

Irish Standard I.S. EN 892:2012+A1:2016

Mountaineering equipment - Dynamic mountaineering ropes - Safety requirements and test methods

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb C}$  CEN 2016  $\hfill No copying without NSAI permission except as permitted by copyright law.$ 

#### I.S. EN 892:2012+A1:2016

Incorporating amendments/corrigenda/National Annexes issued since publication:

The National Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI) produces the following categories of formal documents:

I.S. xxx: Irish Standard – national specification based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

S.R. xxx: Standard Recommendation — recommendation based on the consensus of an expert panel and subject to public consultation.

SWIFT xxx: A rapidly developed recommendatory document based on the consensus of the participants of an NSAI workshop.

This document replaces/revises/consolidates the NSAI adoption of the document(s) indicated on the CEN/CENELEC cover/Foreword and the following National document(s):

NOTE: The date of any NSAI previous adoption may not match the date of its original CEN/CENELEC document.

This document is based on: EN 892:2012+A1:2016

Northwood, Santry

Dublin 9

Published: 2016-08-17

<i>This document was published</i> under the authority of the NSAI			ICS number:	
and comes into effect on:			97.220.40	
2016-09-03		NOTE: If b	lank see CEN/CENELEC cover page	
NSAI	T +353 1 807 3800		Sales:	
1 Swift Square,	F +353 1 807 3838		T +353 1 857 6730	

W NSAI.ie

ales: T +353 1 857 6730 F +353 1 857 6729 E standards@nsai.ie W standards.ie

Údarás um Chaighdeáin Náisiúnta na hÉireann

### National Foreword

I.S. EN 892:2012+A1:2016 is the adopted Irish version of the European Document EN 892:2012+A1:2016, Mountaineering equipment - Dynamic mountaineering ropes - Safety requirements and test methods

This document does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

#### Compliance with this document does not of itself confer immunity from legal obligations.

*In line with international standards practice the decimal point is shown as a comma (,) throughout this document.* 

This is a free page sample. Access the full version online.

This page is intentionally left blank

# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

# EN 892:2012+A1

# **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

August 2016

ICS 97.220.40

Supersedes EN 892:2012

**English Version** 

## Mountaineering equipment - Dynamic mountaineering ropes - Safety requirements and test methods

Équipement d'alpinisme et d'escalade - Cordes dynamiques - Exigences de sécurité et méthodes d'essai Bergsteigerausrüstung - Dynamische Bergseile -Sicherheitstechnische Anforderungen und Prüfverfahren

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 July 2012 and includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 9 June 2016.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels** 

## This is a free page sample. Access the full version online. I.S. EN 892:2012+A1:2016

### EN 892:2012+A1:2016 (E)

## Contents

Europ	ean foreword	3
Introd	luction	4
1	Scope	5
2	Normative references	5
3	Terms and definitions	5
4	Safety requirements	7
5	Test methods	9
6	Marking	24
7	Information to be supplied by the manufacturer	25
Annex	A (informative) Standards on mountaineering equipment	26
Annex	z ZA (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 89/686/EEC Personal Protective Equipment	27

## **European foreword**

This document (EN 892:2012+A1:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 136 "Sports, playground and other recreational facilities and equipment", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2017, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2017.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 2016-06-09.

This document supersedes  $A_1$  EN 892:2012  $A_1$ .

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags  $A_1$   $A_1$ .

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

The main changes compared to EN 892:2004 are:

- a) editorial changes;
- b) conditioning climate in 5.2 was changed;
- c) dimension of the remaining tape for preparation of the sheath slippage test in 5.4.2 was changed;
- d) allowed slippage of the rope in the drop test in 5.6.3.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

## Introduction

The text is based on UIAA-Standard B (International Mountaineering and Climbing federation), which has been prepared with international participation.

This standard is one of a package of standards for mountaineering equipment, see Annex A.

## 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies safety requirements and test methods for dynamic ropes (single, half and twin ropes) in kernmantel construction for use in mountaineering including climbing.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN ISO 6508-1, Metallic materials — Rockwell hardness test — Part 1: Test method (scales A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K, N, T) (ISO 6508-1)

ISO 6487, Road vehicles — Measurement techniques in impact tests — Instrumentation

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

### 3.1

### dynamic mountaineering rope

rope, which is capable, when used as a component in the safety chain, of arresting the free fall of a person engaged in mountaineering or climbing with a limited peak force

### 3.2

### single rope

dynamic mountaineering rope, capable of being used singly, as a link in the safety chain, to arrest a leader's fall

### 3.3

### half rope

dynamic mountaineering rope, which is capable, when used in pairs, as a link in the safety chain to arrest the leader's fall

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

### 3.4

#### twin rope

dynamic mountaineering rope, which is capable, when used in pairs and parallel, as a link in the safety chain to arrest a leader's fall

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 2.



This is a free preview. Purchase the entire publication at the link below:

**Product Page** 

S Looking for additional Standards? Visit Intertek Inform Infostore

> Learn about LexConnect, All Jurisdictions, Standards referenced in Australian legislation