
10.5	Initial performance qualification	
10.6 10.7	Periodic performance requalification	
10.7	Documentation of process simulations	
10.9	Disposition of filled product	
11	Test for sterility	37

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. I.S. EN ISO 13408-1:2015

ISO 13408-1:2008(E)

11.1	General		37
11.2	Investigation	of positive units from tests for sterility	37
Annex	A (informative)	Example of a flow chart	38
Annex	B (informative)	Typical elements of an aseptic process definition	39
Annex	C (informative)	Examples of specific risks	40
Annex	D (informative)	Comparison of classification of cleanrooms	41
Annex	E (informative)	Specification for water used in the process	42
Annex	F (informative)	Aseptic processing area	44
Biblioa	raphy		45

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 13408-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 198, Sterilization of health care products.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 13408-1:1998), which has been technically revised. Any normative and informative clauses on subjects which have meanwhile been addressed in Part 2 to Part 6 of ISO 13408 have been removed from this part.

ISO 13408 consists of the following parts, under the general title Aseptic processing of health care products:

- Part 1: General requirements
- Part 2: Filtration
- Part 3: Lyophilization
- Part 4: Clean-in-place technologies
- Part 5: Sterilization in place
- Part 6: Isolator systems

Introduction

Health care products that are labelled "sterile" are prepared using appropriate and validated methods under stringent control as part of a quality management system. For pharmaceuticals and medical devices there might be various requirements including compliance with ISO standards, GMP regulations and pharmacopoeial requirements.

Wherever possible, healthcare products intended to be sterile should be sterilized in their final sealed container (terminal sterilization). ISO/TC 198 has prepared standards for terminal sterilization of health care products by irradiation (series ISO 11137), by moist heat (ISO 17665-1), by dry heat (ISO 20857, in preparation) and by ethylene oxide (ISO 11135-1).

When a health care product is intended to be sterile and cannot be terminally sterilized, aseptic processing provides an alternative. Presterilization of product, product parts and/or components and all equipment coming into direct contact with the aseptically-processed product is required. Aseptic processing intends to maintain the sterility of the pre-sterilized components and products during assembling. The resulting product is required to be sterile in its final container. Aseptic processing can also be used to prevent contamination of biological product or biological systems (e.g. tissues, vaccines).

While terminal sterilization involves the control of a well-defined process of known lethality delivered to the product and a sterility assurance level (SAL) can be extrapolated from sterilization data, this is not applicable to aseptic processing.

Examples of applications in which aseptic processing are used include:

- aseptic handling and filling of solutions, suspensions, semisolids and powders;
- aseptic handling, transfer and packaging of solid products including solid medical devices;
- aseptic handling, transfer and packaging of combination products;
- aseptic handling of tissues or biological production systems.

Sterilization procedures which render components and/or parts sterile as a prerequisite for further aseptic processing can be treated as separate procedures. They have to be evaluated and validated separately and it is important that their risk of failure is minimal. The aseptic process definition encompasses all production steps following the sterilization of product and components until the final container or package is sealed. To keep the aseptic process definition clear and workable, this part of ISO 13408 is focused on the risks to the maintenance of sterility.

It is important to control all possible sources of contamination in order to maintain the sterility of each and every component. To achieve this, a risk-based aseptic process definition is established encompassing each product and applied in a comprehensive way considering product, package design, environment and manufacturing process designs. The product is processed in a controlled environment where microbial and particulate levels are maintained at defined minimal levels and where human intervention is minimized. Validated systems, adequately trained personnel, controlled environments and well-documented systematic processes are applied to assure a sterile finished product.

The aseptic process is divided into unit operations (e.g. sterilization of product or components including sterile filtration, assembly of components, handling and storage of sterilized product) and it is necessary that potential sources of contamination from materials, components, product, personnel, facility, equipment and utilities such as water systems be considered and minimized. Only if all risks of contamination have been recognised, wherever possible minimized, eliminated or controlled and finally have been evaluated as

acceptable, can the controls on the aseptic process be considered to be acceptable. Appropriate validation of the specified elements of the aseptic process is needed, of which process simulation studies are an essential.

This revision of ISO 13408-1:1998 is intended to adopt this International Standard to the actual state of technology in the field.

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. I.S. EN ISO 13408-1:2015

Aseptic processing of health care products —

Part 1:

General requirements

1 Scope

- **1.1** This part of ISO 13408 specifies the general requirements for, and offers guidance on, processes, programmes and procedures for development, validation and routine control of the manufacturing process for aseptically-processed health care products.
- **1.2** This part of ISO 13408 includes requirements and guidance relative to the overall topic of aseptic processing. Specific requirements and guidance on various specialized processes and methods related to filtration, lyophilization, clean-in place (CIP) technologies, sterilization in place (SIP) and isolator systems are given in other parts of ISO 13408.
- NOTE This part of ISO 13408 does not supersede or replace national regulatory requirements, such as Good Manufacturing Practices (GMPs) and/or pharmacopoeial requirements that pertain in particular national or regional jurisdictions.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

- ISO 9001, Quality management systems Requirements
- ISO 11135-1, Sterilization of health care products Ethylene oxide Part 1: Requirements for development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices
- ISO 11137-1, Sterilization of health care products Radiation Part 1: Requirements for development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices
- ISO 11137-2, Sterilization of health care products Radiation Part 2: Establishing the sterilization dose
- ISO 13408-2, Aseptic processing of health care products Part 2: Filtration
- ISO 13408-3, Aseptic processing of health care products Part 3: Lyophilization
- ISO 13408-4, Aseptic processing of health care products Part 4: Clean-in-place technologies
- ISO 13408-5, Aseptic processing of health care products Part 5: Sterilization in place
- ISO 13408-6, Aseptic processing of health care products Part 6: Isolator systems
- ISO 13485, Medical devices Quality management systems Requirements for regulatory purposes
- ISO 14160, Sterilization of single-use medical devices incorporating materials of animal origin Validation and routine control of sterilization by liquid chemical sterilants



Product Page

- Dooking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore
- Dearn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation